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ENGLISH EXPRESS Beginner Workbook







Practical topics For adult learners Australian content Online videos











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English Express Beginner Workbook

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About this Book

The Students: Adult Learners of English

The book has been designed for adult learners of English. It covers topics suitable for adults, such as House Hunting and Health. It is intended to be used by people who would like to learn English for everyday interactions.

English Level: Beginner

The level of this book is categorised as beginner. The definition of a beginner may vary in different contexts. Some things that a beginner student may be able to do include: read letters of the alphabet, say numbers up to ten, greet people, say their name and fill in a very basic form. A beginner is one level up from a pre-beginner, who might still be learning letters of the alphabet, numbers and basic phonics.

With reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR), this book aligns to level A1.

With reference to the Australian Core Skills Framework (ACSF), this book may be suitable for students at Pre-level 1B, and to a limited extent, Level 1.

The Context: Australian

The book was developed in Australia and uses the language and conventions of Australia (e.g. spelling, metric system, dollars and cents). If you are not in Australia, the lessons may still be valuable to your students. The trial materials have been used in the UK, USA and Canada and have been enjoyed by students in these countries. The Answer Key and Guide section of the book provides some notes on relevant Australian language and conventions. You can discuss these with your students.

Structure of the Book

There are nine chapters, each with 16 tasks. The first chapter is called Basic Skills, which covers a range of skills and knowledge including letters, numbers, introducing oneself, asking questions and reading signs. The next eight chapters are topic-based. The tasks cover a range of skills and knowledge relating to everyday life. At the end of the book, there is an Answer Key and Guide.

Using the Book

You may be teaching a course that already has a main textbook. In this case, the English Express Beginner Workbook can be used as a supplementary resource. You can easily incorporate either an entire chapter, or individual tasks, into your syllabus.

Teaching Approaches

These are some of the ideas about teaching beginners that have informed the design of the book:

- Ensure the topics are relevant to students' lives.
- Use images to help students understand the meaning.
- Present language as full texts and full dialogues, not only as isolated words and sentences.
- Model the language before asking students to produce it.
- Build the students' confidence step-by-step. Avoid having too many processes in one activity, which may lead to cognitive overload.
- Keep the instructions as simple as possible. And whenever possible, show rather than tell.
- Repetition over time improves memory recall.

What about Grammar?

The book does not contain explicit grammar lessons or explanations. The aim of the book is to improve students' ability to understand and communicate in English, without worrying too much about accuracy. However, a lot of exercises in the book model sentence structures and ask students to imitate them. The reason for not including grammar explanations and drills is because there are already so many excellent grammar resources out there, including books and online materials. Many teachers already have their favourite grammar resource, which could easily be used in conjunction with this eBook.

Videos

The videos are an important component of this resource, particularly for the listening tasks. For your convenience, the videos can be streamed online. There are no additional charges to access the online videos. To stream these videos, internet access is required. The online videos are hosted on streaming platforms (e.g. YouTube) which may not be available in some countries. If you have any problems accessing the videos, you can contact the author for advice.

This is the link to the online videos. This web page should only be accessed by the licensee of this eBook and their own current students: **englishexpress.com.au/bwvideos** (Password available in the licenced version of the eBook.)

Printing and Sharing

Hard-copy printing: You can print hard-copies of lessons for your own students. The lessons can be printed in either colour or greyscale. The content is not dependent on colour, so greyscale printing can be used to save on printing costs.

PDF printing: You can distribute PDF versions of lessons for your own students. You can distribute lessons via a secure, private method (e.g. email, student portal, secure link), but not on a public website or on social media. You may prefer to select a limited range of pages to save/print to PDF, rather than sharing the entire book all at once. (Instructions: 1. Open the eBook. 2. Go to 'print'. 3. Select 'save as PDF'. 4. Select the page range you want to save. 5. Give the new file a name and select the location where you want to save it. 6. Send it to your students via email or other method. Note: These instructions may vary slightly depending on the PDF viewer you are using.)

Screen sharing: Using your teleconferencing app, you can display the lessons on screen for your own students. With most apps, both you and your students should be able write and draw directly on the screen. You might also be able to save a copy of the screen.

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About the Author

I started out teaching English to migrants in the Language, Literacy and Numeracy Program (LLNP) and its successor, the Skills for Education and Employment Program (SEE Program). Since then, I have mostly worked as an instructional designer, developing assessment tools, learning materials and eLearning modules for a variety of courses, including English language/literacy, Foundation Skills and vocational courses. I have also worked as a director of studies in the ELICOS industry (English Language Intensive Courses for Overseas Students) where I developed new programs for specific markets, such as English courses for healthcare workers. Most recently, I have developed the website **englishexpress.com.au**, where I hope to publish more eBooks, animated videos, and other resources for learners and teachers of English.

Lesson Summaries

There are nine chapters in this book: a Basic Skills chapter and eight topic-based chapters. The chapters can be studied in any order.

Basic Skills

Skills and Knowledge					
 Alphabet (upper and lower case) Names (and asking for the spelling) Introductions Numbers 0 to 9 (and phone numbers) Numbers 10 to 100 (and prices) Numbers 20 to 99 (and age) Time (o'clock, quarter past, half past, quarter to) 	 Months of the year (and seasons) Calendar (and dates) Years (and date of birth) Personal information (and filling in a form) Signs Things in the classroom Instructions (including classroom instructions) 				
 Days of the week 	 Questions (basic conversation questions) 				

Going to Class

Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking		
 School activities (e.g. practise reading, have lunch) School facilities (e.g. classroom, library, tea room) 	 A new student asking about a class timetable A receptionist helping a new student fill in a form Meeting your new teacher 	 Asking about your class timetable Meeting your new teacher 		
Reading	Writing	Numeracy		
 Class timetable School floor plan Enrolment letter from the school 	 Filling in a school enrolment form Constructing questions about personal information 	 Time (o'clock, a quarter past, half past, a quarter to, AM, PM) Dates Identifying symbols and describing location (floor plan) 		

Around Town

Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking
 Places around town (e.g. school, bank, market) Things you can and can't do in the library (e.g. read books) 	 Asking for directions Calling the library for information 	 Asking for directions
Reading	Writing	Numeracy
 Weekly planner Street map Information brochures of local businesses Library rules Text message to arrange a social meeting 	 Text message to arrange a social meeting 	 Identifying symbols (street map) Describing location (street map) Giving directions (street map) Phone numbers

At the Café

Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking
 Food and drinks from the café (e.g. hamburger, donut, coffee) 	 Prices of food and drinks Ordering food and drinks at the café 	 Asking for the prices of food and drinks Ordering food and drinks at the café
Reading	Writing	Numeracy
 Café menu Street map Text message to invite someone to lunch Receipt 	 Writing the prices of food and drinks Text message to invite someone to lunch 	 Prices (dollars and cents) Describing location (street map) Giving directions (street map)

House Hunting

Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking	
 Features of a home (e.g. living room, kitchen, bathroom) Furniture and appliances (e.g. bed, sofa, washing machine) 	 Description of someone's home Enquiring about a rental property 	 Asking questions about a property Enquiring about a rental property 	
Reading	Writing	Numeracy	
 Description of someone's home Rental advertisement Floor plan of a house 	 Describing a property 	 Date and time Rental prices (dollars into the hundreds) 	

At the Market

Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking	
 Categories of food (fruit, vegetables, meat, seafood) Food from the market (e.g. apples, carrots, chicken) 	 Prices of food from the market Buying food from the market Supermarket specials announcement 	 Asking for the prices of food Buying food from the market 	
Reading	Writing	Numeracy	
Market catalogueStreet mapReceipt	 Writing the prices of food 	 Prices and units of measurement (e.g. \$2.00/kg) Describing location (street map) Giving directions (street map) 	

Appointments

Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking
 Types of appointments (e.g. see the dentist) Social activities (e.g. go to the movies) 	 Listening to someone's schedule for the week Making an appointment over the phone 	 Asking questions about someone's schedule Making an appointment over the phone
Reading	Writing	Numeracy
 Medical centre brochure Appointment cards Calendar with appointments Text message to arrange a social activity 	 Text message to arrange a social activity Replying to a friend's invitation via text message 	 Days of the week Date Time

Health

Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking		
 Symptoms (e.g. cough, headache, fever) Parts of the body (e.g. head, stomach, back) 	 Talking to the medical receptionist A consultation with the doctor Buying medicine from the chemist 	 Talking about symptoms Talking to the medical receptionist A consultation with the doctor 		
Reading	Writing	Numeracy		
 Text message to request sick leave Medicine instructions 	 Filling in a new patient registration form Text message to request leave from school or work 	 Age Height (centimetres) Weight (kilograms) 		

Transport

Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking
 Types of transport (e.g. bus, train, car) Places around the city (e.g. beach, airport, museum) 	 Talking about how you get to school Listening to someone's holiday plans Asking about local transport 	 Talking about how you get to school Asking about local transport
Reading	Writing	Numeracy
 Bus timetable Train timetable phone app Train rules 	 Safe cycling tips 	 Time duration (minutes and hours)



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BASIC SKILLS: TASK 1

Alphabet

PART A: ^O Watch the video: *Letters of the alphabet*

Write the upper case letters.



Δ

a

a	b	С	d	e	f	g	h	I	j	k		m
)				
n	0	р	q	r	S	t	u	V	W	X	У	Z
								K				

Write the lower case letters.



PART B: • Watch the video: Listen to the let.ers

Listen and write the etters.

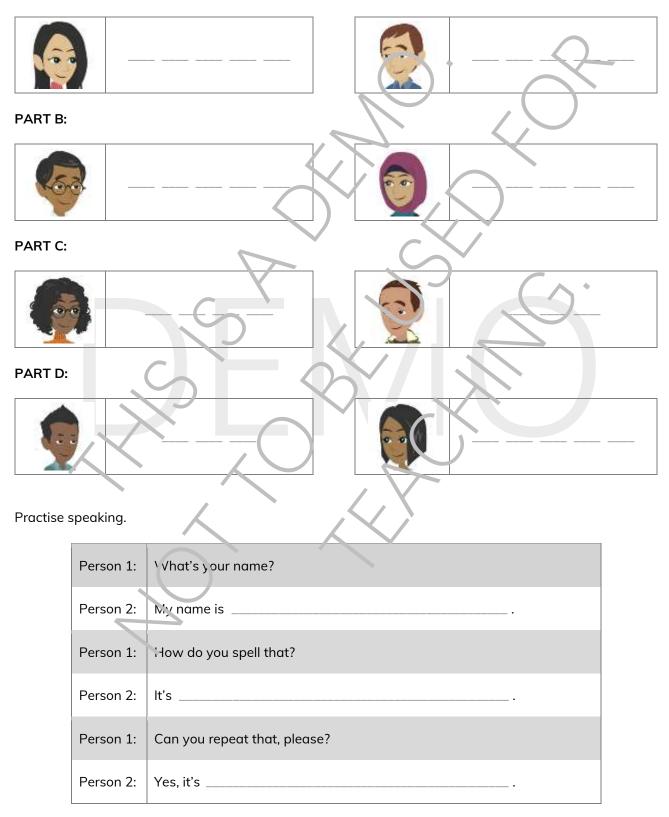
UPPER CASE

lower case

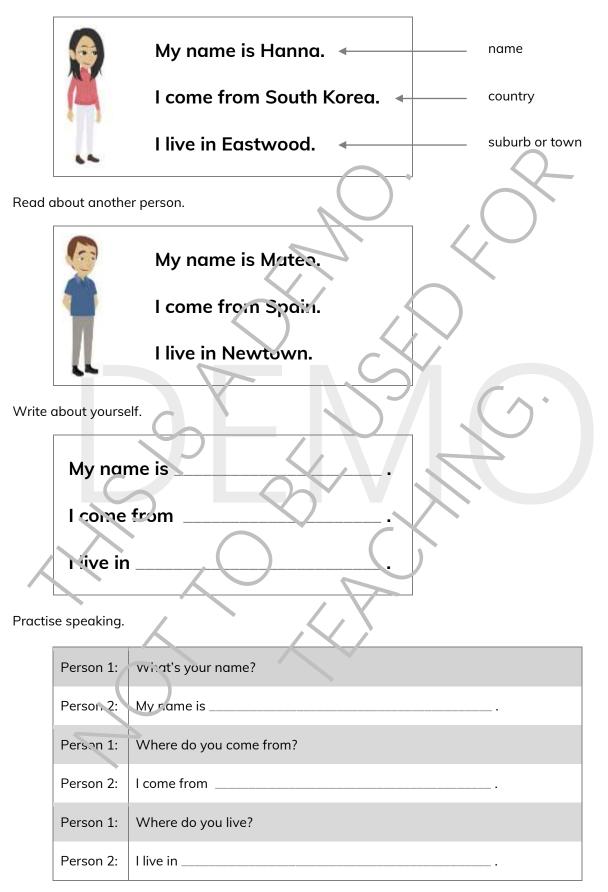
Watch the videos: What's your name?

Write each person's name.

PART A:



Read about this person.



Watch the video: Introductions

two _____ nine _____ eight _____ four • Watch the videos: What's your phone number? Write the phone numbers. PART A: Tim Tim PART B:

Practise speaking.

Beth

Matr.o

Person 1:	What's your phone number?
Person 2:	My phone number is
Person 1:	Can you repeat that, please?
Person 2:	Yes, it's

0

Write the numbers.

Watch the video: *Numbers 0 to 9*

1

seven ____

2

three

3

4

one

5



9

8

7

six

O/zero _

6

five

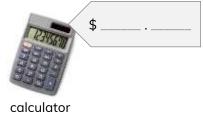


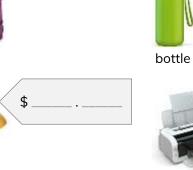
bag

lamp

PART A:	🗘 Watch	the video:	Numbers	10 to 19					
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Write the numbers.									
thirteen		ten		sixteen		fourteen		eigi teen _	
seventeen		nineteen _		eleven	\bigcirc	fifteen		twelve	
PART B: Watch the video: <i>Numbers: 1(s</i>									
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
Write the thirty		·	X	ninety forty	· / ·	ten one hundre	ed	fifty e ghty	
PART C: V		prices.		δ	fifteen do	ollars nine	y \$		
eighteen o	lol ^j ars hity	\$				dollars for			
eleven d'ol	lars	\$)	r mety do	ollars	\$		_
PART D:	🗘 Watch	the viaco:	How muc	h is n?					
Listen to t	the prices.	Write the p	orices.	\$	•	_		\$	

book





printer

\$

15

BASIC SKILLS: TASK 6

PART A:	Watch the video: <i>Numbers 20 to 99</i>
---------	--

20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	,76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Write the I	numbers.		4	$\langle \rangle$					
eighty-sev	en	fifty-nine _		thirty-six _		seventy-tv	vo	twenty-eig	iht
ninety-thre	ninety-three twenty-one forty-five ninety-nine sixty-four								
PART B: • Watch the video: <i>How old are you?</i>									
Listen and write each person's age.									
How old a	re yo'ı?			\sim					
5									
Tim		m	years of	d.	- Fu	rah	l'm	year	s old.
					X	7			
Hanna	50 J	m	years ol	d.	Fre	ank	l'm	year	s old.
Hanna Frank									
Mateo		m	years ol	d.	AI	ina	l'm	year	s old.

Watch the video: *What's the time?*

PART A: o'clock. Tick 1 each.

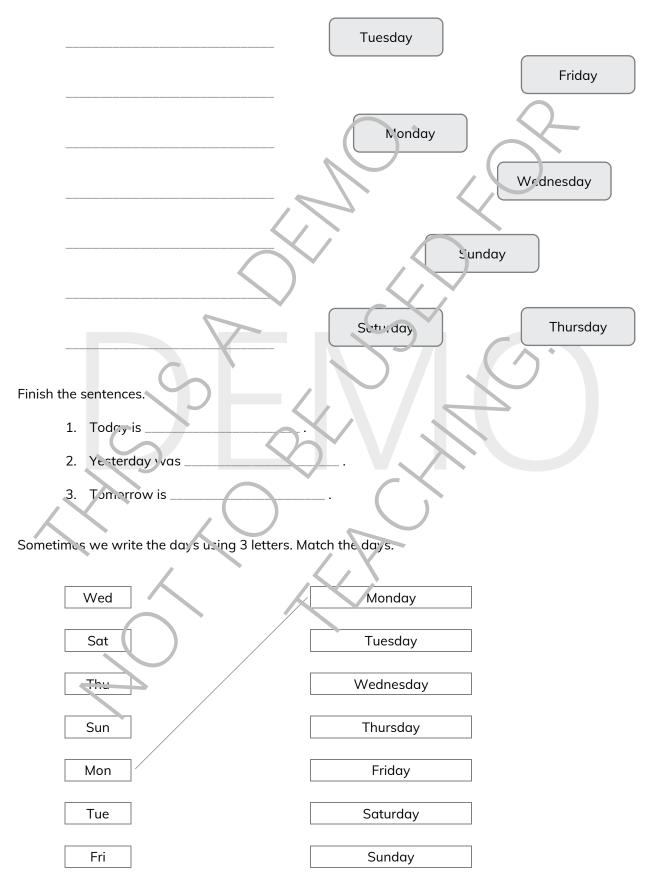
	□ ten o'clock	twelve o'clock							
	□ four o'clock	eight o'clock							
10:00	seven o'clock	8:00 🛛 five o'clock							
	□ six o'clock	seven c'clock							
	🗆 ten o'clock	🗆 six o'clock							
2:00	🗆 two o'clock	7:00 🗆 three o'clock							
PART B: a qua	arter past / fifteen. Tick 2 each.								
	□ a quarter past five	a quarter to eleven							
	five fifty	a quarter past eleven							
5:15	five fifteen	11.15 🛛 eleven fifteen							
1. b 7.	□ half past one	a awarter past six							
(∠)	a quarter past one	six fifteen							
1:15	□ one ^{(iff} cen	6:15 🗆 six iift,							
PART C: half ı	PART C: half past / thirty. Fick 2 each.								
	half past three	half past ten							
	다. three thirty	half past nine							
3.30	three thirteen	9:30							
Can the second	□ half past five	half past twelve							
	half rast four	twelve thirty							
4:30	🗆 four thirty	12:30							
PART D: a que	arter to / foity-five. Tick 2 each.								
	🗅 a quarter to one	a quarter to seven							
	a quarter to two	six fifteen							
1:45	one forty-five	6:45 🗆 six forty-five							
	a quarter to five	a quarter to eleven							
$\left(\neg \right)$	□ four forty-five	a quarter to ten							
4:45	□ five forty-five	10:45 🛛 ten forty-five							
4.45									

Watch the video: *Asking for the time.* Listen and write the times. Write AM or PM.

5:00 PM

Watch the video: *Days of the week*

Write the days of the week in order.



BASIC SKILLS: TASK 9

Watch the video: *Months of the year*

April	September	January	July	May	October
March	November	August	February	December	June
Write the month	is in order.			\bigcirc	
1			()		
			8.		
-			9	X	
4		$\overline{\boldsymbol{\mathbf{X}}}$	10.		
5		$\langle \rangle$	11.	$\overline{}$	
6	~		12.		
0	V			(\land)	
- inish the senter	nces.		\bigcirc	0	
1. This	month is				
2. Last	ຫວກນ່າ was				
3. Next	month is				
	,(
Watch the vie	deo: <i>Seasor.s</i>	Ú,	\bigtriangledown		
Answer the ques	stions about seasor	ns.			
	Which months	are in summer?		Which months	are in autumn?
NULL	win in months		. rth.	Which months	
AE			R B		
			40		
	Which months	are in winter?		Which months	are in sprina?
NYK.	\		500		
ATT			XX XX		
*	<u> </u>		d.		

19

Look at the calendar.

		Jc	anuai	ry					Fe	brua	ry					٨	Лarcl	า						April			
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
				1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7				1	2	3	4
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
25	26	27	28	29	30	31								29	50	21	•				26	27	2٤,	29	30		
																							\leq				
			May							June	_					_/	July							ugus	_		
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed		Fri		Sun	∩רוֹא	ີ່ງທະ	∵ved	Thu	Fri	-	Sun	Mon	Tue	Ved	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
					1	2		1	2	3	4	5	6				1	2	3	4							1
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	7	8	9	10	11	12	12	5	6	7	8	9	10		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	12	13	14	15	16	17	12	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	28	29	30				\checkmark	26	27	28	29	30	31		23	24 31	25	26	27	28	29
31 30 31 September Octuber November December																											
Man	Tue	Wed		Fri	Cat	Cum	Man	Tue				. aut	Curr	Man	Tue	Weu			Cat	Cum	Man	Tue			Fri	Sat	Cum
WOIT	Tue	1	2	3	3ut 4	5 5	NION	Tue	weu	mu	1	2 2	3 3		2	3	<u>4</u>	רוו ד	5ut 6	3un 7	NION	Tue	1	2	3	3ut 4	5 5
6	7	1	2	3 10	4	5 12	4	5	6	-7	8	2	3 10	1 8	2	5 10	4	12	6 13	7 14	6	7	1	2 9	5 10	4 11	5 12
13	, 14	15	9 16	17	18	12	11	12	13	14	15	9 16	10	15	-9 16	17	13	12	20	21	13	, 14	15	9 16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	18	19	. J 2L	21	22	23	24	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30				25	26	27	28	29	30	31	29)					27	28	29	30	31	20	
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								7				7		,			T										
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\leq																											
	Jui	ne 1	2		0	ctok	ber 3	30		Au	gr.s	t 17			Janı	ary	8			Apri	129		N	love	emb	er 1	0
L																											

PART B:

(Circle) these dates on the calendar.

23/9	14/5	16/2	23/12	12/7	18/3	
PART C:	\bigcirc					

What day of the week is it?

November 3 is a <u>Wednesday</u> .	March 15 is a
January 12 is a	August 21 is a
July 18 is a	June 24 is a
February 5 is a	December 29 is a

PART D:

What's the date today? _____

PART A:

Watch the video: Years

2015	1996	2021	2000	2025	1972	1984	2009				
		twenty twe	enty-five	\frown		×	7				
		twenty twe	twenty twenty-one								
		twenty fifteen OR two thousand and fifteen									
		two thousand and nine									
		two thousand									
nineteen ninety-six											
nir etgen eighty-four											
		ninet. en se	eventy-two			1.					
ART B:											
ay the years	s.		\sim								
2030		022	2019	2003	10	94	1985				
			2011	200.		54	1505				
ART C.))						
Watch the	video: Wha	ot's יחריק our date	of birth?								
sten and w	rite the year.	5.									
	Mu⁺eo	Da	te of birth:	7/04/							
_											
	Date of birth: 17 / 12 /										
	Hanna	Da	te of birth: 1	// ⊥∠/							
	Hanna	Da	te of birth: 1	., , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							

Alina

Watch the video: *Filling in a form*

Fill in the form with your information.

	FORM
	Given name: Family name:
	Date of birth:// Country of origin:
	Address:
	Postcode: State:
	Home phone: Mobile phone:
sk	and answer the questions.
	What's your given name?
	What's you' family name?
	What's your date of birth?
	What's your country of origin?
	What's your ac dress?
	What's your postcode?
	What's your state?
	What's your home phone number?

family name = surname = last name

Watch the video: Signs

Can you read the signs?



Watch the video: Things in the classroom

Match the words with the pictures.



Practise saying the words.

- Ask questions.
 - Is there a _____ in the room?

Yes. / No.



Look at the instruction words.

student	student student	student	student 🗸				
write	сору	underline	tick				
student	student	Stu dent	student 🔒				
circle	cross out	trace	match				
Follow the instructions.	\bigcirc						
1. Write your name.	Je'.	2. Copy the word. Australia 4. Tick the correct word.					
	blue car.] book] pen				
5. Circle the word 'red'.		6 Cross out the word 'sm	nall'.				
The appl	'e is red.	Australia is small big.					
7. Trace the word.		8. Match the words with	the pictures.				
com	outer	book 🖉 pen 😤 bag 🔤					

BASIC SKILLS: TASK 16

Practise these questions every day.



		25.25
1.	What day is it today?	
	Today is	
	Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday	\frown
2.	What's the date?	
	It's	
3.	What's the time?	
	(•) It's	
4.	How's the weather today?	
	It's today hot old sunny rainy cloudy windy	
5.	What did you have for breakfast?	
	l had for brea'cfast.	
	bread cggc cereal porridge coffee	
6.	How do you feel?	
	l feel	
	interview in the second	

Going to Class

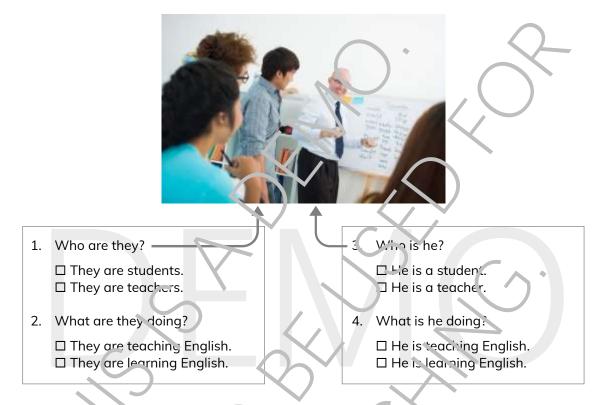


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GOING TO CLASS: TASK 1

Introduction

PART A: Look at the picture. Answer the questions.



PART B: Look at the pictures. What are they doing?



What do you do every day?

Watch the video: *Vocabulary*

Match the words with the pictures.

practise writing	have lunch	start class
finish class	use the computer	practise listening
practise reading	practise speaking	have a tea break

Say the words.

Ask questions.

Question	Answer
Do you practise writing every day?	Yes, I do.
	No, I don't.

PART A: Read the class timetable.

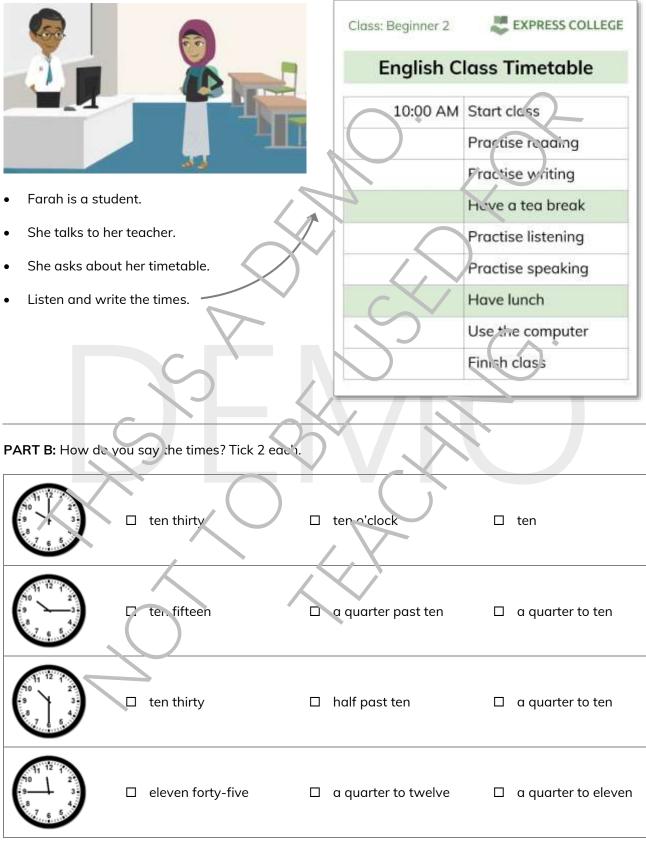
Class: Beginner 1	SEXPRESS COLLEGE	1. What time do they start class?	□ 9:00 AM □ 9:30 AM
English C	lass Timetable	2. What time do they practise writing?	□ 9:15 AM □ 10:00 AM
9:00 AM	Start class		\wedge
9:15 AM	Practise reading	3. What time do they have lunch?	L 12.30 PM
10:00 AM	Practise writing		디 1:30 PM
10:30 AM	Have a tea break	4. What time do they finish class?	□ 3.00 PM
11:00 AM	Practise listening		급 3:30 PM
11:45 AM	Practise speaking	5. What in they do at 10:30 AM?	□ practise reading
Microsofter.	Have lunch		□ have a tea break
	Use the computer	6. V/hat do they do at 11:45 AM?	□ practise listening
20135552276	1		□ practise speaking
3:00 PM	Finish class	7. What do they do at 1:30 PM?	□ use the computer □ practise writing

PART B: Match the times with the activities.



GOING TO CLASS: TASK 4

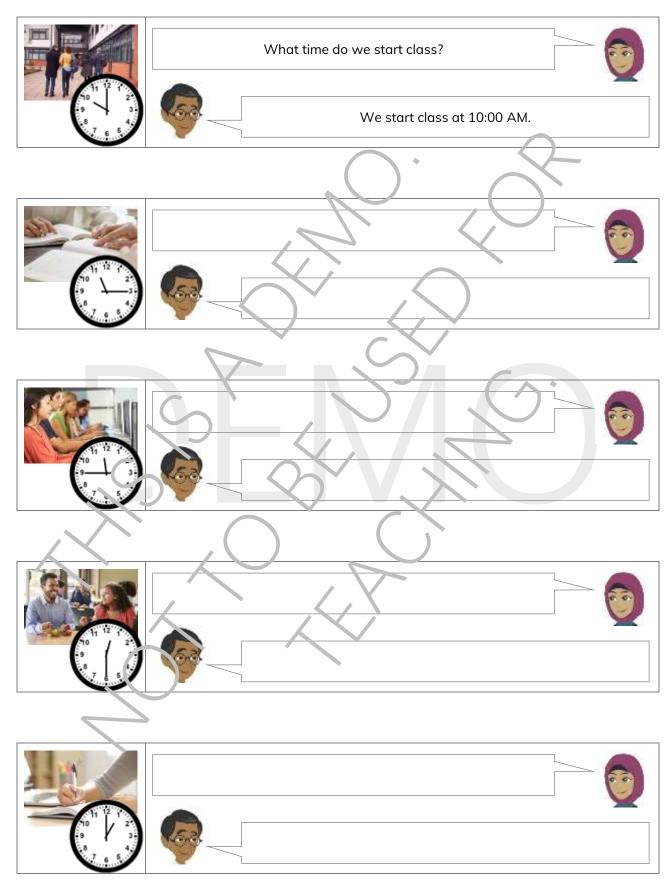
PART A: ^O Watch the video: *English class timetable*



Say the times.

GOING TO CLASS: TASK 5

Practise asking and answering.



Watch the video: A new student

Hanna is a new student. She talks to the receptionist. She asks questions about her class.

Listen and answer the questions.

- 1. What days does she come to class? (Tick 3) □ Monday □ Tuesday Wednesday □ Thursday □ Friday 2. What time does she start class? □ 9:00 □ 9:30 3. What time does she have lunch? □ 12:00 □ 12:30
- 4. What time does she finish class?
 - □ 3:00 🥄
 - □ 3:30

GOING TO CLASS: TASK 7

Reading and speaking

- Read it aloud.
- Hanna is a new student.
- She talks to the receptionist.
- She asks questions about her class.







GOING TO CLASS: TASK 8

Practise speaking.

- Person 1: You are the receptionist.
- Person 2: You are a new student. Ask questions about your class.



Practise speaking.

- Person 1: You are the receptionist.
- Person 2: You are a new student. Ask questions about your class.

	Class: Beginner 1	SERVERS COLLEGE
	English	Class Timetable
	9:00 AI	A Start class
	9:15 AI	/ Practise reading
	10:00 AI	A Prectise writing
	10:30 4	A Have a tea break
	11.00 AI	Practise listening
	11:45 Al	A Practise speaking
	12:30 PI	A Have lunch
	1:30 PI	I Use the compute
	3:00 PI	/ Finish class
Receptionist:	Hi. How can I help you?	
Student:	Hi. I'm a new student.	
Receptionist:	What's your name?) $\langle \rangle$
Student:	My name is	
Receptionist:	Ні	You stan your Eng
Student:	OK. What days do I come to a	lass?

Receptionist: You come to class every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Student:	What time do I	_ ?
Receptionist.	You at	
Student:	vvhat time do I	_ ?
Receptionist:	You at	
Student:	What time do I	_ ?
Receptionist:	You at	
Student:	OK. Thanks for your help.	
Receptionist:	No problem. Have a nice day.	

Watch the video: School facilities

Tick the correct words.

□ classroom □ library □ tea room	 □ lift □ toilot □ reception clesk 	 Incrary office computer room
 tea room toilet 	 lift reception desk 	Classroom Ci classroom Ci office
exit		리 tea room
□ toilet □ exit □ lift	□ tea room □ classroom □ exit	□ computer room□ lift□ library

Say the words.

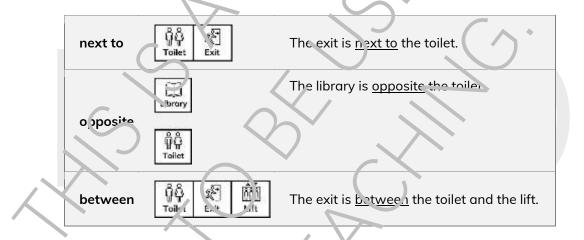
Ask questions about your school.

Question	Answer
Do we have a <u>library</u> ?	Yes, we do.
	No, we don't.

Look at the floor plan of the school.

Computer Ro	om Tea Room	ea Room Library		ရှိင်္ဂညို Office	
2 2			Pècenti	on Desk	
<u>පිරිසිසි</u> Classroom 1	Classroom ?	ÖÖ Toilet	چک Exit	<u>ÅÅÅÅ</u> Lift	

Read about prepositions.



Answer the questions count the school. Use these words: next to opposite between 1. Where is the office? The office is _____ the library. 2. Where is the tea room? The tea room is _____ classroom 2. The library is ______ the tea room and the office. 3. Where is the library? The computer room is ______ the tea room. 4. Where is the computer room? 5. Where is the reception desk? The reception desk is ______ the office. The toilet is _____ Classroom 2 and the exit. 6. Where is the toilet?

GOING TO CLASS: TASK 12	Filling in a form
• Watch the video: <i>Filling in a form</i> PART A: Alina is a new student at school. Help her fill in the form.	0
EXPRESS COLLEGE	
English Course Enrolment Form Given name:	Δ
Date of birth:// Country of origin:	
Address: Suburb:	
Postcode: State:	
Home phone: Mobile phone English Level: D-Beginner D Level 1 D Level 2 D Level 3	
PART B: Write the quest ons. Example: given name your 'What's ? What's your given	n name?
1. your What's family nume ?	
2. spell you that please Can ?	
3. What's date of birth your ?	
4. come you do Where from ?	
5. address What's your ?	
6. mobile phone What's number your ?	
7. you repeat Can please that ?	

Alina reads a letter from her new school. Answer the questions.

	 What is the name of the course? Classroom 2 English for Beginners When does she start the course? March 24 December 17
EXPRESS COLLEGE 6 Bay St Riverside NSW 2690 Dear Alina Sharma, Thank you for enrolling in Express College. Here is the information about your new course: Course name: English for Beginners	 3. Circle the start date on the calendar. Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 4. When does sup finish the course? March 24 December 17
Room: Classroom 2 Start date: March 24 Finish date: December 1: Your timetable: Mon	5 Crife the finish date on the calendar. DECEMBER Mr n Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
No class No class Stop PM Stop PM Stop PM No class No class to to 1:30 PM 8:30 PM 8:30 PM We look forward to seeing you on March 24. Kind regards, Express College	 6. What days does she go to class? (Tick 3) Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday
	 7. What time does she start class? □ 5:00 PM □ 5:30 PM

- 8. What time does she finish class?
 - □ 8:30 PM
 - □ 8:45 PM

Watch the video: First day of class

Today is Alina's first day of class. She meets her teacher.

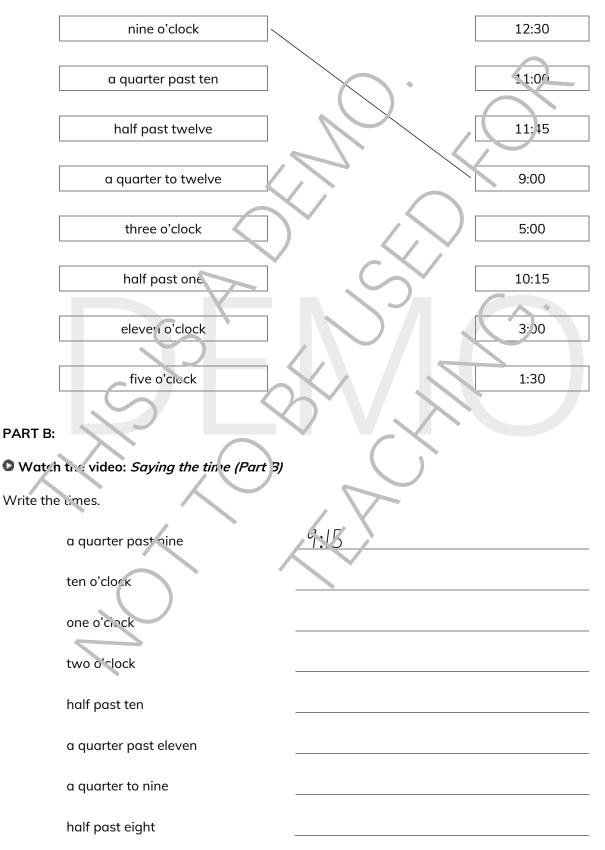
Write the sentences in the correct p	place.	
Nice to meet you, too.	Ny name is Alina.	Thank you.
Hi. I'm a new studer	nt.	I come from Nepal.
Please come in.		
Hi. My name is Frank. I'm	n your teacher. What's your nan	ne?
	\bigcirc	
Nice to meet you.		
Where do you come from	n?	
That's great. Please have	e a seat.	

Read it aloud.

PART A:

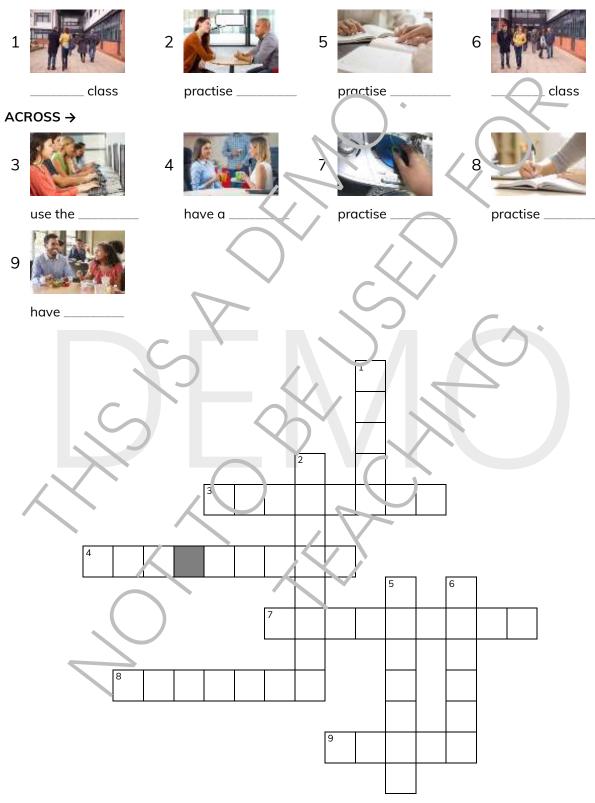
Watch the video: *Saying the time (Part A)*

Match the times.



Review crossword





Around Town



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AROUND TOWN: TASK 1

Introduction

PART A: Look at the picture. Answer the questions.



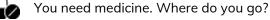
PART B: Look at the pictures. What are these places?





You need a book. Where do you go?





You want coffee. Where do you go?



You want to play football. Where do you go?

Solution Watch the video: *Vocabulary*

Match the words with the pictures.

café	bank	chemist	car park
post office	park	school	police station
medical centre	restaurant	library	market



Say the words.

Ask questions.

Question	Answer	
Do you go to the <u>library</u> every week?	Yes, I do.	
	No, I don't.	

Note: We usually say <u>school</u>, not <u>the school</u>. Note: chemist = pharmacy

	Weekly Planner	This is Beth. She weekly planner.
Monday	9:00AM Go to school. 3:00PM Go to the library.	Read it and questions.
Tuesday	9:00AM Go to school.	0
Wednesday	9:00AM Go to school.	
Thursday	9:30AM Go to the past office.	
Friday	11:30AM Go to the medical cent 4:00PM Go to the chemist.	rre.
Saturday	2:30PM Go to the park. 7:30FM Go to the restaurant.	
Sunday	I:COPM Go to the market.	
.6		
oes she go to t	ne library? On <u>Mor</u>	ndayat3:00
pes she go to t	ne poni? On	at

e writes in her

answer the

1. When does one go to the library?	on <i>Monday</i>	_at <u>3:00PM</u>
2. When does she go to the price?	On	_ at
3. When does she go to the market?	On	_ at
4. When does she go to the chemist?	On	_ at
5. When does she go to the post office?	On	_ at
6. When does she go to the restaurant?	On	_ at
7. When does she go to the medical centre?	On	_ at
8. When does she go to school?	On	- ,

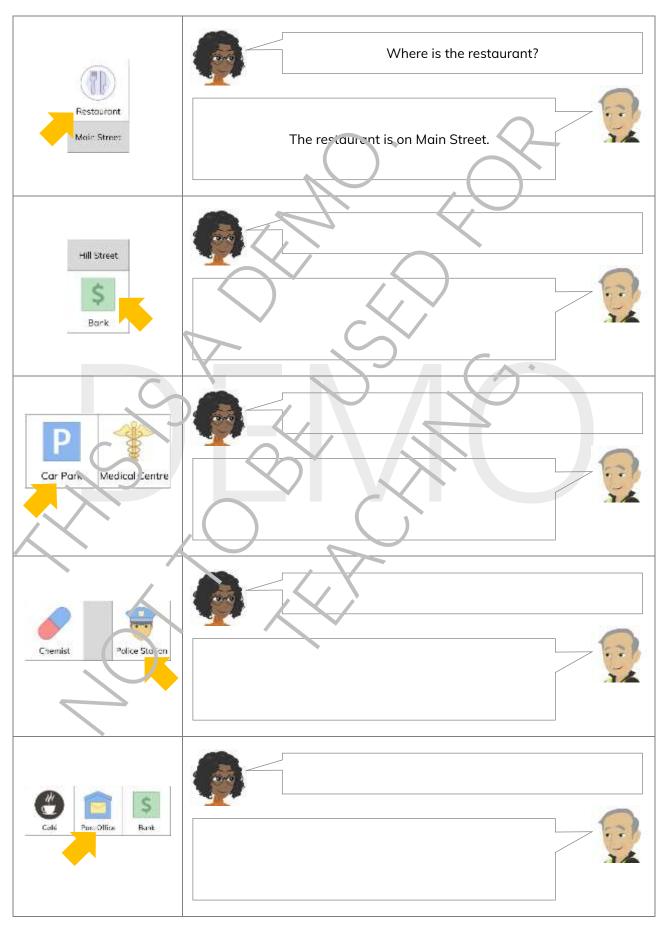
and ______ at _____

.

Read about prepositions.

[
	O	n	Pork to any		Th∉ p	oark is <u>on</u> Sha	ort Street.	X		
	n	ext to	The park is <u>next to</u> the school.							
	O	pposite	Park	The park is <u>opposite</u> the café.						
	b	etween	Linery	Park	The s	chool is <u>bo</u> ty	<u>een</u> the libr	ary and the p	oark.	
Look c	at the	e map.	S	/		5		2		
					Ill Stre	et (
	Pell Street	Library	School	Fark	Short Street	Café	Post Office	S Bank	Bay Street	
		Car Park	Medical Centre	Chemist		Police Station	Restaurant	Market		
				Mu	in Stre	eet				
Answe	er th	e questions a	bout the map. U	se these v	words:	on	next to	opposite	between	
						L				
	1.	Where is the	e restaurant?	The re	estauro	int is		Main Stree	·t.	
	2.	Where is the	e chemist?	The ch	nemist	is	t	he police sta	tion.	
	3.	Where is the	e library?	The lik	orary is	5	th	e car park.		
	4.	Where is the	e post office?	The po	ost offi	ce is		_ the café ar	nd the bank.	
	5.	Where is the	e school?	The so	chool is	5	Hi	II Street.		
	6.	Where is the	e market?	The m	larket i	S	tł	ne bank.		

THIS IS A DEMONSTRATION COPY. NOT TO BE USED FOR TEACHING. IT CANNOT BE EDITED. ENGLISH EXPRESS BEGINNER WORKBOOK © BERNARD MILES 2021 Practise asking and answering.



Read about directions.

go along	М	ain Street 📥	<u>G</u>	<u>o along</u> Main	Street.			
turn left	into	Hill Street	Ŕ	u <u>rn left into</u> Hi	ill Street.			
turn righ	t into	Hill Street		<u>urn right into</u> l	Hill Street.			
go past		La Content		<u>o past</u> the sch	lool			
You are at the resto	You are at the restaurant. Go to the school. Look at the directions.							
		. ні	l Street		\sim			
Bell Street	y School	Park	Short Street	Café Post	Offrice Bank	Bay Street		
Car F	ark Medical Cer	ntre Chemist	Poli	Rest	aurant Market			
		Mai	r Sureet		· 👔			
	()			7				
Write the directions	s. Use these wo	ords: Go al	ong -	Furn left into	Turn right into	Go past		
		L	I					

- 1. _____ Main Street.
- 2. _____ the police station.
- 3. _____ Short Street.
- 4. _____ Hill Street.
- _____ the park. 5. _____

Watch the video: Asking for directions

PART A:

Beth is at the car park. She asks someone for directions.

Listen and answer the questions.

- 1. Where is she going?
 - \Box the bank
 - \Box the school
- 2. How does she go there?
 - □ Walk along Bell Street.
 - □ Go past Bell Street.
 - □ Turn left into Hill Street.
 - □ Turn right into Hill Street.
 - □ Go past the \brary.
 - \Box (io past the park.

PART B:

Beth is putside the school. She asks someone for directions.

Listen and answer the questions.

- 1. Where is she going?
 - □ the market.
 - □ the restaurant
- 2. How does she go there?
 - □ Walk along Short Street.
 - □ Go past Short Street.
 - □ Turn left into Main Street.
 - □ Turn right into Main Street.
 - □ Go past the post office.
 - □ Go past the restaurant.

AROUND TOWN: TASK 8

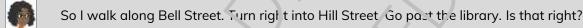
Read it aloud. 27

PART A:

- Beth is at the car park.
- She asks someone for directions.
 - Excuse me. Where is the school?
 - It's on Hill Street, next to the library.
 - I see. How do I go to the school?



Walk along Bell Street. Turn right into Hill Street. Go past the library.



- - Yes, that's right.



Thank you so much.

No worries!

PART B:

- Beth is outside the school.
- She asks comeone for directions



Excuse me. Where is the market?



It's on Main Street, next to the restaurant.



I see. Ho v do I co to the market?

Walk along Short Street. Turn left into Main Street. Go past the restaurant.





No, not the post office. Go past the restaurant.

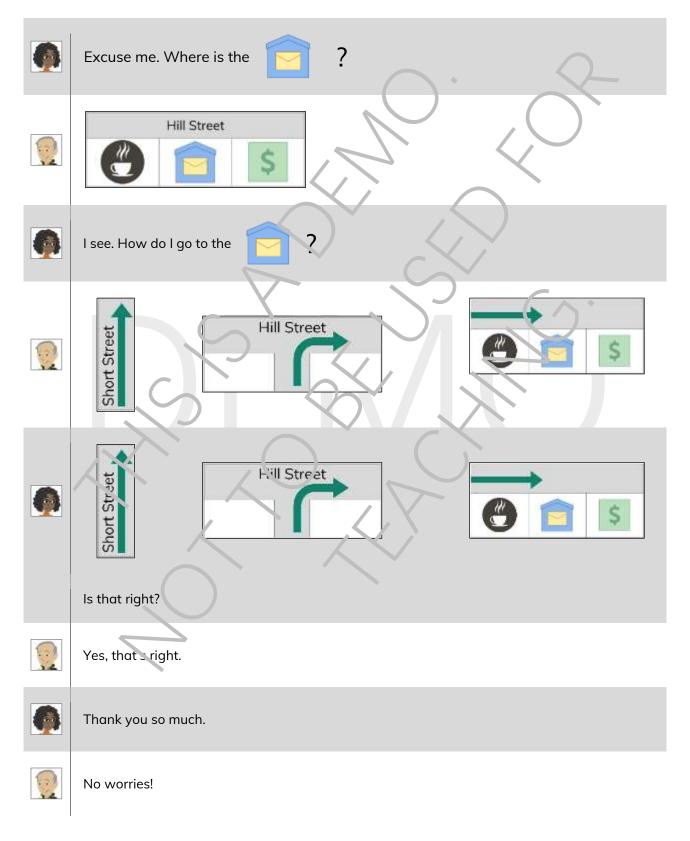


I see. Thank you so much.

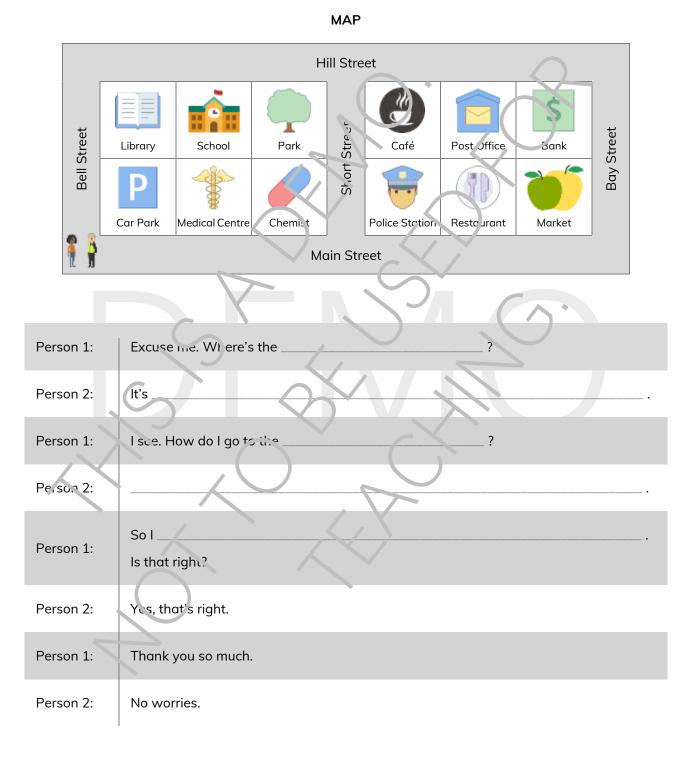


No worries!

- Person 1: Ask for directions.
- Person 2: Give directions.



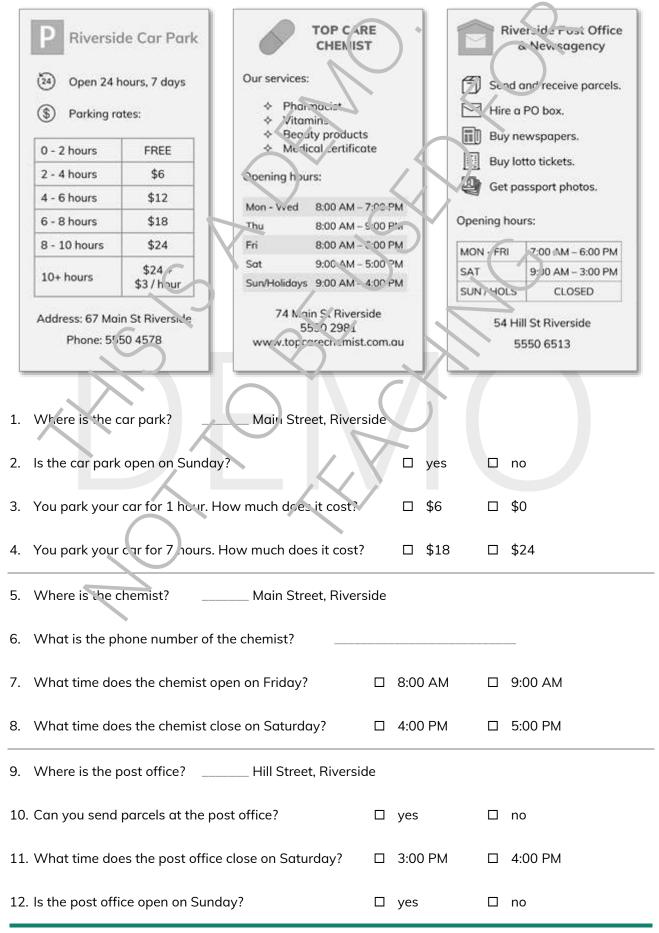
- Practise speaking.
- Person 1: You are at the car park. Ask for directions.
- Person 2: Give directions.



Ask for directions in your area.

AROUND TOWN: TASK 11

Read the information brochures. Answer the questions.



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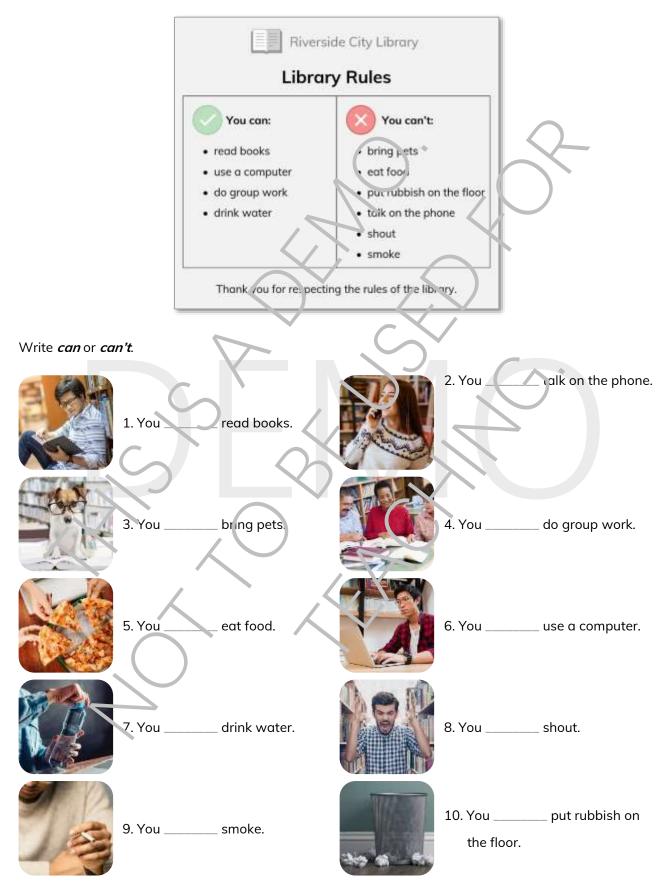


Write the sentences in the correct place.

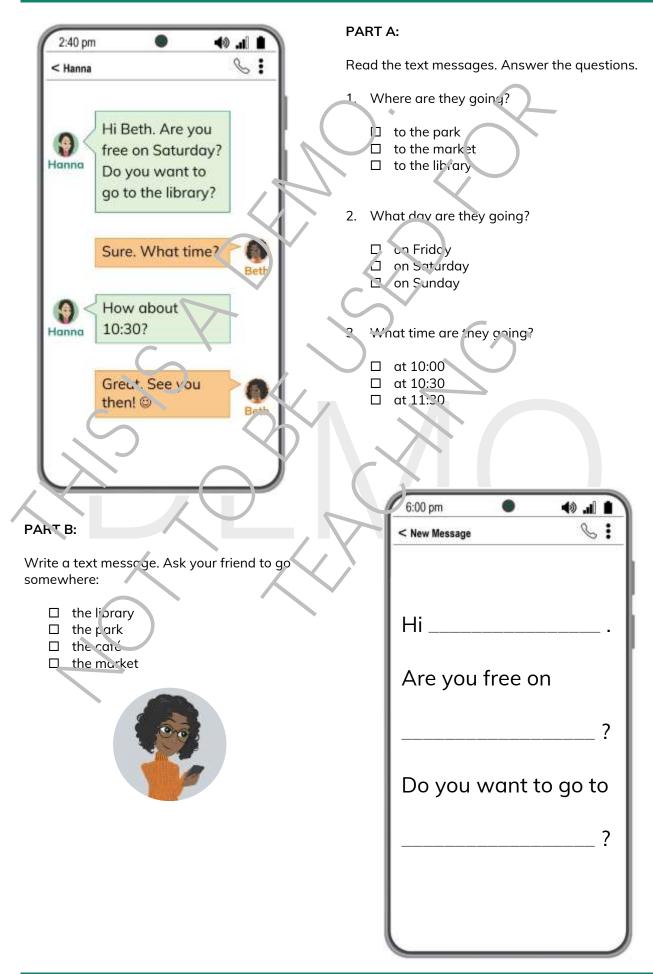
			C
What time do you close?	What time do you	ореі ? ОК. Т	hank you so much. Bye.
Do you have any books for lea	orning English?	Hi. Are you op	ber. on Sunday?
Hi. This is Riverside Lib	rary. How can ' he'p you'	, N	
		\bigcirc	
Soury, we're closed on s	Sunday. But we're open a	n Monday.	
We open st 9 AM.			
We close at 7 PM.			
Yes, we have a lot.			
No worries. Bye.			

AROUND TOWN: TASK 13

Read the library rules.



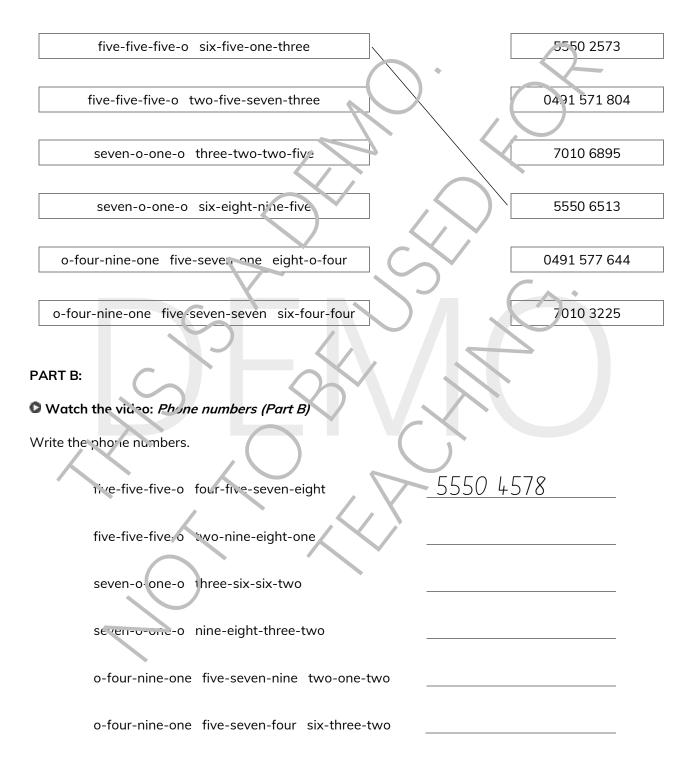
Watch the video: Library rules



PART A:

Watch the video: *Phone numbers (Part A)*

Match the phone numbers.



Review crossword

DOWN ↓







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AT THE CAFÉ: TASK 1

Introduction

PART A: Look at the pictures. Answer the questions.



PART B: Look at the pictures. What can you see?



- Which ones are **food**?
- Which ones are **drinks**?

O Watch the video: Vocabulary

Match the words with the pictures.

salad	muffin	coffee	donut
meat pie	hamburger	croissant	tea
banana bread	orange juice	smoothie	chips
		S	<u> </u>
		<u> </u>	

- Say the words.
- Ask questions.

Question	Answer	
Do you like <u>hamburgers</u> ?	Yes, I like <u>hamburgers</u> .	
	No, I don't like <u>hamburgers</u> .	

Watch the video: *How much?*

Write the prices.

1 The hamburger is	
2 The chips are	
3 The meat pie is	
4 The salad is	
5 The mu fin is	
6 The t anana bread is	
7 The donut is	
8 The croissant is	
9 The small coffee is The large coffee is	
10 The tea is	
11 The smoothie is	
12 The orange juice is	

Say the prices.

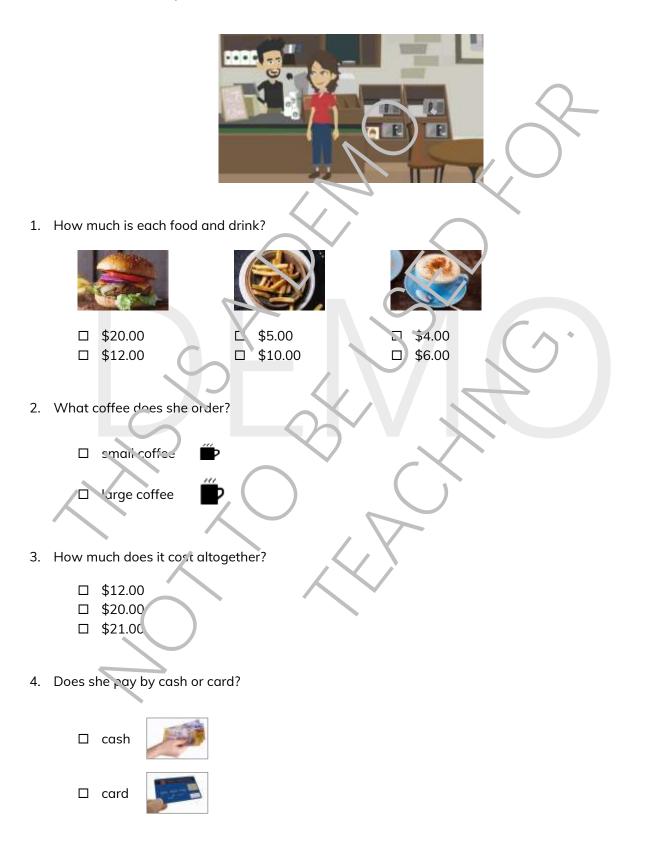
Practise asking and answering.



Watch the video: *Ordering food*

The customer is at the café. She orders some food and drink from the cashier.

Listen and answer the questions.



Reading and speaking

- Read it aloud.
- The customer is at the café.
- She orders some food and drink from the cashier.



5	Hi. How can I help you?
	Hi. How much is the hamburger?
5	The hamburger is \$12.00.
	OK. I'll have one hamburger, please.
5	Sure. Anything else?
	Yes. How much are the chips?
5	The chips ar = \$5.00.
	OK. I'll have some chips, please.
5	roblem Would you like anytı,ing to drink?
	Ves. One coffee, please.
6	Small or large?
	How much is the large coffee?
6	The large coffee is \$4.00.
	I'll have one large coffee, please. How much is it altogether?
5	It's \$21.00 altogether. Are you paying by cash or card?
	Card, please.
5	Thank you. Your order will be ready soon.

- Person 1: You are the cashier.
- Person 2: You are the customer. Order some food and drink.



- Person 1: You are the cashier.
- Person 2: You are the customer. Order some food and drink.



- Person 1: You are the cashier.
- Person 2: You are the customer. Order some food and drink.

	and the second		SHILL				
	Hamburger \$12.00	Chips \$5.00	Meat Pie \$8.00	Salad \$10.00			
	\$12.00	\$3.00	\$ \$0.00	pi de la compañía de			
	5 A. 1 A			Port too			
	Muffin \$3.00	Banana Bread \$4.50	Donut \$2.50	Croissant \$3.50			
	\$3.00	\$4.50	\$2,50	\$3.50			
			XXX				
	Coffee ta op (s) ta op (l)	Tec \$3.00	Smoothie	Orange Juice			
	\$3.00 (S) \$4.00 (L)	\$2.00	\$5.00	\$5.50			
Cashier	Hi. How can I help yo	ou?					
Customer:	Hi. How much is the?						
Cashier:	\$						
Customer:	OK. I'וו have one	\longrightarrow	, plea	se.			
Cashier:	Sure. Anything else?						
Customer:	Yes. Hovy much is the?						
Cashier:	¢	•					
Customer.	OK. I'll have one, please.						
Cashier:	No problem. Would you like anything to drink?						
Customer:	Yes. How much is the?						
Cashier:	\$	•					
Customer:	OK. I'll have one		, plea	se. How much is it a	together?		
Cashier:	lt's \$	altoge	ther. Are you pa	ying by cash or card	?		
Customer:		·•					

Read a café menu. Answer the questions.



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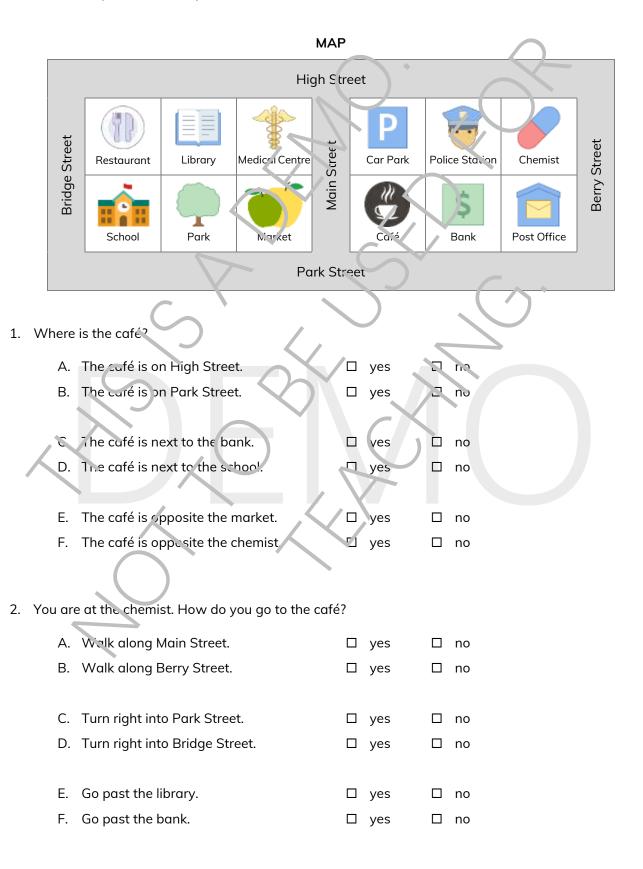
Look at **Task 10**. Write sentences about the menu.



Swatch the video: *Café menu*. Listen to the words and the prices from the menu.

Say the prices.

Look at the map. Answer the questions about the café.



Practise giving directions.

PART A:

4) .d |

8:

Read the text messages. Answer the questions.

- 1. What are they doing tomorrow?
 - □ having lunch
 - □ having dinner
 - going shopping

2. Where are they having lunch?

Hi Kim. Do you

lunch tomorrow? Let's meet at the

want to have

5:23 pm

< Alex

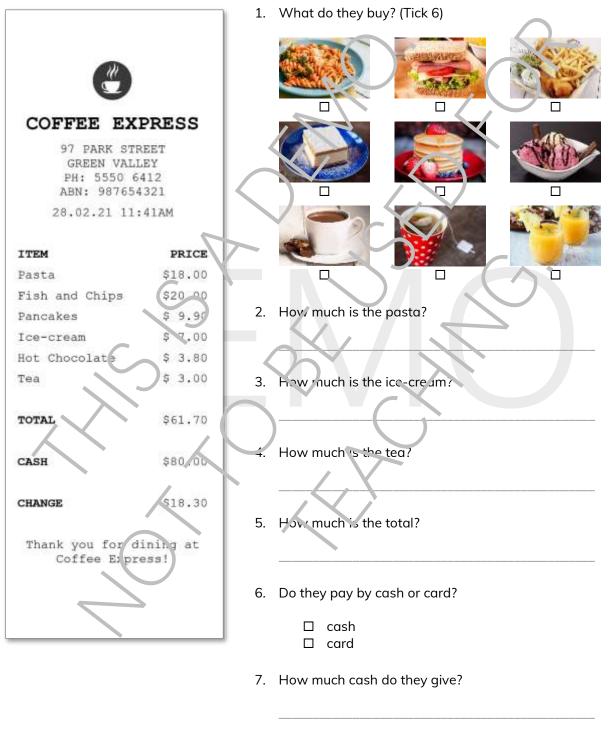
4

Alex



- This is a receipt from the café.
- Read the receipt. Answer the questions.





8. How much change do they get?

PART A:

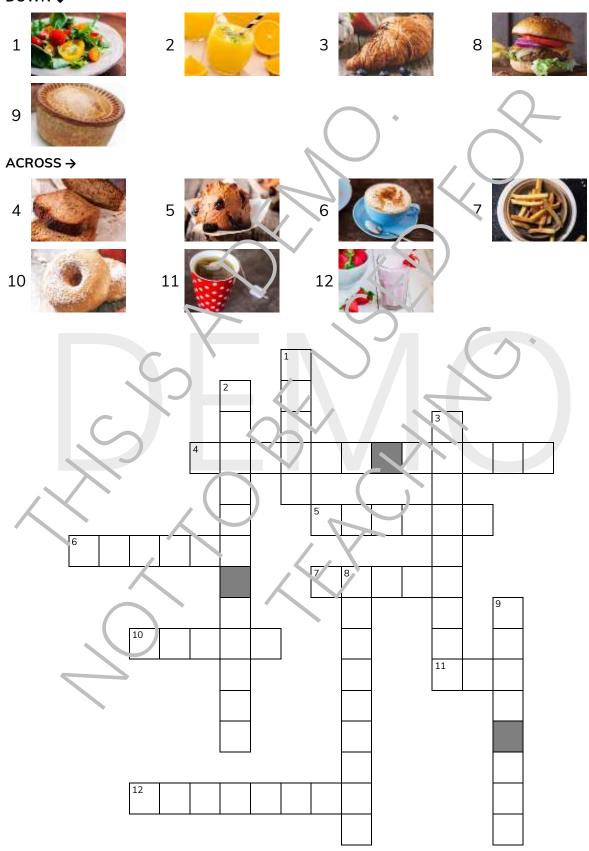
Watch the video: Saying the prices (Part A)

Match the prices.



Review crossword





House Hunting

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HOUSE HUNTING: TASK 1

PART A: Look at the pictures. Answer the questions.



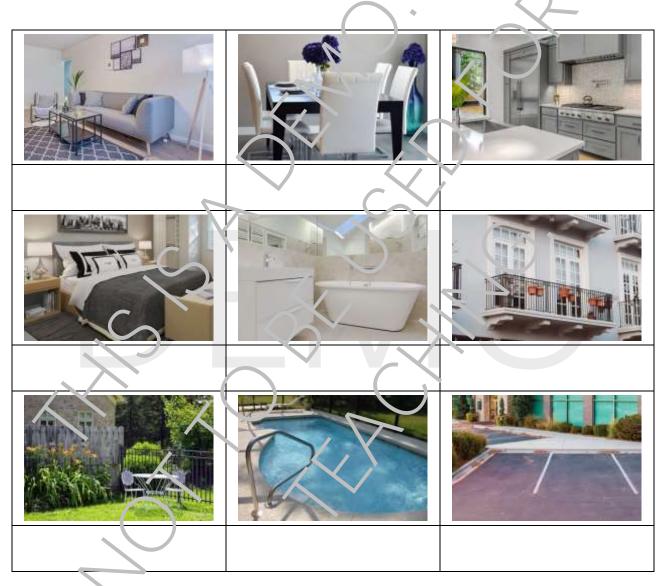


Introduction

Watch the video: *Vocabulary*

Match the words with the pictures.

kitchen bedroom		car space
backyard	ackyard balcony living ı	
dining room	swimming pool	bathroom



Say the words.

Ask questions.

Question	Answer	
Do you have a <u>living room</u> ?	Yes, I have a <u>living room</u> .	
	No, I don't have a <u>living room</u> .	

HOUSE HUNTING: TASK 3

PART A: ^O Watch the video: *Bob's house*

A A	1. Does he have a living room?	□ yes	🗆 no
	2. Does he have a dining room?	□ yes	□ no
	3. Does he have a kitchen?	⊐ yes	🗆 no
	4. How many bed ooms does he have?	□ 2	□3
	5. How many bathrooms does he have?	□1	□ 2
	6. Does he have a balcony?	□ yes	🗆 no
\langle	7. Does he have a backyard?	□ yes	🗆 no
	8. Does he hove a swווידיוחים pool?	□ yes	🗆 no
	9. Does he have a car space?	🗅 yes	□ no
PART B: Read about Emn.a's nouse.			
Emma's House	1 Dot s she have a living room?	□ yes	🗆 no
	2. Does she ha e a dining room?	□ yes	🗆 no
	3. Does sh - have a kitchen?	□ yes	□ no
	4. How many vedrooms does she have?	□ 2	□3
	5. How many bathrooms does she have?	□ 2	□3
This is my house. I have a living coord	6. Does she have a balcony?	□ yes	🗆 no
I have a Cining rooth .	7. Does she have a backyard?	🗆 yes	🗆 no
l have a kitchen.		2	
I have three bedrooms.	8. Does she have a swimming pool?	□ yes	🗆 no
l have two bathrooms.			
l don't have a balcony.	9. Does she have a car space?	□ yes	□ no
l have a backyard.			
l have a swimming pool.			
l don't have a car space.			

Talk about your house or unit.

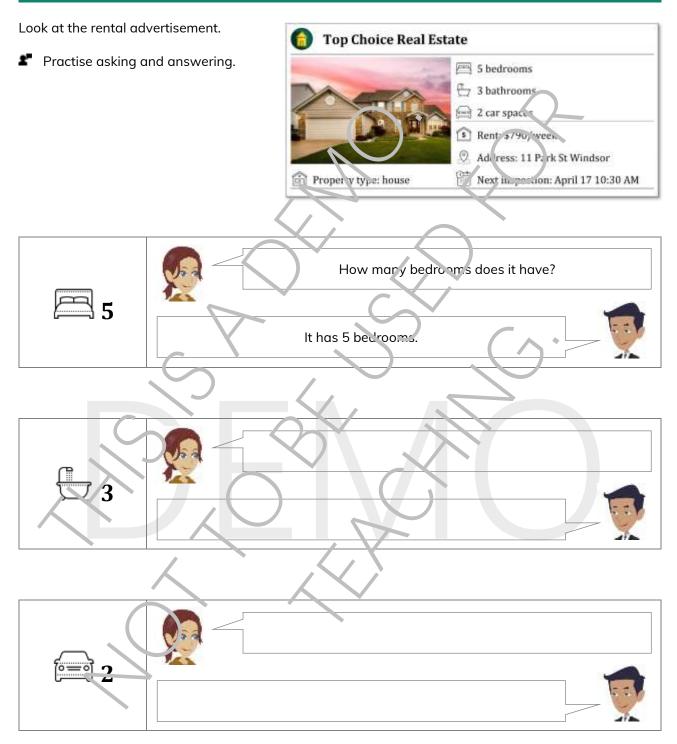
Read the rental advertisements. Answer the questions.

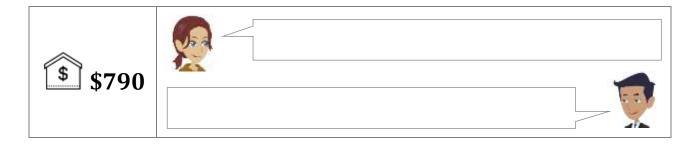
PART A:



 \Box The rent is \$430 per week.

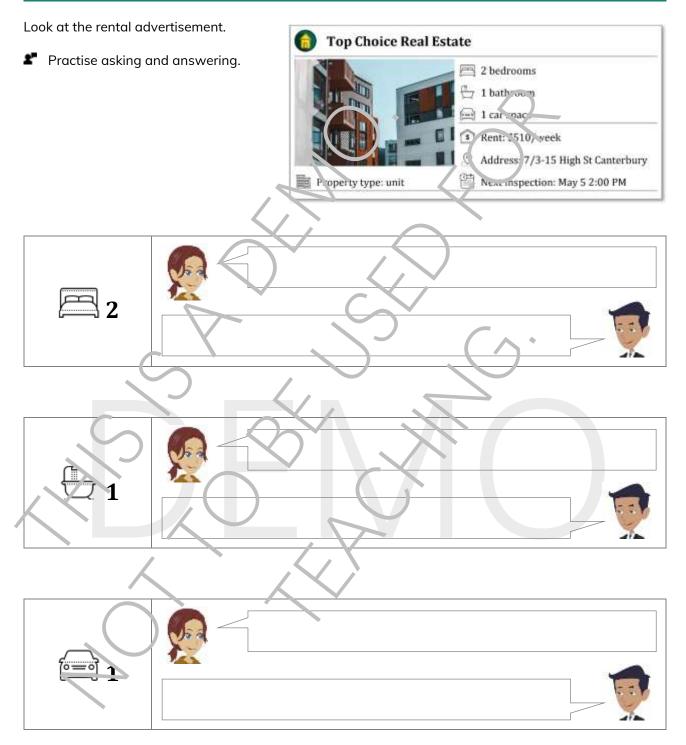
HOUSE HUNTING: TASK 5

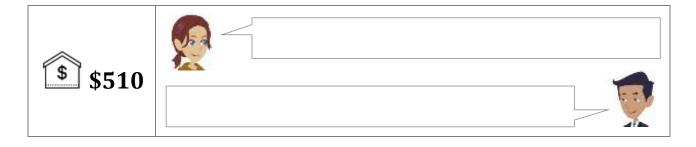




Watch the video: Asking questions (Part A)

HOUSE HUNTING: TASK 6





Watch the video: Asking questions (Part B)

Watch the video: Calling an agent

Alice wants to rent a home. She calls an agent.

Listen and answer the questions.

- 1. Is it a house or a unit? □ a house □ a unit 2. How many bedrooms does it have? □ 2 bedrooms □ 3 bedrooms 3. How many bothrooms does it have? □ 1 bathroom □ 2 buthroums 4. How many car spaces does it have? □ 1 car space □ 2 car spaces 5. How much is the rent? □ \$570 per week □ \$750 per week 6. When is she looking at the unit? □ 3:00 PM today □ 1:00 PM tomorrow 7. What is the address?
 - □ 37 Park Street, Newtown
 - 70 Park Street, Newtown

HOUSE HUNTING: TASK 8

Reading and speaking

- 2 Read it aloud.
- Alice wants to rent a home. •
- She calls an agent. •





1	Hi. This is Top Choice Real Estate. How can I help you?
	Hi. I want to rent a unit in Newtown. Do you have an ything?
	Yes, we have a unit in Newtown.
	How many bedrooms does it have?
	It has 2 bedrooms.
	How many bathrooms does it have?
	It has 2 bathrooms.
	How many car space: does it have?
	It has 1 car space.
	How much is the rent?
	The rent is \$570 per veek
	Can I have a lock at the unit?
	Sure. How about 1:20 PM tomorrow?
	That's great.
	The address is 37 Park Street, Newtown.
	Thank you. See you tomorrow.
	See you then.

- Person 1: You are the agent.
- Person 2: You are the customer. You want to rent a home. Call the agent.



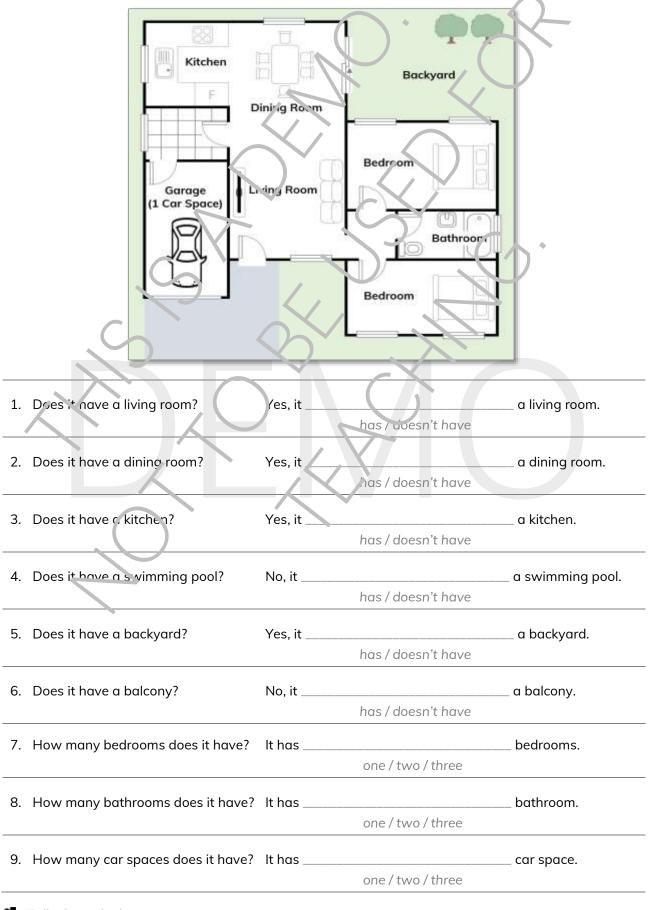
- Person 1: You are the agent.
- Person 2: You are the customer. You want to rent a home. Call the agent.



Agent:	Hi. This is Top Choice Real Estate. Hov can I help you?
Customer:	Hi. I want to rent a <u>house / unic in Pive</u> rside. Do you have anything?
Agent:	Yes. We have a <u>house / unit</u> in Riveroide.
Customer:	Piow many bedrooms does it have?
Agení:	It has
Customer:	How many bathrooms aves it have?
Agent:	It has
Customer:	How many car spaces does it have?
Agent:	It has
Customer:	How much is the rent?
Agent:	The rent is
Customer:	Can I have a look at the unit?
Agent:	Sure. How about tomorrow?
Customer:	That's great.
Agent:	The address is
Customer:	Thank you. See you tomorrow.
Agent:	See you then.

HOUSE HUNTING: TASK 11

Look at this floor plan of a house. Answer the questions.



Talk about the house.

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Watch the video: Furniture and appliances

PART A: Tick the correct words.

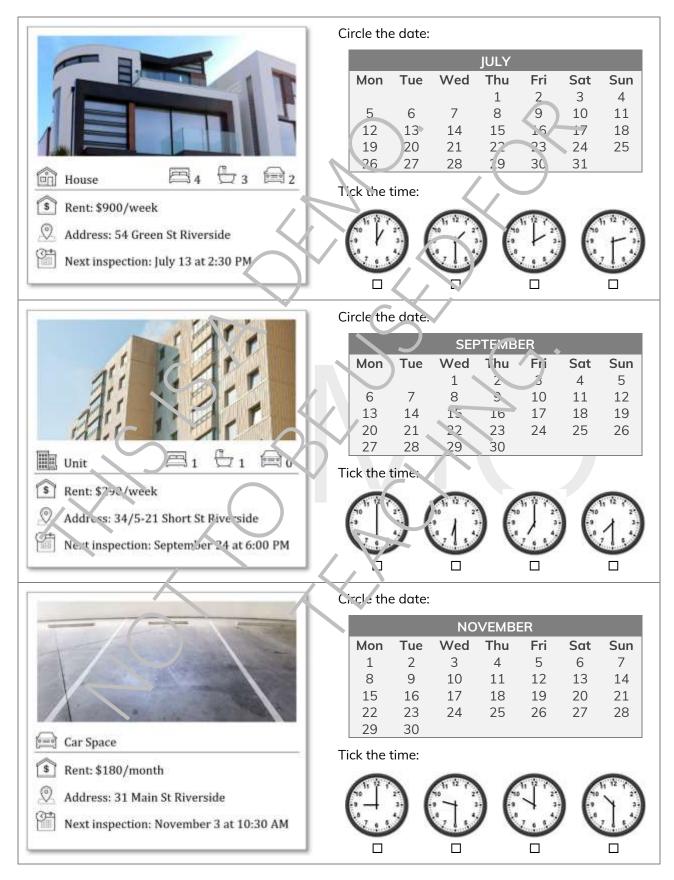
1.			desk		bed		fridge
2.	Ŀ		bathroom		washing machine		microwave
3.	 //\\		fridge	P	air conditioner		bed
4.	ţţ		TV	Ū	wardrobe		sofa
5.			microwave		desk		bathroom
6.	ř;		air-conditioner		fridge		
7.			wararobe		washing machine	Z	so'a
8.		C	desk	2	cır-conditioner		fridge
9.		2	sofa		microwc.ve		bathroom
10	0		washing machine		TV		wardrobe
PA	RT B: Write t	he corr	ect words.	/			
1.	l sleep on the	e					
	l have a show		the				
	. I study on the						
	5. I watch shows on the						
	7. I put my clothes in the						
	3. I put the milk in the						
	9. I heat up my food in the						
			n the				

Read this advertisement for a room.

	Room for rent in	the city	\$360) per week
		Clean a in the o Share t Close t Ayaila	and co nfortable room ava	ilable for ren.
	The room includes:		\square	
	📇 bed	ye:	Ö TV	no
	📇 bathroom	yes	wardrobe	yes
	₩ air-conditioner	no	🗋 ñidge	yes
	sofa 📃	no	microvyave	yes
	TE desk	yes	washing machine	no
1	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		$\langle \rangle$	
ite some sen	ter ces about the roor	m.		
	•			

HOUSE HUNTING: TASK 14

Read the inspection dates and times.

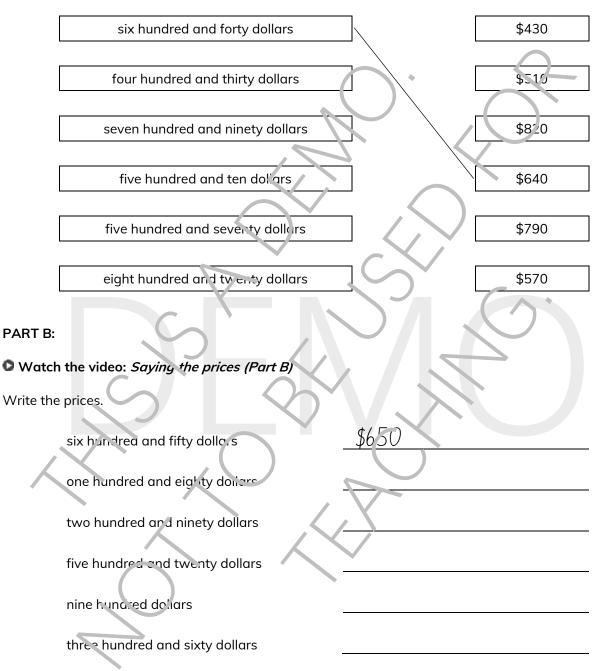


Say the dates and times.

PART A:

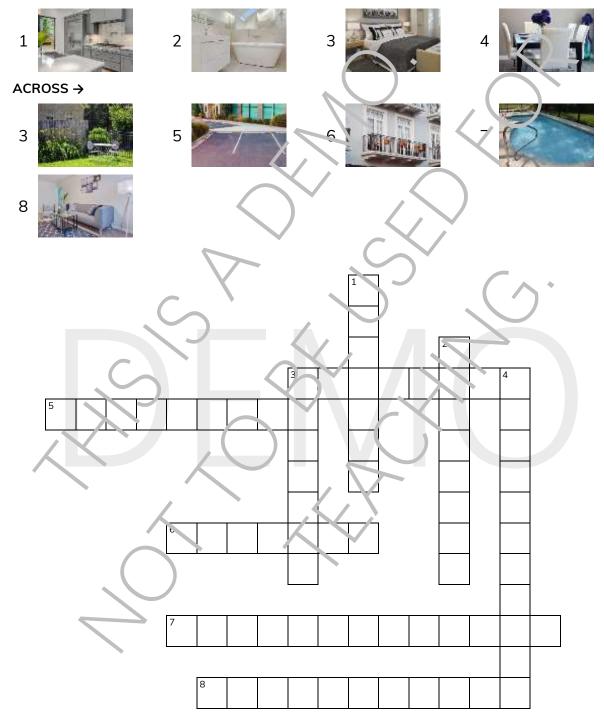
Watch the video: Saying the prices (Part A)

Match the prices.



Review crossword

DOWN ↓



At the Market



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AT THE MARKET: TASK 1

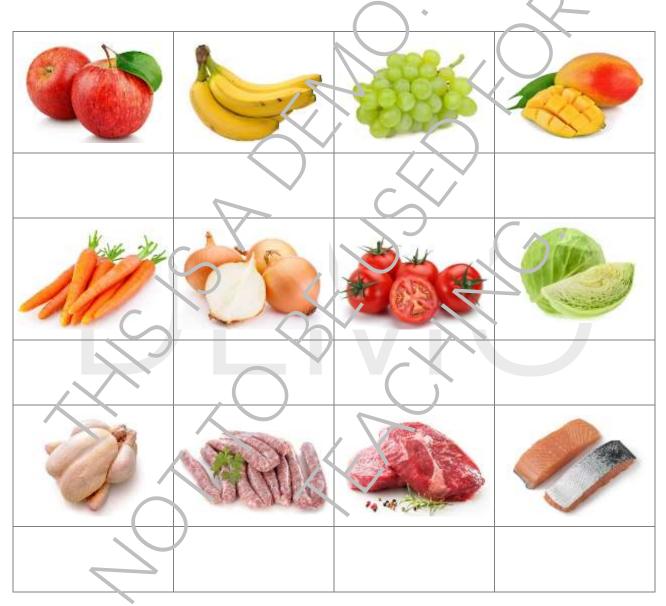
Introduction

- PART A: Look at the pictures. Answer the questions.
- 1. Where is she? \Box She is at the market. □ She is at the café. 2. What is she doing? \Box She is buying coffee. \Box She is buying food. 3. What can you buy at the market? □ fruit □ meat □ meat □ fruit □ seafeoa □ vegetables □ fruit □ seafood PART B: ' or k at the pictures. What can you see? 2 3 11 12 9 1Č
- Can you see some **fruit**?
- Can you see some vegetables?
- Can you see some **meat**?
- Can you see some **seafood**?

Watch the video: *Vocabulary*

Match the words with the pictures.

onions	chicken	tomatoes	bananas
steak	apples	carrots	sausages
grapes	salmon fillets	mangoes	cabbages



- Say the words.
- Ask questions.

Question	Answer
Do you like <u>apples</u> ?	Yes, I like <u>apples</u> .
	No, I don't like <u>apples</u> .

AT THE MARKET: TASK 3

Listening

Watch the video: How much?

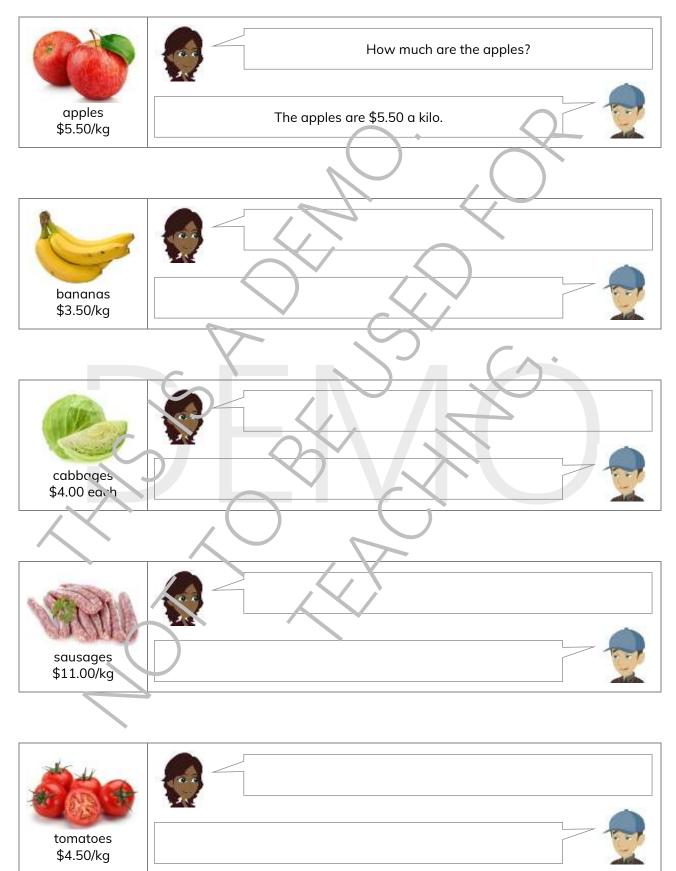
Write the prices.

1		The apples are a kilo.
2	6	The bananas area kilo.*
3		The grapes area kilo.
4	1	The mangoes creeach.
5	N	The carrots area kilo.
6	C	The onion s are u kilo.
7		The tomatoes are a kilo.
8	N	The cabbages areeach.
9	Ø.	The chickens are each.
10	No the	The sausages are a kilo.
11		The steaks are a kilo.
12	Ż	The salmon fillets are a kilo.

Say the prices.

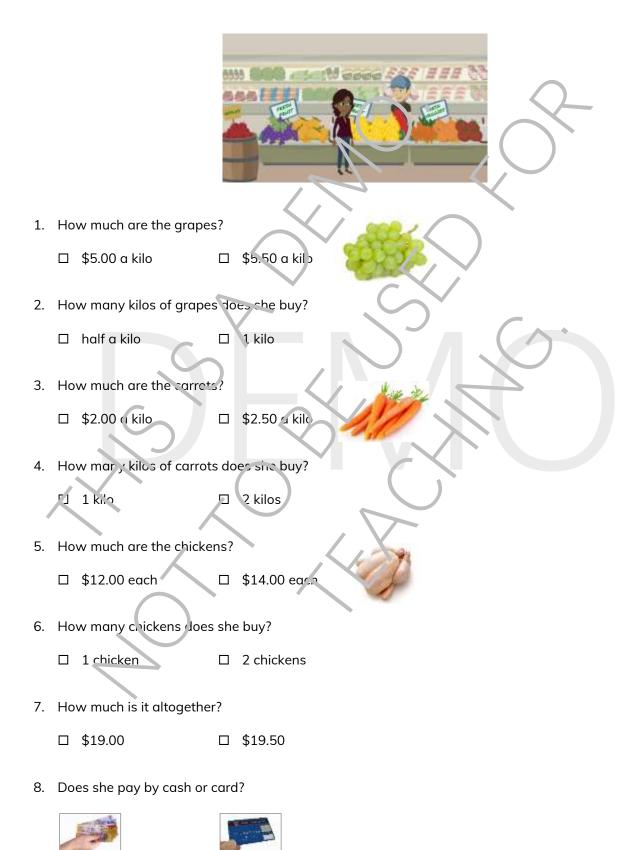
AT THE MARKET: TASK 4

Practise asking and answering.



Watch the video: Buying food

The customer is at the market. She buys food from the cashier. Listen and answer the questions.



card

cash

AT THE MARKET: TASK 6

Reading and speaking

- Read it aloud.
- The customer is at the market.
- She buys food from the cashier.



Hi. How can I help you? Hi. How much are the grapes? The grapes are \$5.00 a kilo. I'll have half a kilo of grapes, please. Sure. Anything else? Yes. How much are the carrots? The carrots are \$2.50 a kiro. I'll have 2 kilos of *c*arrots, please. Sure. Anything else? Yes. How much are the chickens? The chickens are \$12.00 each. I'll have 1 chicken, please How much is it altogether? It's \$19.50 altogether. Are you paying by cach or card? Cash. Here you are Thanks. Here synar food. Thanks.

- Person 1: You are the cashier.
- Person 2: You are the customer. Buy some food.

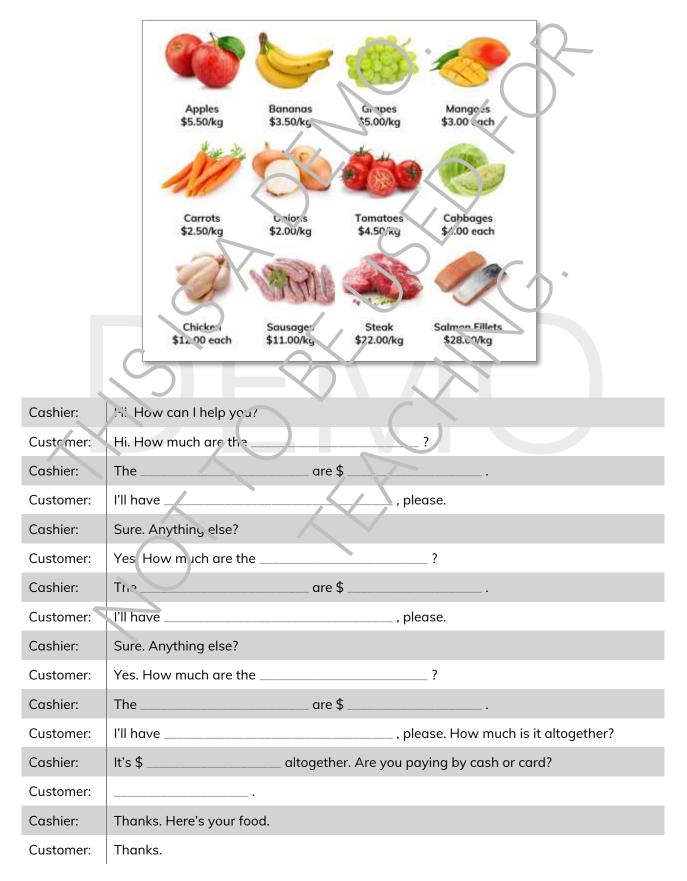


- Person 1: You are the cashier.
- Person 2: You are the customer. Buy some food.

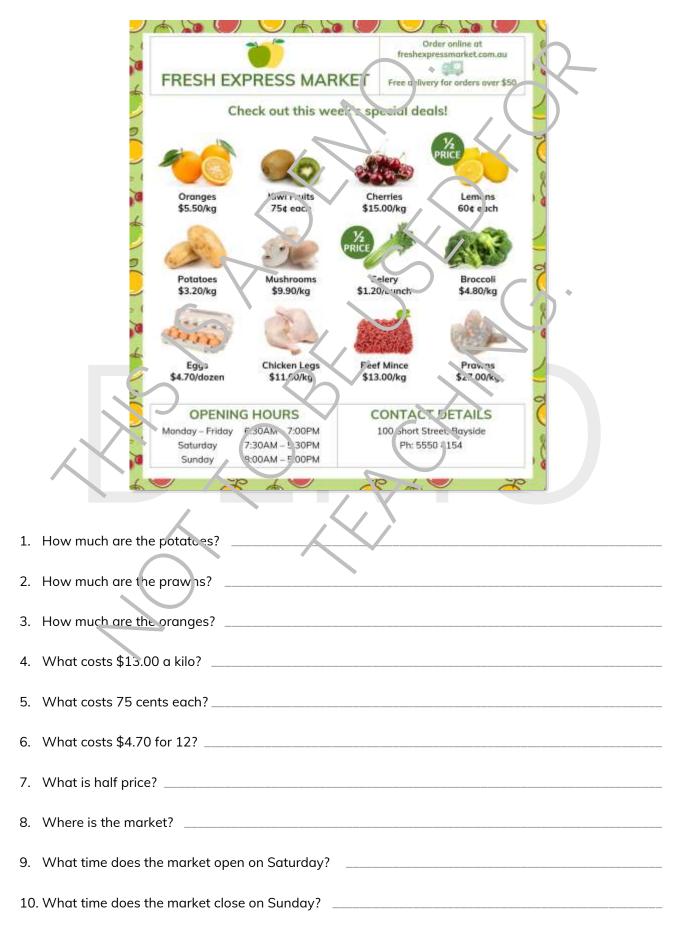


AT THE MARKET: TASK 9

- Person 1: You are the cashier.
- Person 2: You are the customer. Buy some food.

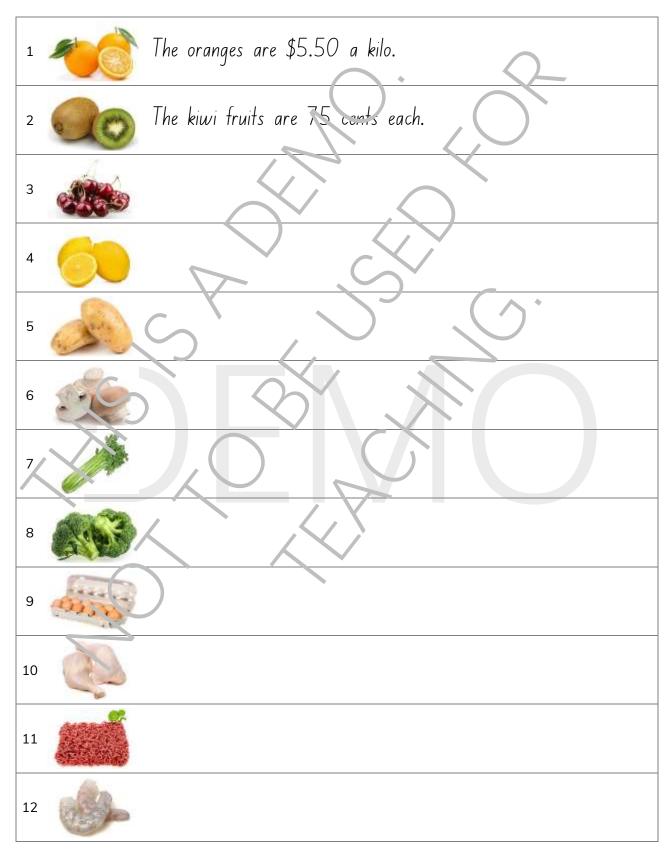


Read a market catalogue. Answer the questions.



AT THE MARKET: TASK 11

Look at Task 10. Write the prices of each food.



Watch the video: *Fresh Express Market.* Listen to the words and the prices from the catalogue.

Say the prices.

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Park Street

Café

Police Station

Short Surget 1. Where is the market? A. The market is on Park Street. yes \Box no Β. The market is on Short Street. 🗅 no YES The market is next to the café. □ ves 🗆 no D. The market is r_{re} to the bank. L ;'es no E. The market is opposite the chemist. 🗋 yes 🗆 no F. The market is opposite the post office. □ yes 🗆 no 2. You are at the bank. How do you go to the market? A. Welk along Green Street. □ yes 🗆 no B. Walk along Bay Street. 🗆 no □ yes 🗆 no

Market

MAP

Park

Chenist

Post Office

Restaurant

🗆 no

🗆 no

🗆 no

□ yes

□ yes

C. Turn right into Hill Street. □ yesD. Turn left into Short Street. □ yes

Practise giving directions.

E. Go past the café.

F. Go past the chemist.

Green Street

102

Car Park

Medical Centre

Look at the map. Answer the questions about the market.

AT THE MARKET: TASK 12

AT THE MARKET: TASK 13

The cashier is making an announcement. Listen and tick the prices.



PART A:

Watch the video: Announcement (Part A)



PART B:

Watch the video: Announcement (Part B)

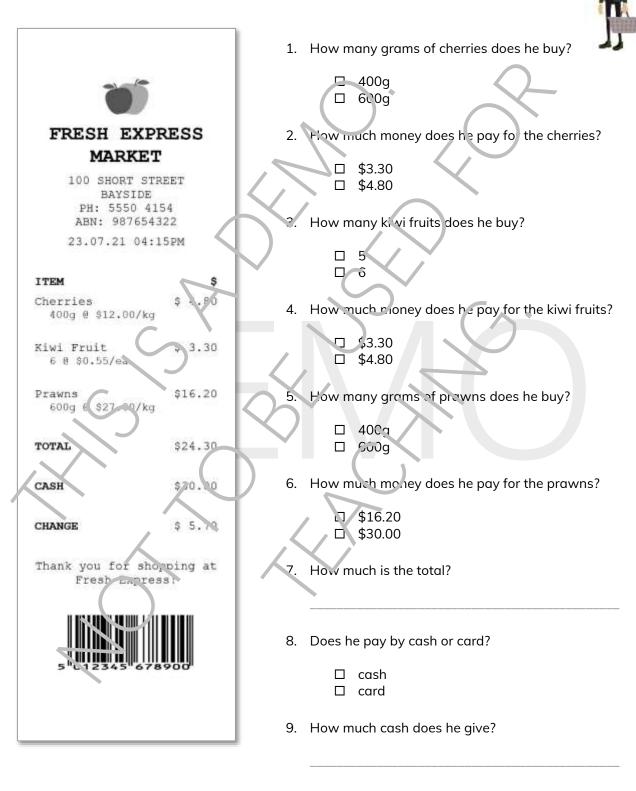
mushrooms	□ \$7.00 □ \$7.50	□ a kilo □ each
potatoes	□ \$2.80 □ \$2.90	□ a kilo □ each
celery	□ 70¢ □ 80¢	□ a kilo □ a bunch

Say the prices.

AT THE MARKET: TASK 14

Reading

- Ben goes to the market.
- Read his shopping receipt.



10. How much change does he get?

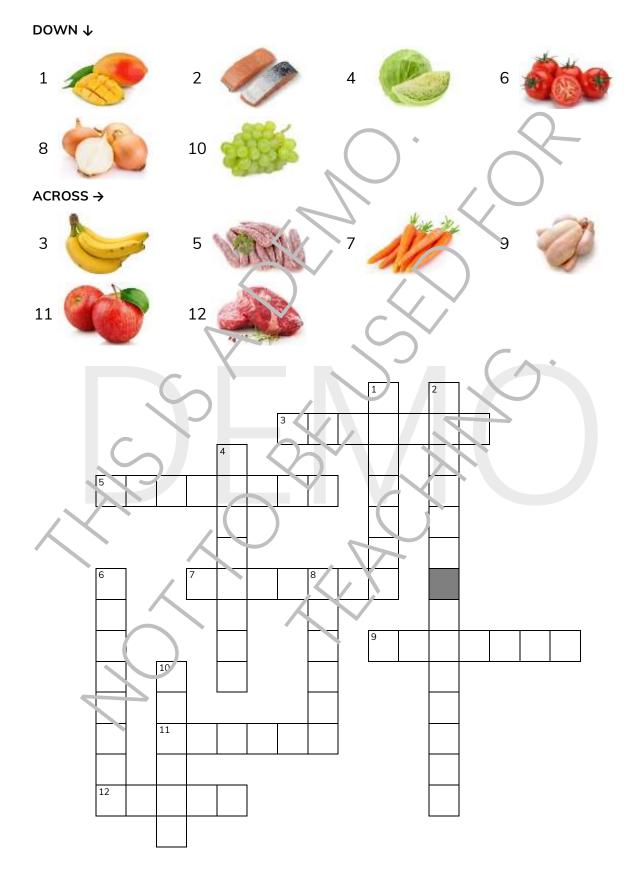
PART A:

Watch the video: Saying the prices (Part A)

Match the prices.



Review crossword



What do you need to do? I need to _

7

Appointments

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APPOINTMENTS: TASK 1

PART A: Look at the picture. Answer the questions.





Introduction

Solution Watch the video: *Vocabulary*

Match the words with the pictures.

get an x-ray	fix my car	see the dentist
have a swimming lesson	see the doctor	fix my phone
have an eye test	get a haircut	get a flu chot



Say the words.

Ask questions.

Question	Answer
Do you need to see the doctor?	Yes, I do.
	No, I don't.

Note: Change <u>my</u> to <u>your</u>.

Do you need to fix <u>your</u> car? Do you need to fix <u>your</u> phone?

Tim has a busy week. What is he going to do each day?

Day:	Tick the activity:		Tick the time:	
Monday				
Tuesday				
Wednesday		P		
Thursday				
Friday				
Saturday				
Sunday				

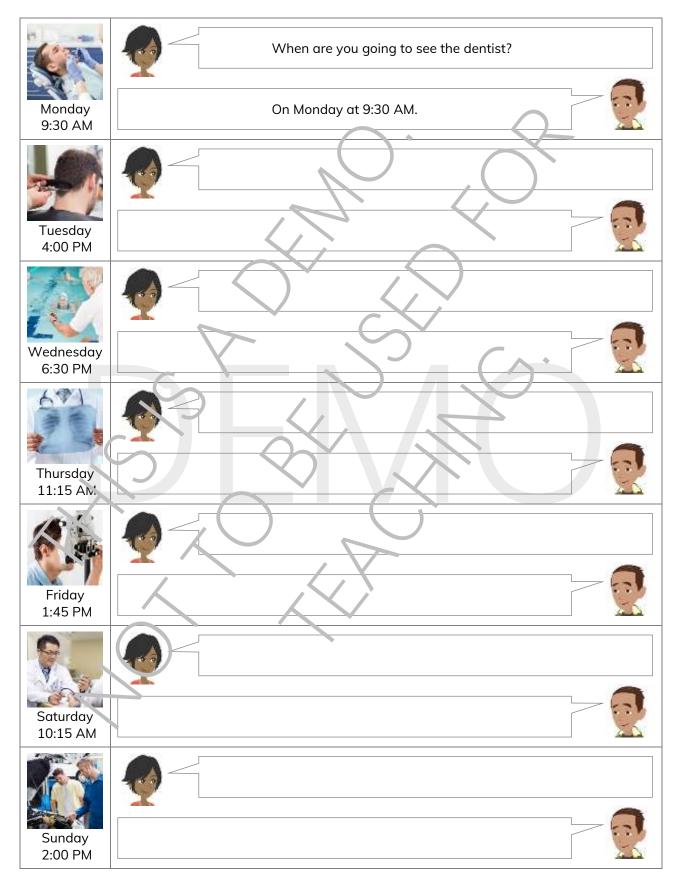
Practise speaking: On ______, he is going to ______ at _____

Watch the video: *Tim's busy week*



APPOINTMENTS: TASK 4

Practise asking and answering.



Read the information about Greenhill Medical Centre. Answer the questions.

		(9) 25 kinh Street Countril
	Greenhill Medical Centra	7010 9203
	Greenin Wealcur Centra	www.greenhillmedico'.com.
	OUR SERVICES	
	DOCTOR	DENTIST
	Medicare card: \$0 Private fee: \$75	Check-up: \$120
	X-RAY Medicare card: \$0 Private fee: \$200-\$400	E/E TEST Medicare card: \$0 Private fee: \$72
	FLU SHOT Fu shot: \$20 Free for seniors 65+	O'ENING HOURS Tue, Wed 8:00AM - 000Pm Thu 8:00AM - 000Pm Fri 8:00AM - 6:00PM Sat 9:00AM 4:00PM Sun Closed
	Please m.ke c / appointr	nent.
1.	Whut is the address?	 35 High Street, Greenhill 53 High Street, Greenhill
2.	What is the phone number?	□ 7010 6004 □ 7010 9203
3.	What is the website?	www.greenhillmedical.com.auwww.medicalcentre.com.au
4.	How much is α checκ-up at the dentist?	□ \$180 □ \$120
5.	How much is an x-ray with a Medicare card?	□ \$200 □ free
6.	How much is a flu shot?	□ \$20 □ \$75
7.	What time does the medical centre open on Monday?	□ 8:00 AM □ 9:00 AM
8.	What time does the medical centre close on Friday?	□ 4:00 PM □ 6:00 PM
9.	Is the medical centre open on Saturday?	☐ Yes, it's open.☐ No, it's closed.
10	. Is the medical centre open on Sunday?	☐ Yes, it's open.☐ No, it's closed.

Watch the video: *Calling the medical centre*

Tim calls the medical centre. He talks to the receptionist. He wants to make an appointment.

Listen and answer the questions.

- What does Tim want?
 He wants to see the doctor.
 He wants to see the dentist.

 2. What day is he going to see use doctor?

 on Thursday
 on Friday

 3. What time is he going to see the coctor?

 i et 2:30 Fix
 - 🗆 c. 3:00 PM
- 4. How do you spell his full name?
 - Tim Cole
 - Tim Coal
- 5. What is his phone number?
 - ☐ '1491 570 158
 - □ 0491 570 159

APPOINTMENTS: TASK 7

Reading and speaking

Read it aloud.

- Tim calls the medical centre.
- He talks to the receptionist.
- He wants to make an appointment.



STim



Image: Series of the series of the doctor?Image: Series of the ser	Hi. This is Greenhill Medical Centre. How can I help you?
Image: Second	Hi. Can I make an appointment to see the doctor?
Image: Sorry, 2:00 PM is not available. How chock 3:00 PM? Image: Sorry, 2:00 PM is good.	Yes. When would you like to come?
Image: Second	Can I come on Thursday at 2:00 PM?
Image: Sector of the sector	Sorry, 2:00 PM is not available. How about 3:00 PM?
My name is Tim Cole. Can you spell your name, please? Yes, it's T-i-m C-o-l-e. Can i have your phone number, pleuse? My phone number is 04£1 570 159. Can you repeat that, picase? Yes, it's 0491 570 159. Yes, it's 0491 570 159. Thank you. See you on Thursday at 3:00 PM. Thanks. See you then.	Yes, 3:00 PM is good.
Image: Can you spell your prime, please? Image: Can you spell your prime, please? Image: Can you repeat that, please?	Can I have your name, please?
Image: Series of the series	My name is Tim Cole.
Image: Con a have your phone number, plecse? Image: Con your epeat that, plense? Image: Con your epeat that, plense? Image: Ves, it's 0491/570 159. Image: Thank you. See you on Thursday at 3:00 PM. Image: Thanks. See you then.	Can you spell your name, please?
My phone number is 04\$1 570 1.59. Image: Connyour repeat that, picose? Image: Yes, it's 0491 570 159. Image: Thank you. See you on Thursday at 3:00 PM. Image: Thanks. See you then.	Yes, it's T-i-m C-o-l-e.
Image: Conn you repeat thut, picnse?Image: Ves, it's 0491.570 159.Image: Conn you repeat thut, picnse?Image: Conn you repeat thut, picnse? </th <th>Can i have your phone number, pleuse?</th>	Can i have your phone number, pleuse?
Yes, it's 0491 570 159. Image: Thank you. See you on Thursday at 3:00 PM. Image: Thanks. See you then.	My phone number is 0491 570 159.
Image: Thank you. See you on Thursday at 3:00 PM. Image: Thanks. See you then.	Can you repeat that, please?
Thanks. See you then.	Yes, it's 0491 570 159.
	Thank you. See you on Thursday at 3:00 PM.
Bye.	Thanks. See you then.
	Bye.

Practise speaking.

- Person 1: You are the receptionist.
- Person 2: Call the medical centre. Make an appointment.

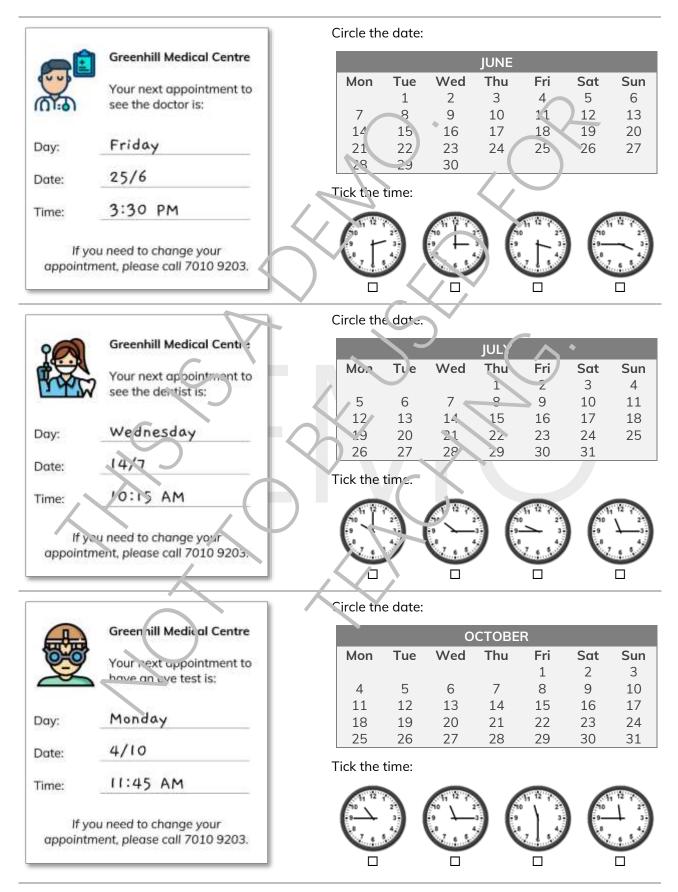


- Practise speaking.
- Person 1: You are the receptionist.
- Person 2: Call and make an appointment.

• Person 2: Cu	ll and make an appointment.	•	
	See the doctor at Greenhill Medical Centre	See the dentist at Greenhill Medical Centre	Get an x-ray at Greenhill Medical Centre
ന്ത	TO10 9203	T010 9203	☎ 7010 9203
	Have an eye test at Greenhill Medical Centre	Get a flu sho: at Greenhin Medical Centre	Fix your car at Greenhill Car Repairs
	☎ 7010 9203 T	🕿 7010 9203	✓✓ ☎ 7010 1508
	Fix your phone at Express Phone Remains To 10 3589	Have a swimming lesson at Green till Pool 7010 2675	Get a haircut • at Greenhill Hairdresser 27010 4073
	710330	- 1010 2013	- /010 +0/3
Receptionist:	Hi This is	. How can	help you?
Person:	Hi. Can I make an appointmen	t to	?
Recerction.ist:	Yes. When would you like to c	ome?	
Person:	Can I come on	at	?
Receptionist:	Sorry,	is not available. How abou	ut ?
Person:	Yec, is	ુood.	
Receptionist:	Can I hove your name, please?		
Person:	M; name is		
Receptionist:	Can you spell your name, plea	se?	
Person:	Yes, it's		
Receptionist:	Can I have your phone numbe	r, please?	
Person:	My phone number is		
Receptionist:	Can you repeat that, please?		
Person:	Yes, it's		
Receptionist:	Thank you. See you on	at	
Person:	Thanks. See you then.		
Receptionist:	Bye.		

APPOINTMENTS: TASK 10

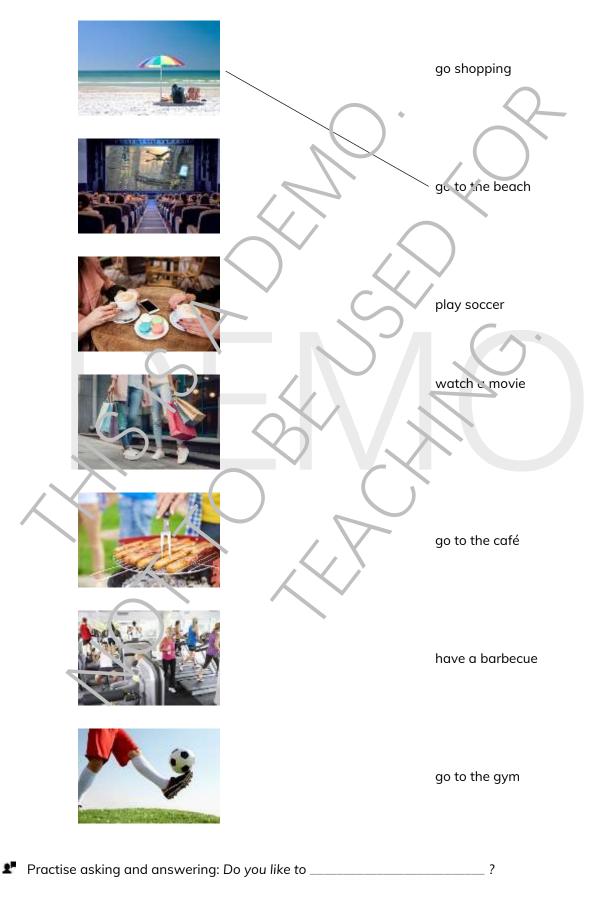
Read the appointment cards.



Say the dates and times.

Watch the video: *Activities*

Match the pictures with the words.



APPOINTMENTS: TASK 12

Lisa has a busy month.	Look at the appointments on her calendar:
,	



			NOVEMBER			
MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		fix my car			beach	
		9:30 AM			10:30 AM	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
shopping		gym				haircut
1:00 PM		5:30 PM				2:00 PM
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	movie			cafe		
	8:00 PM			:30 PM		
22	23	2.	25	26	27	28
doctor			soccer			barbecue
11:30 AM			6:30 P'1			12:00 PM
29	30			0		
	dentist	X				
	3:30 PM					

1. When is she going to see the doctor?



Day: Monda; 22/11 Date: 11:30 AM Time:

3. When is she going to go to the beach?



0 <u>10 t</u>	p <u>the beach</u> ?
Day:	
ate:	
ime:	

5. When is she going to go to the café?



Day:	
Date:	
Time:	

7. When is she going to have a barbecue?



Day:	
Date:	
Time:	

2. When is size going to go to the gym?



Day:	
Date:	
Time:	

. When is she going to watch a movie?

1	- 11	*	幽日
-on	-		
	12	N.	5

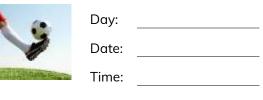
Day:	
Date:	
Time:	

6. When is she going to go shopping?



Day: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

8. When is she going to <u>play soccer</u>?



Practise asking and answering: When is she going to _____?

Hi Lisa. Do you want to go to the Hanna beach on Mon Nov 22? Sorry, I'm going to see the doctor. Lisa How about Tue Nov 23? 🔽 at 10:00 AM OK. Con we meet Hanna at 11am? Grect, See you then! 🕲 PART B: Write a text message. Ask your friend to do something:

h. ()

- □ go to the herich
- 🔲 go to the café
- □ go shopping
- □ watch a movie
- □ have a barbecue
- □ play soccer

Or anything else you like.

PART A:

Read the text messages. Answer the questions.

- 1. What are they going to do:
 - ☐ have a barbe ue
 - □ go to the beach
 - ם go shoppויס

2. What date are they going to go to the beach?

- □ on November 22 □ on Nove, nber 23 □ on November 24
- What time are they going to meet?

 - 1 at 11:00 AM
 - at 1:00 PM
- What is Lisa going to do on November 22?
 - see the doctor
 - \Box see the dentist
 - 🔄 fix her car

6:00 pm	۲	∎ h. ()•
< New Message		∎ h. ↔ : 2



۲

9:30 am

< Hanna

APPOINTMENTS: TASK 14

Your friend sends you a text message. Your friend asks you to go somewhere.

Write a reply to your friend.



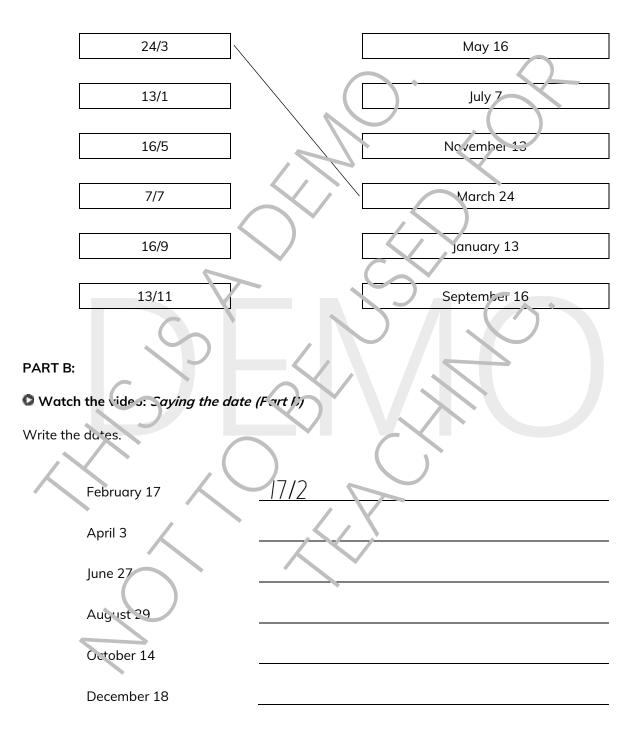
Practise speaking. Make an appointment with a friend.

Question	Answer	
De veu went te ge te the eafé en Sunday?	Sounds great. See you then!	
Do you want to <u>go to the café</u> on Sunday?	Sorry, I'm going to <u>see the doctor</u> .	

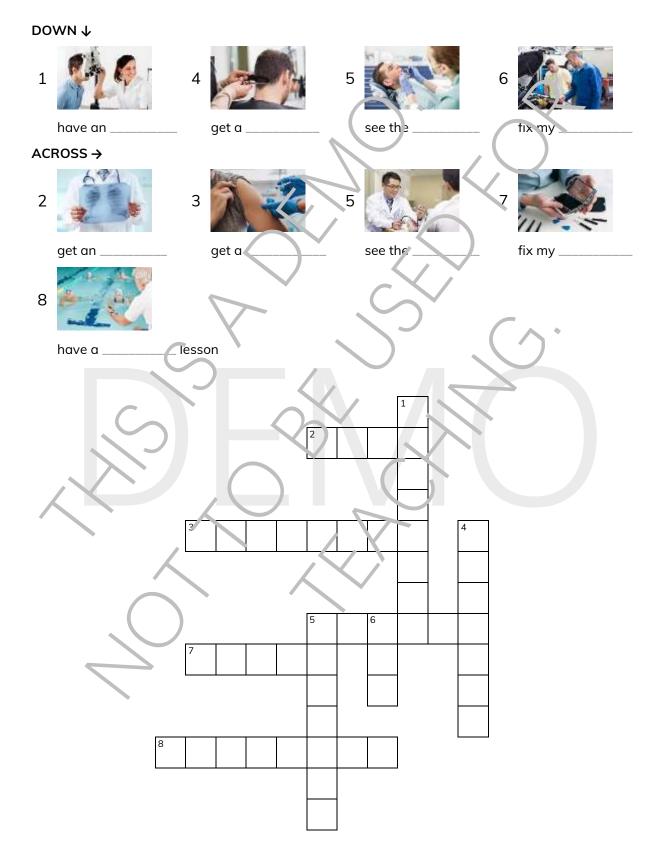
PART A:

Watch the video: *Saying the date (Part A)*

Match the dates.



Review crossword







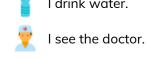
Introduction

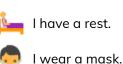
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HEALTH: TASK 1

PART A: Look at the pictures. Answer the questions.







Watch the video: Vocabulary

Match the words with the pictures.

cough	runny nose	headache	
stomach ache	sore throat	rash	
cut	sore back	iever	
	· ·		
	A CONTRACT OF A		

Say the words.

Ask questions.

Question	Answer
Do you have a <u>headache</u> ?	Yes, I do.
	No, I don't.

HEALTH: TASK 3

Practise asking and answering.





Watch the video: *At the medical centre*

Tim goes to the medical centre. He talks to the receptionist.

Write the sentences in the correct place.			
Yes, no problem.	M name is Tim Cole.	Yes, it's my first time here.	
Thank you.	<u></u>	l have arı appointment at 3 o'clock.	
Hi. How can I help you:			
Can i have your name pl	lease?		
)	
Is it your first time here?			
Can you please fill in this	s form?		
<u></u>			
Please have a seat. The	doctor will see you soon.		
<u></u>			

Read it aloud.

THIS IS A DEMONSTRATION COPY. NOT TO BE USED FOR TEACHING. IT CANNOT BE EDITED. ENGLISH EXPRESS BEGINNER WORKBOOK © BERNARD MILES 2021 Tim is at the medical centre.

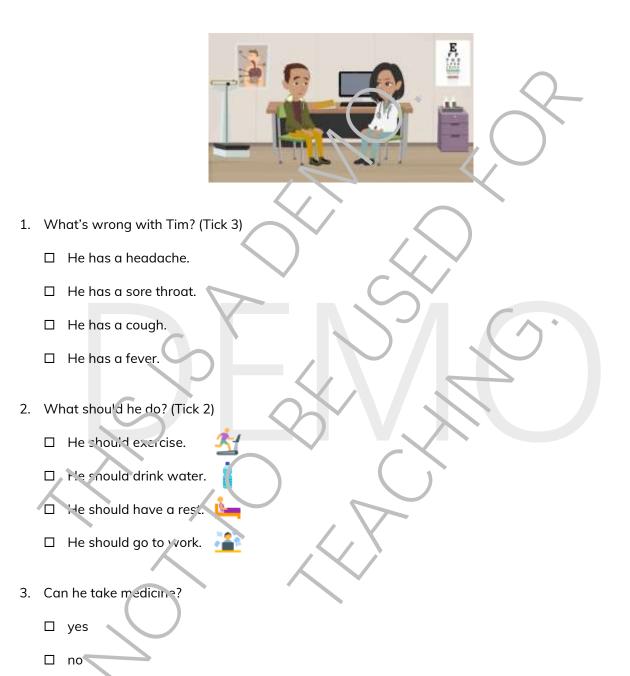
Photo Card Tim COLE 38 HIGH ST GREENHILL NSW 2440 Tim COLF 39 HIGH ST GREENHILL NSW 2440 Tim COLF 1 TIM COLF Code of Bith Tim COLF Code of Bith Code of Bith Tim COLF Code of Bith Code o
Greenhill I Iedical Centre New Patient Registration Form PERSONAL DETAILS Title: Mr. Mrs Miss Ms Dr. Other:
Given name: Family name: Date of birth:// Gencien:
Postcode: State: Home phone: 5550 0961 Mobile phone: 0491 574 632
MEDICARE CARD Medicare card number:
Reference number (next to name): Expiry date:/
EMERGENCY CONTACT DETAILS
Given name: Susan Family name: Cole
Phone number: 0491 570 159 Relationship: Wife

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Watch the video: *Talking to the doctor*

Tim is sick. He talks to the doctor.

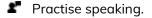
Listen and answer the questions.



- 4. What medicine can he take?
 - □ paracetamol
 - □ antibiotics

HEALTI	H: TASK 7	Reading	and speaking
• Tim	d it aloud. is sick. calks to the doctor.	Tim	Doctor
	Hi Tim. Please have a seat.		
9	Thanks.	\langle	
	How are you today?		
9	I'm sick.	$\langle \rangle$	
	What's wrong?		
9	I have a headache and a sore threat		
	Do you have a cough?	(\land)	•
9	Yes, I do.	\bigcirc	
	Do you have a fever?	$\overline{}$	
9	No, I dor't.		
	Car you open your mouth, please? You have a cold.		
	What should I do?		
	You should drink water and have a rest.		
9	Can I take medicine?		
	Yes you can take some paracetamol.		
9	OK. Thank you, Doctor.		
	No problem. Have a nice day.		

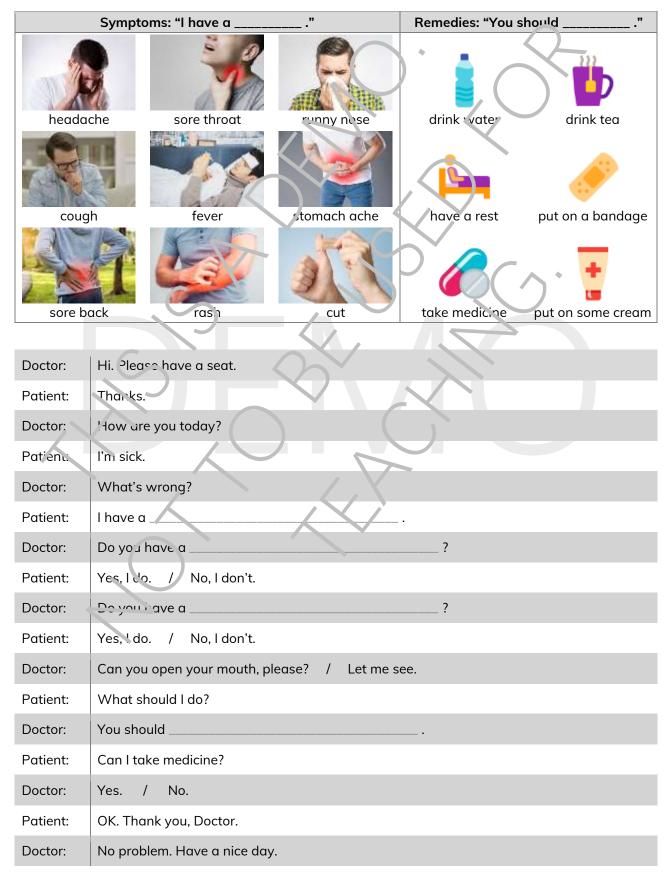
HEALTH: TASK 8

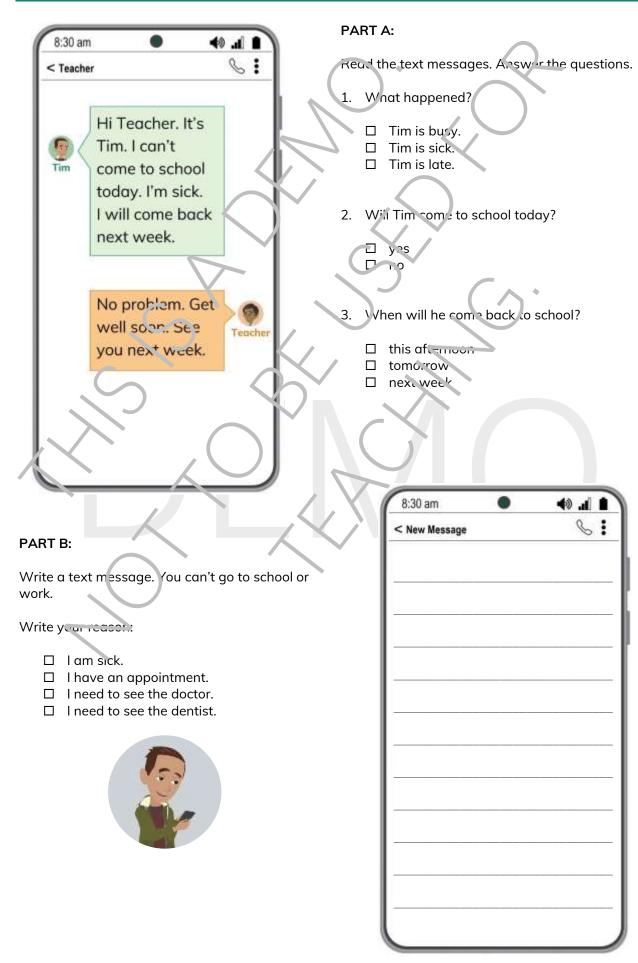


- Person 1: You are the doctor.
- Person 2: You are the patient.



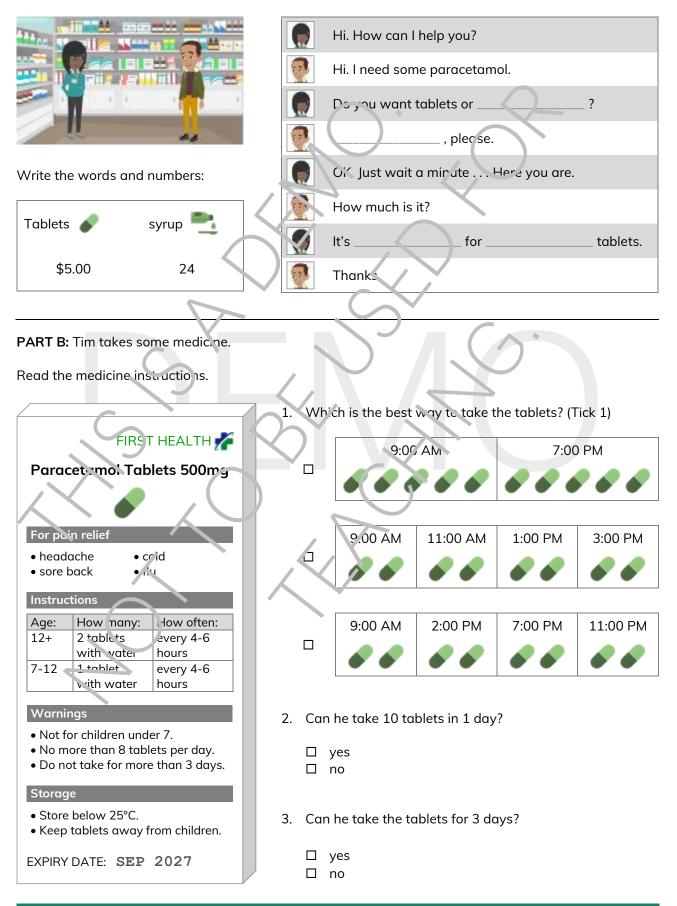
- Practise speaking.
- Person 1: You are the doctor.
- Person 2: You are the patient.





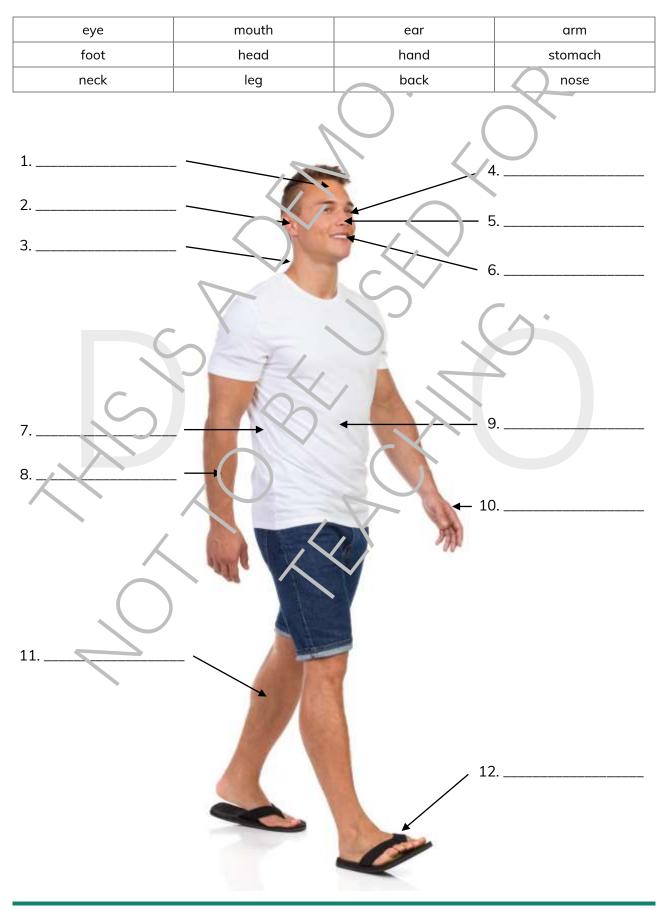
PART A: Tim is at the chemist. He buys some medicine.

Watch the video: *Buying medicine*



Watch the video: Parts of the body

Match the words with the parts of the body.



HEALTH: TASK 13

Look at the pictures. Tick the correct sentences.



Note: These have the same meaning.

I have a <u>sore</u> back. = I have a back<u>ache</u>. = I have a <u>pain</u> in my back.

Sometimes, the doctor asks you for your **age**, your **height** and your **weight**.

Personal information



Look at the personal information for euch pat ent. Fill in the blank spaces.

at less		Doctor:	How old are you?
	Age: 75yrs	Patient:	l'm years old.
	Height: 165cm	Doctor:	how tall are you?
	Height. Desch	Patient:	I'm centimetres.
	Weiaht: 84kg	Dector.	How much do you weigh?
16	Weight. 04kg	Fatient:	l'mkiios.

	Coctor: How old are you?
Age: 34yrs	Patient: I'm years old.
Height: 170cm	Doctor: How call are you?
Height 170cm	Patient: i'm centimetres.
V/eight: \3kg	Doctor: How much do you weigh?
	Patient: I'm kilos.

Age: 4yrs Height: 102cm Weight: 16kg		Doctor:	How old is she?	
	Parent:	She's	_ years old.	
	Hoight: 102cm	Doctor:	How tall is she?	
	Parent:	She's	_ centimetres.	
	Weight: 16kg	Doctor:	How much does she	weigh?
		Parent:	She's	_ kilos.

Practise asking and answering.

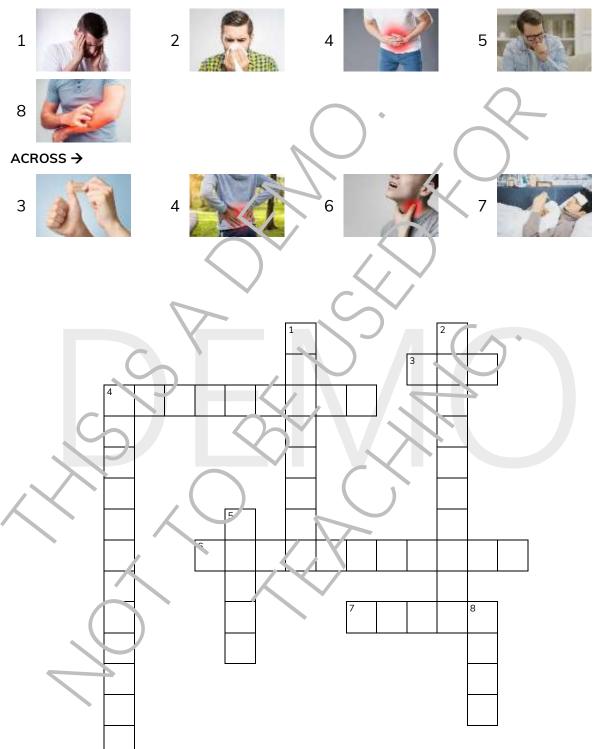
Watch the video: Age, height and weight (Part A)

Match the age, height or weight.

forty-five years old	67kg
	U Kg
a hundred and sixty centimetres	25yrs
sixty-seven kilos	176cm
twenty-five years old	45yrs
fifty-nine kilos	85kg
a hundred and seventy-six centimetres	160cm
thirty-three years old	59kg
eighty-five kilos	33yrs
• Watch the viaco: Age, height and weight (Part B)	
Write the cge, height or weight.	
a hundred and thirty six centimetres	136cm
seventy-one kilos	
sixty years old	
a hundred and firty-five centimetres	
ninety-four kilos	
forty-two years old	
a hundred and fifty-eight centimetres	
fifty-three kilos	

Review crossword

DOWN ↓





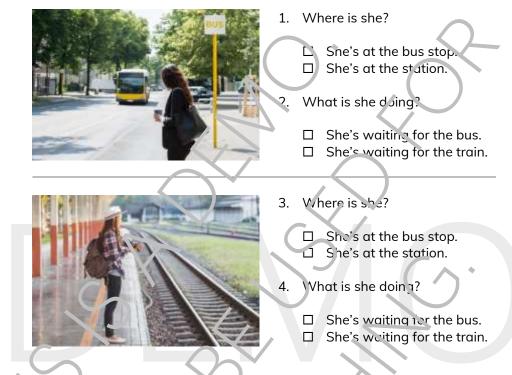


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TRANSPORT: TASK 1

Introduction

PART A: Look at the pictures. Answer the questions.



PART B: LOOK at the nictures. What can you ser?



Do you have a car?

- Do you have a bicycle?
- Do you have a motorbike?

Watch the video: *Vocabulary*

Match the words with the pictures.

catch a train	drive a car ride a bicycle		
walk	catch a bus	catch a tram	
catch a ferry	ride a motorbike	coʻlch 1 taxi	



Say the words.

Ask questions.

Question	Answer
Do you <u>catch a bus</u> to school?	Yes, I do.
	No, l don't.

Note: tram = light rail

Watch the video: *How do you come to school?*

Two friends talk about transport.



Write the words and numbers in the correct place.

Bayside	catch a bus	15 minutes
Greenhill	ر ride a bicycle	25 minutes

	Where do you live?
	I live in
	How do you come to school?
	How long does it take?
	It takes about How about you? Where do you live?
) live in
(How do you come to school?
(How long does it take?
	i't takes about

Practise asking and answering.

- 1. Where do you live?
- 2. How do you come to school?
- 3. How long does it take?

Watch the video: Safe cycling tips

Write the sentences in the poster.

Be careful at night.	Keep 1 metre from cars.			
Don't wear headphones.	Follow the rules.			
Signal before you turn.	Wear a helmet.			



Look at the bus timetable. Answer the questions.

😭 ХЗ7		Bus Timetable Route X37: Greenhill Hospital to Bayside Beach								
		AM (Morning) PM (Afterncon)								
Greenhill Hospital	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:'5	ز 12:1	1:15	2:15	3:15	4.15	5:15
Main Street	8:20	9:20	10:20	11:20	12:20	1:20	2.20	3:20	4:20	5:20
Greenhill Park	8:30	9:30	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:5.1	3:30	4:30	5:30
High Street	8:35	9:35	1.'`35	11:35	12:35	1:35	2:35	3:35	4:35	5:35
Bayside Market	8:45	2.42	1():45	11:45	12:45	1:45	2:45	3:45	4:45	5:45
Bayside Beach	8:50	9:50	10:50	11:50	12:50	1:50	2:50	3:50	4:50	5:50



Tina is at Greenhill Hospital. She is going to High Street. It's 10:00 AM now.



David is at Greenhill Park. He is going to Bayside Market. It's 3:25 PM now.

- 1. When is the next bus?
 - □ 10:15 A.M □ 11:15 AM
- 2. When does the bus get to High Street?
 - □ 10:20 AM □ 10:35 AM
- 3. How long does it take?

□ 20 minutes □ 1 hour

- 4. When is the next bus?
 - □ 3:30 PM
 - □ 3:40 PM
- 5. When does the bus get to Bayside Market?
 - □ 3:35 PM
 - □ 3:45 PM
- 6. How long does it take?
 - □ 15 minutes
 - □ 30 minutes

TRANSPORT: TASK 6

Jason is waiting for a train.

He is at Central Station. He is going to Auburn.

He looks at a train timetable on his phone.



Are these sentences correct? Tick 'yes' or 'no'.

1. The next train comes in 5 minutes	D yes	🗆 no
2. The next train comes 11. 10 minutes.	🗆 yes	🗆 no
3. The next train comes at 9:25.	🗆 yes	🗆 no
4. The next train comes at 9:35.	🗆 yes	🗆 no
5. The train is on platform 10.	🗆 yes	🗆 no
6. The train is on platform 18.	🗆 yes	🗆 no
7. The train gets to Auburn at 9:25.	🗆 yes	🗆 no
8. The train gets to Auburn at 9:50.	🗆 yes	🗆 no
9. It takes 25 minutes to go to Auburn.	🗆 yes	🗆 no
10. It takes 45 minutes to go to Auburn.	□ yes	🗆 no

Read the sign about train rules.



Watch the video: Train rules

Watch the video: *Places around the city*

Tick the correct words.

 the airport the city 	 t've be uch the snopping centre 	 the museum the cinema
the hotel	□ the zoo	□ the aiport
 ☐ the museum ☐ the city ☐ the bench 	□ the zoo □ the shopping centre □ the university	□ the cinema□ the museum□ the beach
the shopping centre the botel the cirport	☐ the zoo☐ the beach☐ the city	 the shopping centre the university the airport

Say the words.

Ask questions.

Question	Answer	
Are you going to the city this week?	Yes, I am.	
	No, l'm not.	

Watch the video: *Max's holiday*



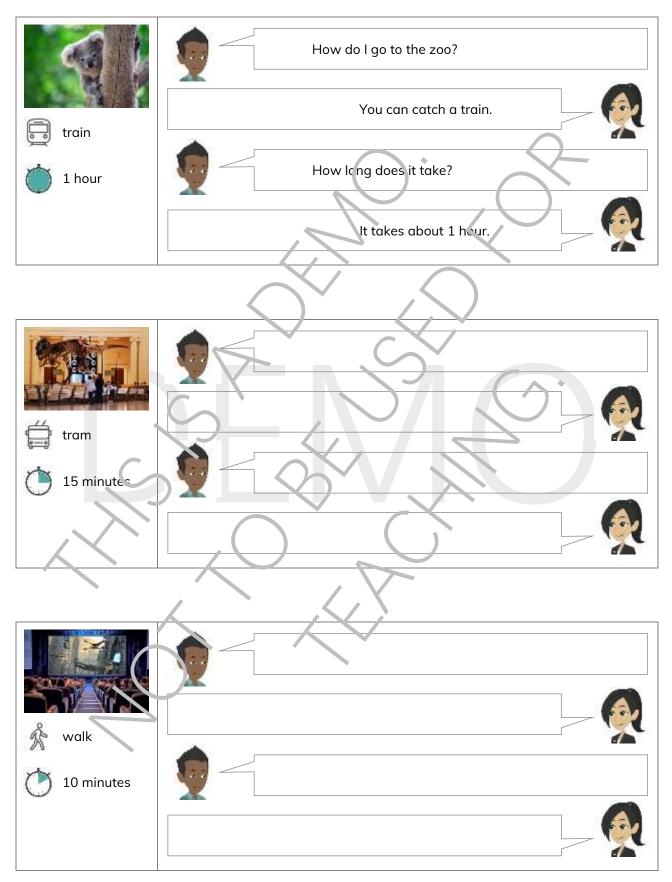
Where is Max going each day? (Tick 1 or 2 for each day.)



Practise asking and answering: What are you doing on <u>Monday</u>?

TRANSPORT: TASK 10

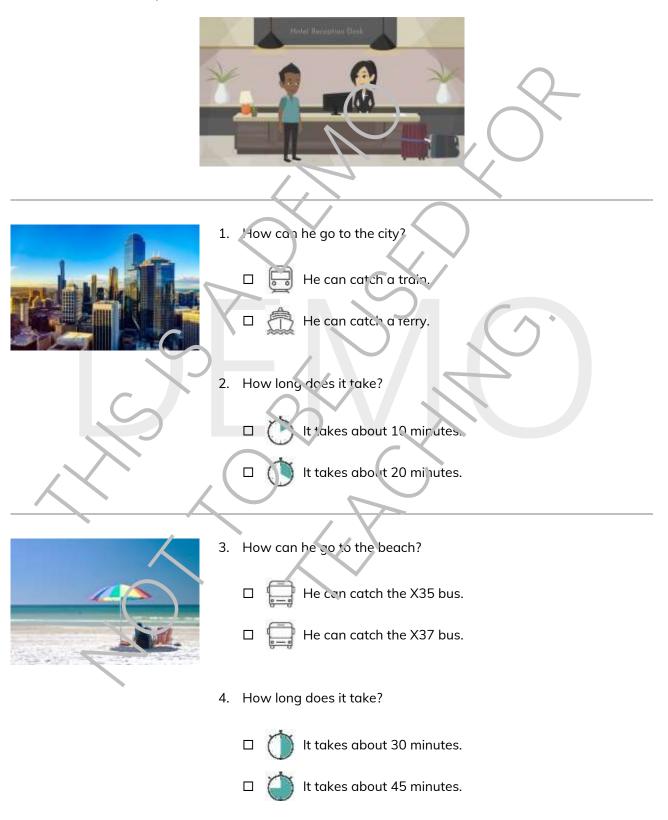
Practise asking and answering.



Watch the video: *Asking about transport*

Max is at the hotel. He asks the receptionist about transport.

Listen and answer the questions.



TRANSPORT: TASK 12

Reading and speaking

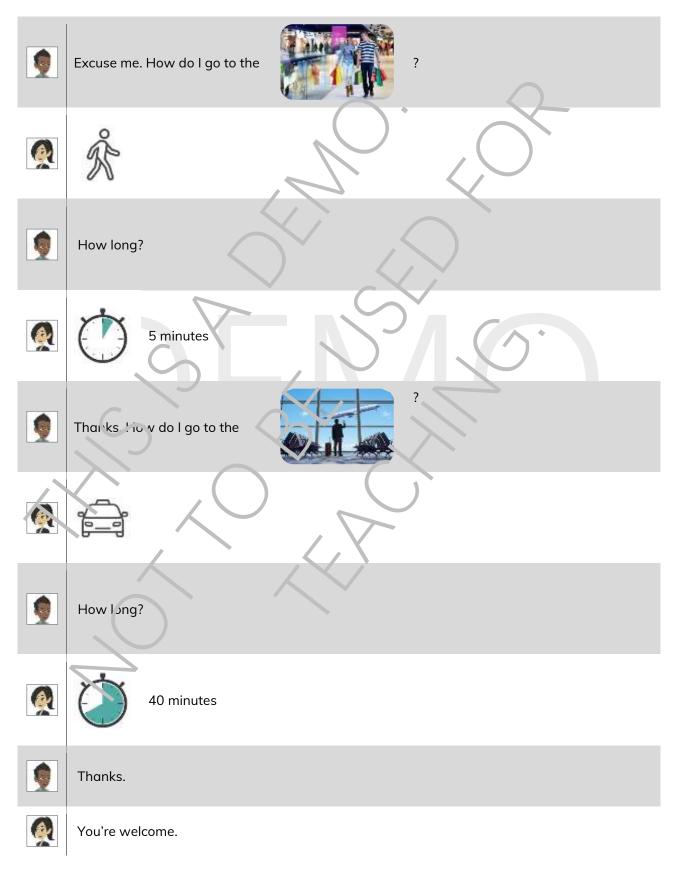
- Read it aloud.
- Max is at the hotel.
- He asks the receptionist about transport.



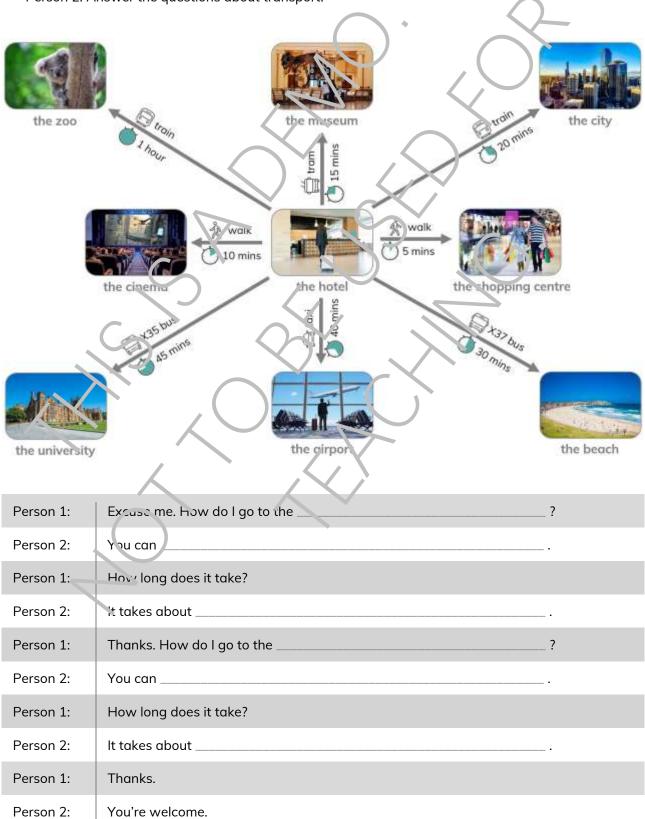


Practise speaking.

- Person 1: Ask about transport.
- Person 2: Answer the questions about transport.



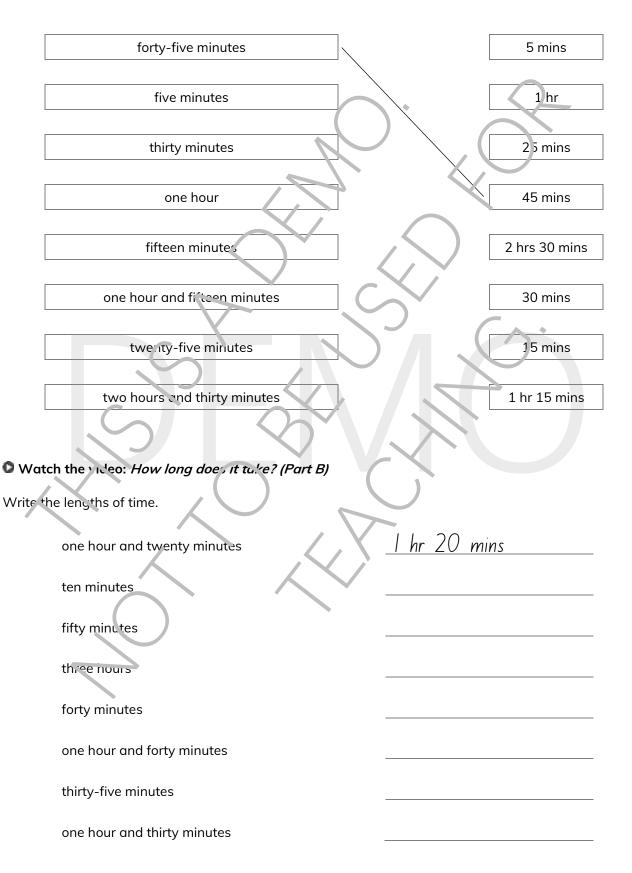
- Practise speaking.
- Person 1: You are at the hotel. Ask about transport.
- Person 2: Answer the questions about transport.



Talk about your city or town.

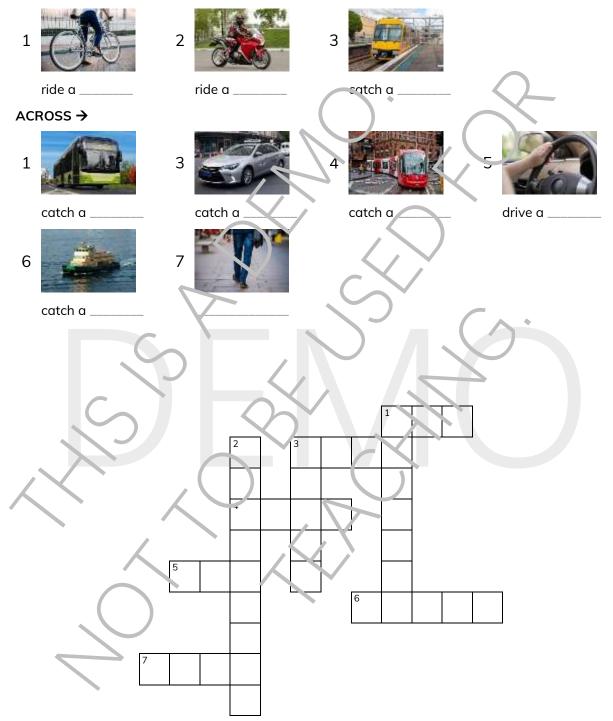
Watch the video: *How long does it take? (Part A)*

Match the lengths of time.



Review crossword

DOWN ↓



Templates

English Express Beginner Workbook

The templates include class surveys, forms, calendars and other texts that are related to the lessons in this book. There are no instructions for these templates – you can use them to create your own activities.

Class Survey: Introductions Extra practice for Basic Skills: Task 3	156
Class Survey: Birthdays Extra practice for Basic Skills: Task 10	157
Form: Course Enrolment Extra practice for Going to Class: Task 12	158
Class Timetable Extra practice for Going to Class (whole topic)	159
Weekly Planner Extra practice for Around Town: Task 3 / Appointments: Task 3	160
Appointment Cards Extra practice for Appointments: Task 10	161
Text Messages Extra practice for any topic	162
Calendar Extra practice for Appointments: Task 12	163
Calendar (Blank) Extra practice for Appointments: Task 12	164
Form: Medical Centre Extra practice for Health: Task 5	165
Class Survey: Transport Extra practice for Transport: Task 3	166

Class Survey: Introductions

What's your name?	Where do you come from?	Where do you live?
	· ·	Q
		201
S		
	O, O	

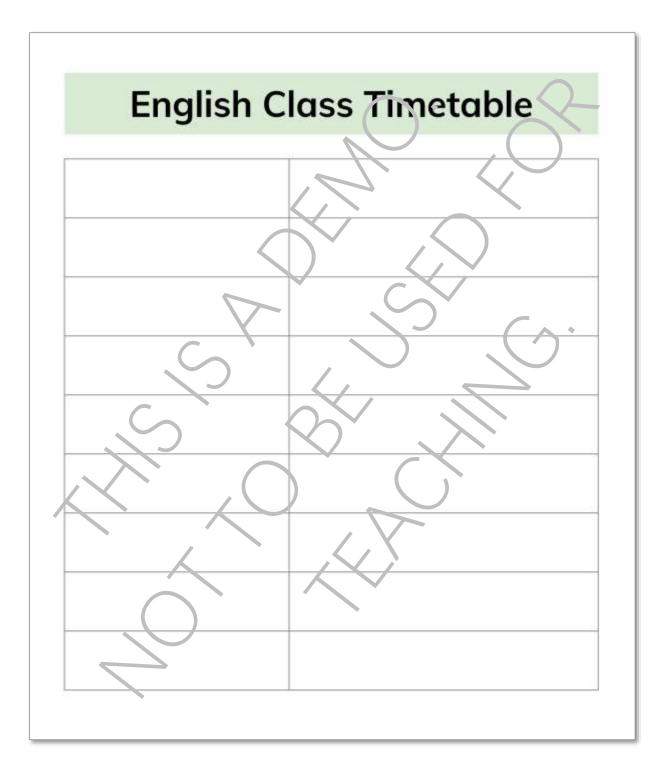
Class Survey: Birthdays

Name:	When is your birthday?
	\bigcirc
	949

Form: Course Enrolment

EXPRESS COLLEGE English Course Enrolment Form	
Given name:	Family name:
Date of birth:// /	Country of origin:
Address:	Suburb:
Postcode:	State:
Home phone:	Mobile phone:
English Level: Beginner Level 1	Level 2 Level 3
EXPRESS COLLEGE	
English Course Enrolment Form First name:	Lośt name:
Date of birth://	Country of origin:
Address:	Suburb:
Postcode:	State:
Home phone:	Mobile phone:
English Level: 🗆 Beginner 🛛 Level 1	Level 2 Level 3

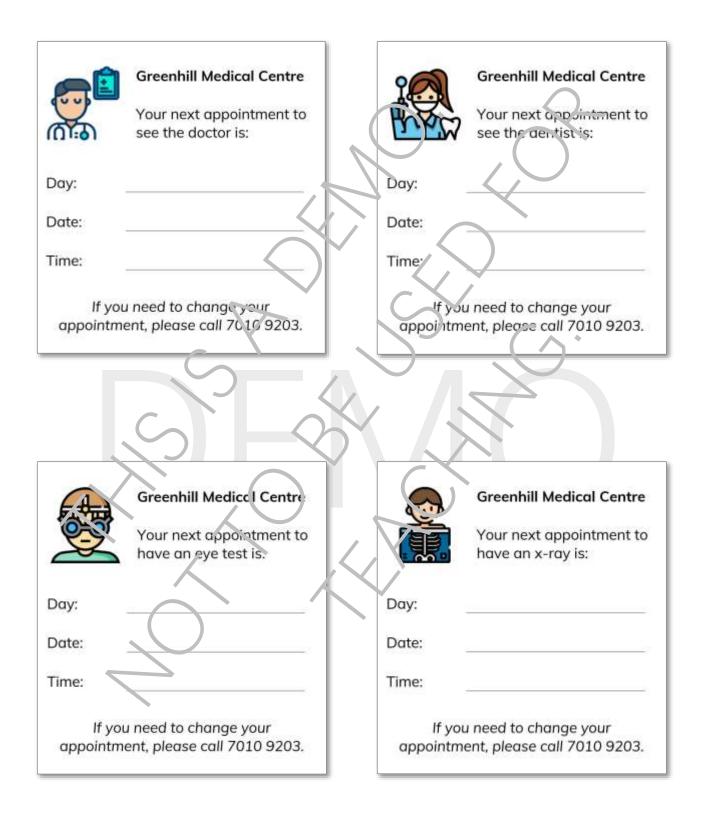
Class Timetable



Weekly Planner



Appointment Cards



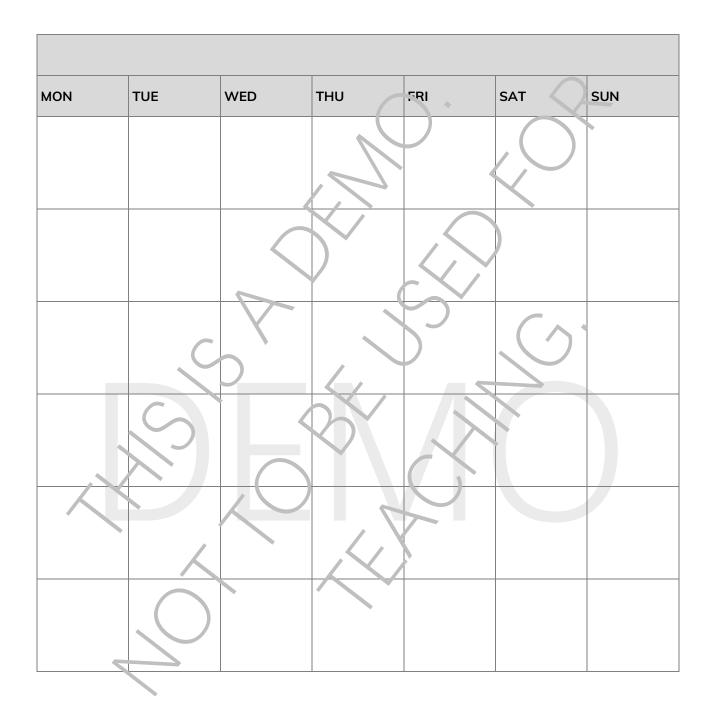
Text Messages



Calendar



Calendar



Form: Medical Centre

Greenhill Medical Centre New Patient Registration Form	R
PERSONAL DETAILS	
Title: 🗆 Mr 🗆 Mrs 🗆 Miss 🗆 Mis 🗆 Dr 🔤] Otner:
Given name: Family name:	
Date of birth:/ Gender: D Male	□ Female □ Other
Address: Suburb:	
Postcode: State:	
Home phone: Mobile phone:	
MEDICARE CARD	
Medicare card number:	
Reference number (r.ex. to name):	/
EMERGENCY CONTACT DETAILS	
Given name: Family name:	
Phone number: Relationship:	

Class Survey: Transport

Name:	Where do you live?	How do you come to school?	How long does it take?
			\bigcirc
		O	\mathbf{x}
		516	5
5			

Answer Key and Guide

English Express Beginner Workbook

Basic Skills	168
Going to Class	171
Around Town	174
At the Café	176
House Hunting	178
At the Market	181
Appointments	183
Health	186
Transport	189

BASIC SKILLS

Summary of the chapter

- Alphabet (upper and lower case)
- Names (asking for the spelling)
- Introductions
- Numbers 0-9 (phone numbers)
- Numbers 10-100 (prices)
- Numbers 20-99 (age)
- Time (o'clock, quarter past, half past, quarter to)
- Days of the week
- Months of the year (and seasons)
- Calendar (dates)
- Years (date of birth)
- Personal information (filling in a form)
- Signs
- Things in the classroom
- Instructions (classroom instructions)
- Questions (basic conversation questions)

This chapter covers a range of pre-beginner skills and knowledge. You can use it as a diagnostic tool to see which basic skills your students still need to learn.

Task 1: Alphabet

PART A

Answers

Write	e the	uppe	er cas	e let	ters:							
a	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k		m
Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1		К	L	Μ
n	0	р	q	r	S	t	u	v	w		у	z
Ν	0	Ρ	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	∇U	X	Y	Ζ
Write	e the	lowe	er cas	e lett	ers:							
Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	H		J	K	L	М
a	b	с	d	е	f	g	h		j	k	1	m
Ν	0	Р	Q	R	S	1	U	V	W	Х	Y	Ζ
n	0	р	q	r	S	t	Ľ	V	w	х	у	z

Teacher notes

- Play the video either b(fore or after students attempt the tas)
 Extra ideas
- Say a letter. Students listen and point to the letter.
- Point to a letter. Students cay the letter.

PART B:

Answers

UPPER CASE

Y N

lower case

p i d Extra ideas

Say some letters aloud. Student Sisten and write them down.

w

0

m a g

В

k

Task 2: Names

Answers		
PART A	Hanna	Mateo
PART B	Frank	Fcrah
PART C	Beth	Tim
PART D	Max	Alina
Teacher n	otos	

0

v

- Teacher notes
- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.
- Remind students that the first letter of a person's name is capitalised.

Extra ideas

- Students practise asking for each other's names, asking for the spelling, and writing it down. This can be done either in pairs or in a larger group.
- Encourage students to use strategies to clarify information. Example: Can you repeat that, please?

Task 3: Introductions

Teacher notes

- Remind students that names, countries, and suburbs/towns/ cities are capitalised.
- I come from _____ is similar to I am from _____

Extra ideas

- If students come from different countries, write the names of the countries on the board for other students to see.
- Students could use an online noticeboard (e.g. Padlet) to write and share their introductions.

Task	: 4: Nu	mbers	0 to 9		
Writ	e the I	number	s		
Ansv	N .:rs		•		
7	3	1	5	6	
2	9	8	4	0	
1 + 70	h⊧ no	otes			

• File, the video either before or after students attempt the task. Extra ideas

- Cav a number. Students listen and point to the number.

- Point to a number. Students say the number. (Or search for a virtual 'dice roller' on the internet.)
- Vrite the phone nu ∩bers

Answers

- PART A Tim 0491
- Tim 0491 574 6?2 Alina 0491 572 549
- PART B

Beth 0191 5/1 126

Mateo 9491 570 1.56

Teacher notes

- There are two versions of the viceo: one with captions and one without coptions. Use the viceo vithout captions to focus on listening skills.
- When we say phone <u>rumbers</u> we can also use the words double and triple.

Extra ideas

• Say some random prone rumbers. Students listen and type the numbers into theil prone (without actually dialling).

Task 5: Nurwers 10 above					
PAR	TA				
Ans	wers				
13	10	10	14	18	
17	19	11	15	12	

17 19 1 Teachel notes

Play the video either before or after students attempt the task.
 Extra ideas

- Say a number. Students listen and point to the number.
- Point to a number. Students say the number.

PART B						
Ansv	Answers					
30	60	90	10	50		
70 20 40 100 80						
Teacher notes						

Teacher notes

- Play the video either before or after students attempt the task.
- 100 can be either one hundred or a hundred.
- Remind students that 40 is spelled forty, not fourty.

Extra ideas

- Say a number. Students listen and point to the number.
- Point to a number. Students say the number.
- Do pronunciation practice on -teen vs. -ty (e.g. 13 vs. 30).

PART C

Answers	
\$10.20	\$15.90
\$18.50	\$19.40
\$11.00	\$90.00

Extra ideas

- Say a price. Students listen and point to the price.
- Point to a price. Students say the price.

BASIC SKILLS

PART D

PART	D				Asking for the time
Answ					Answers
book	\$13.00			bottle \$10.50	10:30 AM 1:15 PM 7:45 PM 8:00 AM 12:30 PM 3:15 PM
	ator \$14.90	lamp	\$20.00	printer \$70.00	Teacher notes
	ner notes				 There are two versions of the video: one with captions and on
				ne with captions and o	
		Use the v	video witr	nout captions to focus	
	ning skills. ideas				• There are different acceptable ways to write the time
		المحاجمة	. In naire	atudanta adr anab atb	Examples: 10:30 AM, 10:30 am, 10.30 AM, 10.30 am. her: Extra ideas
			. in pairs,	students ask each oth	
	/ much is the _		ina catala	gue (either on paper	 Turn it into a speaking task. Students practise asking for th time
	ne) and ask ea				or time.
UIIII	lej ullu usk eu	ch other		prices.	Task 8: Days of the week
Task	6: Numbers 20) to 99			Whethe days of the week in order
PART					Answers
Answ					Monday
87	59 36	72 2	8		Tuesday
93	21 45	99 6	4		Wednesday
Teach	ner notes				Thursday
 The 	video is long	and cov	vers the r	umbers 20-99. You u	un iriday
enco	ourage student	s to use	it for self-	study.	Saturday
	ideas			<pre></pre>	Sunday
		udents li	sten and	point to the number (
	e the number).				 Play the vidro either before or after students attempt the task
	it to a number.	Students	s say the I	number	The first day of the week may vary according to the country of
PART					cultural/eligious considerations. Calendars usually start wit
Answ					either Sinday or Monday. According to the Internationa
Tim		rah 42			Orcanisation for Standardisation, Monday is the first day of
Hanno		ink 67			the week. Australia follows this convention.
Matec		na 20			 Remind students that days of the week are capitalised.
	ier notes	ione of th	o video: o	no with contions and o	Extru idec
				ne with captions and o nout captions to focus	
	ning skills.	Use the v	v deo will	iout cuptions to locus (on order. Matin the days
	5	is some	mes use	' instead of How o'd a	
	? in formal situ		ies use		Wed Wednesday
-	ideas				Sat Saturday
		appropr	iate to as	k for someon i's age. T	
				o ask for your age, and	
	be OK to ask				Mon Monday
,			5		Tue uesocy
Task	7: Time				Fri Friday
What	's the Um.e?				- (')
PART	. \: o'сlocк				Task 9: Months of the year
Ans [,] ,v	ers				V mic the months in order
10:00	ten o clock		8:00	eight o'clock	Answers
2:00	two o'clock			seven <u><u>'</u>clock</u>	1. January 7. July
PART	B: a quarter p	oast / fift	er.n		2. February 8. August
Answ	ers		\sim		3. Murch 9. September
5:15	a quarter po	ist five	11.15	a quarter past eleven	
	five fifteen			eleven fifteen	5. May 11. November
1:15	a quarter po	ist one	S:15	a quarter past six	6. June 12. December
	one fifteen	1)	six fifteen	Teacher notes
	C: half past !	thirty			 Play the video either before or after students attempt the task
Answ					 Remind students that months are capitalised.
3:30	half past the	'ee	9:30	half past nine	Extra ideas
	three thaty			nine thirty	 Say a month. Students listen and point to the month.
4:30	half past for	K.		half past twelve	 Point to a month. Students say the month.
D / C -	four thirty			twelve thirty	 Cut up the months into cards. Students put them in order.
	D: a quarter t	o / forty	-tive		Answer the questions about seasons
Answ			C 15		Answers (southern hemisphere)
1:45	a quarter to		6:45	a quarter to seven	Which months are in summer? Which months are in autumn?
4.45	one forty-fiv		10.45	six forty-five	December March
4:45	a quarter to			a quarter to eleven	January April February May
	COULT TOTTY-TO				

4:45 a quarter to five four forty-five

Teacher notes

 Play the video either before or after students attempt the task. Extra ideas

Asking for the time Answers

Λ

- ne on
- ne.
- he

- sk.
- or ith
- nal of
- in

April January February May Which months are in winter? Which months are in spring? September June October July August November

ten forty-five

[•] Watch the bonus video: AM and PM.

BASIC SKILLS

Answers (northern hemisphere)

Which months are in summer?	Which months are in autumn?
June	September
July	October
August	November
Which months are in winter?	Which months are in spring?
December	March
January	April
February	Μαγ
Tanahannataa	-

Teacher notes

- There are separate videos for southern and northern hemispheres.
- Seasons are not capitalised (except when starting a sentence).
- Autumn is called fall in some countries (Canada and USA).
- Extra ideas
- Talk about the weather and temperature in each season. Example: Is January hot or cold?

Task 10: Calendar

PART A

Teacher notes

• There are different acceptable ways to write out the date Examples: June 12, June 12th, 12 June, 12th of June.

Extra ideas

- Students share their birthday. Others listen and c. cle the date.
- Discuss your local public holidays and their dates.
- Practise ordinal numbers (1st, 2nd, 3rd, otc.). Students can say the date without using ordinal numbers, but it may be useful for students to be aware of ordinal numbers.

PART B

Teacher notes

• This book uses the day/mon h corvention of writing the date in numerals. Usually, the year is added as vell (day/month/year) in formal writing and official documentation. This is the Australian/UK/European convention. North America writes the date as n onth/day/year and much of Asia writes the date as year/month/day. Remind students to be careful about writing the date when communicating across cultures. When in doubt, write the month in words to avoid any misunderstanding.

Extra ideas

 \bullet Say ary date. Students listen and write th \cdot date in numerals. PART c

Answers

Wednesday Monday Tuesday Saturday Sunday Thursday Friday Wednesday

Task 11: Years

PART A

Answers

2025 2021 2015 2000 2000 1996 1984 1972 Teacher notes

- Play the video entre periore or after students attempt the task.
 Extra ideas
- Students share their birthday. Others listen and circle the date. **PART B**

Answers

- 2030: twenty thirty
- 2022: twenty twenty-two
- 2018: twenty eighteen / two thousand and eighteen
- 2003: two thousand and three
- 1994: nineteen ninety-four
- 1985: nineteen eighty-five

PART C

- Answers
- Mateo 1970
- Hanna **1992** Alina **2001**

Teacher notes

• There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Task 12: Personal information

- Teacher notes
- The video is optional.
- Students fill in the form and answer the questions with their own information. Alternatively, students could use the information in the video to fill in the form and answer the questions (if they do not want to evea their own personal information).

• What's your country of origin? :: form I and Where do you come from? is more common in every a conversation. It may recore that a person's country of birth or their original nationality. Extra ideas

· Students practise filling in real-line forms.

Treate online forms (e.a. Google Forms) for students to practise completing.

Task 13: Signs Teacher notes

• Encourage students to read the signs aloud before watching the viden.

Extra ideas

- Students discuss what is happening in each scene of the video.
- Students identify the shapes they see in each sign.
- Sudents wo'k around the building and identify real-life signs.

⊤ask 14: Things in the classr. om

Answers			
table	chair	book	folder
pen	noteLook	pt.one	computer
whiteboard	bockshelf	clock	bin
feacher notes			

reacher notes

- The video (Thing, in the classroom) may be shown either before or ofter students attempt the task.
- Some of the vocabulary have alternatives, which may have minor differences in meaning. Examples: table/desk, chair seat, book shelf/bookcase, computer/laptop.

Extra id. as

- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the words).
- Cut up the words and pictures. Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Examples: door, window, light switch, cupboard.
- Ask students: What can you see in our classroom?
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: There is a bookshelf in the room.
- Practise counting and using plural forms: Example: There are 12 chairs in the room.
- Create sentences that demonstrate how to use verbs and prepositions with the classroom items. Examples: Sit on the chair. Write on the whiteboard. Look at the clock.

Task 15: Instructions

Extra ideas

• Write a sentence on the board. Tell students: Copy the sentence. Underline the word ______. Circle the word ______. Cross out the word ______.

Task 16: Questions

Teacher notes

• These are simple questions that students can answer each day. As they become more confident, add follow-up questions and expand the conversations.

GOING TO CLASS

Answer key and guide

Summary of the chapter

- Vocabulary: School activities
- Reading class timetables
- Time: including o'clock, a quarter past, half past, and a quarter to
- Making a spoken enquiry about a class
- Vocabulary: school facilities
- Reading a floor plan of a school; identifying symbols
- Prepositions of place: next to, opposite, between
- Filling in a school enrolment form
- Asking and answering guestions about personal details
- Reading a letter from the school
- Introducing yourself to the teacher

Note: The words school and college are both used in this chapter.

Task 1: Introduction	
PART A	
Answers	
1. They are students.	3. He is a teacher.
2. They are learning English.	4. He is teaching English.
Teacher notes	
 There is an optional video (Ir 	ntroduction) for this task
Extra ideas	

- Students describe the picture in more detail. Prompts: Where are they? (classroom/school) What can you see in the picture? (whiteboard, bookshelf)
- Grammar lesson on the verb be. Examples: I and ____ . You are _ . She/He is ____ . We are ____ . Thev are _

PART B Answers

- 1. start class
- 2. practise reading 3. r ractise writing 4. have a tea break 5. practise listening 6. practise speaking
- 8. use the computer 9. finish class 7. have lunch

Teacher notes

- Do not be too concerned about accurate answers in this ask. The purpose is to elicit longuage and ideas from the students.
- You may choose to use the video (Vocabulary) in this task, or wait until Task 2.

Task 2: Vocroulary

Answers

start class have a tea break have lunch

practise writing practise speaking finish class

Teacher notes

• The video (Vocabulary) may be shown either before or after students attempt the task.

practise reading

practise listening

use the computer

Extra ideas

- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the worus).
- Cut up the words and picture. Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Examples: watch a video, learn grammar, learn vocabulary, do group work.
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: I like to use the computer.

Task 3: Reading

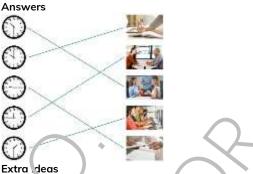
PART A

- Answers
- 1. 9:00 AM 2. 10:00 AM 3. 12:30 PM
- 4. 3:00 PM 5. have a tea break 6. practise speaking 7. use the computer

Ideas

Turn it into a speaking task. In pairs, students practise creating more questions and answering them. Examples: What time do they practise reading? What do they do at 10:00 AM?





Turn it into a speaking task. In pars, studen s practise asking and answering questions. Example What dr they do at 10:30?

Inner 7 ELVIII AS COLLEGE plish Class Trineto. 1e 100 AM Staticlass 115 AM Tractice conting 100 AM Heve a tea break 115 AM Practice (stening 145 AM Pri clise speaking 145 AM Pri clise speaking 145 AM Pri clise speaking			
200 AM Stoll class 200 AM Stoll class 216 AM Tractic weiting 210 AM Proclassing 215 AM Proclass istening 245 AM Proclass istening 245 AM Proclass istening 245 PM Flows narch	log more 9	E ENVIR AS COLLEGE	
15 AM Fractive mains 10 AM Fractic writing 10 AM Have alted break 15 AM Practice listening 145 AM Princise speciking 15 PM Fractice speciking	nglish C	lass T ⁱ .neto, ¹ e	
COLONN Proclamaning COLAN Have alter break COLAN Practice Istening 145 AM Prictice speaking CoLANN For cities speaking CoLANN For views har ch	10:00 AM	Stor-class	
In AM Heve a tea break It AA Practice Istening It AM Principies speeking It PM Flows harkh	0:15 AV	Type live rooting	
15 AA Produce Istening 45 AM Principle speaking ban PM Hows nanch	M L 0E:01	Proc. in writing	
45 AM Princise speaking	MA.P.,1	Hove a teo break	
2. Phi fave he ch	1:15 Am	Procise Istening	A *
	1:45 AM	Prictise speaking	
	2.5 TPM	• ave tach	
COU PM Use the computer	1:00 PM	Use the computer	-

icac'ier notes

There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Extra ideas

- After students have filled in the timetable, turn it into a speaking to k. Students ask and answer questions about the timetable.
- Play the via- 2 with captions. Turn the sound off. Students read o'ong.

FART B

Ansv ers ten c'cloc'. / ten

ten fifteen / a quarter past ten

ten thirty / half past ten

eleven forty-five / a quarter to twelve

Teacher Notes

 Remind students that there are usually two different ways to say the time.

Extra ideas

Students practise looking at the clock and saying the time. For example, at various times throughout the lesson, ask students to say the current time.

Task 5: Speaking

Answers What time do we practise reading? We practise reading at 11:15 (AM). What time do we use the computer? We use the computer at 11:45 (AM). What time do we have lunch? We have lunch at 12:30 (PM). What time do we practise writing? We practise writing at 1:00 (PM). **Teacher Notes**

Do the task as both a writing and a speaking task.

GOING TO CLASS

Task 6: Listening

Answers

1. Monday; Tuesday; Wednesday 2. 9:00 3. 12:30 4. 3:00 Teacher notes

 There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Task 7: Reading and speaking

Teacher notes

- A full transcript of the Task 6 dialogue is presented. Students can role-play the scenario and read it aloud. **Extra ideas**
- Focus on pronunciation: difficult sounds, linking, stress, intonation.
- Focus on useful words and phrases. Examples: How can I here you? I see. Thanks for your help. Have a nice day.
- Cut up the dialogue. Students put it in order.

Task 8: Speaking

. Teacher notes

• Students use the prompts to create a dialogue sindiar to the one in Tasks 6 and 7.

Extra ideas

- Encourage students to use strategies to clarify information. Example: Can you repeat that, please?
- Students write out the new analogue.

Task 9: Speaking

Teacher notes

• Students use the template to create another dialogue. This time, students can choose what to ask.

lib^rary

o fice

lin M

Task 10: Vocabuirry

Answers

classroom reception desk tea room computer room toilet exit

Tearne: notes

- The videa (Vocabulary) may be snown either before or after students attempt the task.
- Some of the vocabulary have alternatives. Examples: tea room: break room, kitch -nette toilet: bathroom, restroon, WC
- lift: elevator

Extra ideas

- Say the words alo id in rancom order. Students listen and point to the pictures.
- Students walk around descenool and identify the facilities.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of symptotic number, identify the stressed syllable.
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: We don't have a library in the school.

Task 11: Describing location

Answers

1. next to 2. opposite 3. between 4. next to 5. next to 6. between

Teacher notes

 Before attempting the task, students can look at the floor plan and identify the words and symbols.

Extra ideas

- Turn it into a speaking task. In pairs, students look at the floor plan and ask each other questions. Example: Where is the _____?
- Students can look at a real floor plan (for example, the building's emergency evacuation diagram).
- Students can draw a floor plan of the college/office.

Task 12: Filling in a form PART A

EXPRESS COLLEGE	
Given name: Alina	Famtuname Sharma
Date of birty \$15/11/2001	Country Congin: Nepal
Address 23 Holly Street	suburts Greenhill
ostcode: 2440	Storie NSW
Home phone: 5550 3941	Mabile phone 0491 572 549
English Level: Beeliner D Level 1	□Level 2 □Level 3

Teacher notes

- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.
- TI is form us a Australian conventions: DD/MM/YYYY date format, sub irb, four-digit postcode and state.
- Fumily name can also be reverred to as surname or last name.
- Country of origin may all o be phresed as country of birth. Some iorms may ask for nationality, which may or may not be the pame as a person's country of origin.

Extra ideas

- Students fill in the form with their own information (see the appendix for an xtra lank form).
- Fill in the form based on the information given in the video, but include some smull mistakes. Print it out. Students listen to the video and corruct the mistakes.

PART P

- Answers
- 1. What's your 'amily name? 2. Can you spell that, please? / Can you please spell that?

. What's your date of birth?

- 4. Where do you come from?
- 5. \` hat's your address?
- 6. What's your mobile phone number?
- 7. Can you repeat that, please? / Can you please repeat that?
- In pairs, students practise asking and answering the questions.

Task 13: Reading

Answers

1. English for Beginners 2. March 24 3. 24 4. December 17 5. 17 6. Wednesday, Thursday, Friday 7. 5:00 PM 8. 8:30 PM Teacher notes

• The letter is presented in a different font to the one used throughout the book. The lower case a and g look different. Extra ideas

Extra laea

- Explore the structure and layout of the letter: sender details, recipient's name, letter body, sign-off.
- Students practise reading the letter aloud.
- Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each other questions about the letter. Example: What is the course name?
- Students practise making questions with what and when.

Task 14: Listening and speaking Answers Hi. I'm a new student. My name is Alina. Nice to meet you, too. I come from Nepal. Thank you.

Teacher notes

• There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Extra ideas

- Cut up the dialogue. Students put it in order.
- In pairs, students perform the dialogue, this time using their own personal information.

own personal informe	ation.
Task 15: Saying the ti	me
PART A	
Answers	
nine o'clock	9:00
a quarter past ten	10:15
half past twelve	12:30
a quarter to twelve three o'clock	11:45 3:00
half past one	1:30
eleven o'clock	1:50
five o'clock	5:00
PART B	
Answers	
a quarter past nine	9:15
ten o'clock	10:00
one o'clock	1:00
two o'clock	2:00
half past ten	10:30
a quarter past eleven	11:15
a quarter to nine	8.45
half past eight	8:30
Teacher notes	
	show, either before or after students
attempt the task.	
Extra ideas	
	ic. extra practice. Read out come units.
Students listen and w	/rite tr em down.
Task 16: Crossword	
Answers	
	a
	s r
9	
c	omputer
	e
4	
t e a b	reck
	k 5 r 6 f
	listening
	n a n
⁸ w r i t	ing di
	1 S
	⁹ I u n c h
	9

AROUND TOWN

Summary of the chapter

- Vocabulary: places around town
- Reading a weekly planner
- Prepositions of place: on, next to, opposite, between
- Asking for and giving directions
- Reading information brochures of local services/businesses
- Calling the library for information
- Vocabulary: library rules
- Reading and writing text messages to arrange a meeting
- Phone numbers

Task 1: Introduction

Answers

- 1. She is looking at a map.
- 2. She is at the car park.
- 3. She is going to the café.

Teacher notes

- There is an optional video (Introduction) for this task
 Extra ideas
- Ask students if they use the map on their phone.
- Grammar lesson on present continuous.

PART B

Answers

- 1. library 2. café 3. bank 4. chemist
- 5. school 6. medical centre 7. park 8. port office

9. car park 10. market 11. restaurant 12. police station Teacher notes

- Do not be too concerned about accurate an swers in this task. The purpose is to elicit language and ideas from the students.
- You may choose to use the video (Vocabulary) in this task, or wait until Task 2.

Task 2: Vocabulary

Answers

school library afé bank park chemist market car park restaurant post ffice police station medical centre Teacher notes

- The virieo (v',cabulary) may be shown e ther before or after study, ts attempt the task.
- School is a general word to refer to any learning institution such as college, university, high school, e.c.
- Café can be written with or without the acute accent. The accent helps to show that the e is not silent.
- Chemist can also be pharriac,' The word chemist is used in this book because it is common in overyday spoken languene. In North American English, the word drugstore is commonly used.
- A medical centre is a place that has a small variety of health services, for example, general practitioners (GPs), dentists and pathologists. Larger medical centres may have specialist doctors as will.
- When we refer to these places, we usually use a determiner such as the or a. Nowever, we often use school without a determiner: I'm going to school. (not: I'm going to the school.)
 Extra ideas
- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the words).
- Cut up the words and pictures. Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Examples: supermarket, train station, butcher, bakery, hardware store.
- Ask students: What places do you have in your suburb?
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: I go to the library every week.

Task 3: Reading

- Answers 1. Monday; 3:00 PM
- 3. Sunday; 1:00 PM
- Thursday, 1.00 PM
- 5. Thursday; 9:30 AM
- 7. Friday; 11:30 AM
- 6. Saturday; 7:30 PM 8. Monday, Tuesday and

2. Saturday; 2:30 PM

4. Friday; 4:00PM

Wednesday; 9:00 AM

Teacher notes

• The task uses present simple tense. It is appropriate to use present simple for future events that have already been scneauled. Present continuous could also be used.

xtra idea

Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each other questions about the text. Example: WI en do you go to the library? • Students practise making their own wisekly planner.

Task 4: Prepositions of place

Answers 1. on 2. opposite 3. next to 4. between 5. on 6. next to

- Teacher notes
- Before doing the task, tudents look at the map and become familiar with it. Ask students to identify the street names and places.
- Remind scudents that street names are capitalised.
- Extrc ideas
- Turn it in to a speaking task. Students ask each other questions about the mc p. Example: Where is the library?

Task 5: Speaking

A swer Where is the bank? The bank is on Hill Street Where is the car park: The car park is next to the medical centre. Where is the police station? The police station is opposite the chemist. Where is the post office? The post office is between the café and the bank. Teach r notes

Do the task as both a writing and a speaking task.

Tusk J. Directions

Answers

1. Go along 2. Go past 3. Turn right into 4. Turn left into 5. Go past

Teacher notes

- Co along is similar to walk along or go straight ahead.
- Turn left into and turn right into could also be turn left at and turn right at.

Extra ideas

- Turn it into a speaking task. Students work in pairs. One student chooses a starting point and then asks: How do I go to the _____?
- Choose a starting point. Give directions to an unknown destination. Students use their finger to follow your directions.

Task 7: Listening

PART A

Answers

1. the school 2. Walk along Bell Street. Turn right into Hill Street. Go past the library.

PART B Answers

1. the market 2. Walk along Short Street. Turn left into Main Street. Go past the restaurant.

Teacher notes

 There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

AROUND TOWN

Task 8: Reading and speaking

Teacher notes

• A full transcript of the Task 7 dialogue is presented. Students can role-play the scenario and read it aloud.

Extra ideas

- Focus on pronunciation: difficult sounds, linking, stress, intonation.
- Focus on useful words and phrases. Examples: Excuse me. I see. Is that right? Yes, that's right. Thank you so much. No worries!
- Cut up the dialogue. Students put it in order.

Task 9: Speaking

Teacher notes

 Students use the prompts to create a dialogue similar to the one in Tasks 7 and 8.

Extra ideas

- Encourage students to use strategies to clarify information. Example: Can you repeat that, please?
- Students write out the new dialogue.

Task 10: Speaking

Teacher notes

• Students use the template to create another dial que. This time, students can choose what to ask

Task 11: Reading

Answers			
1. 67	2. yes	3. 🕫	4. \$18
5.74	6. 5550 2981	7 8:00 AM	8. 5:00 PM
9. 54	10. yes	11. 3.00 PM	12. no
Teacher n	otes		

 A post office and newsagency are usually separate stores, but sometimes they are combined into one store.

Extra ideas

- Turn it into a spenking task. Students ask each other quiestion about the text. Example: What time does the chemist open on Monday?
- Students identing the parts of the information brochures: heading, opening hours, services, address, phone numbers, webuildress.
- Read information brochures from the incal community (or from online).

Task 12: Listening and speakir.g

Answers

Hi. Are you open on Sunday? What time do you open? What time do you close?

Do you have any books for learning English?

OK. Thank you so much. Bye.

Teacher notes

• There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Extra ideas

- Cut up the dialogue. Students put it in order.
- Students perform the dialogue in pairs (try without reading).

Task 13: Reading and vocabulary

TUSK 13.	neuung unu	vocubulury		
Answers				
1. can	2. can't	3. can't	4. can	5. can't
6. can	7. can	8. can't	9. can't	10. can't

Extra ideas

• Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask questions about library rules. Example: Can you read books in the library?

Task 14: Reading and writing

Answers 1. to the library 2. on Saturday 3. at 10:30

Extra ideas

- Turn it into a speaking task. Students practise inviting their classmate somewhere. Use the phrases in the text messages: Are you free on _____? Do you want to go to the _____? How about (time)?
- Students practise declining an invitation or changing the day/time. For example: Sorry, I'm busy on (day). How about (day)?

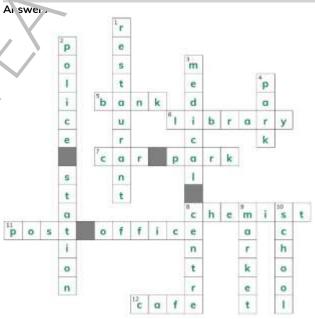
Task 15: Phone numbers

ΡΑΡΤΑ	
A. swers	
five-live-five-o six-five-one-three	5550 6513
five-five-o two-five seven-three	5550 2573
seven-o-one-o three-two-two-five	7010 3225
seven-o-one-o six-eight-nine-five	7010 6895
o-four-nine-on. five-seven-one	0491 571 804
eight-o-four	
o-four-nine-one five-seven-seven	0491 577 644
six-four-four	
PARTB	
Ansv ers	
five-live-five-o four-five-seven-eight	5550 4578
five five-five->> two-nine-eight-one	5550 2981
seven-1-one-o three-six-sirtwo	7010 3662
seven-o-one-o nine-eight-three-two	7010 9832
o-iour-nine-one five-sevon-nine	0491 579 212
two-one-two	
o-four-nine-one fiv coven four	0491 574 632
six-three-two	

reacher notes

- The videos may be shown either before or after students attempt the task
- Extra ideas
- Do a ractation cask for extra practice. Read out some phone numbers. Students listen and write them down.

Task 16: Classword



AT THE CAFÉ

Summary of the chapter

- Vocabulary: food and drink from the café
- Ordering food and drink at the café
- Reading a menu
- Reading a map and giving directions
- Reading and writing text messages to arrange a lunch
- Reading a receipt
- Prices (dollars and cents)

Task 1: Introduction

PART A

- Answers
- 1. It's a café.
- 2. You can buy food and drinks.
- 3. Yes, you can.
- 4. No, you can't.

Teacher notes

• There is an optional video (Introduction) for this task.

Extra ideas

 Ask students to describe the pictures: What can you sup? What are the people doing?

PART B Answers

Answers

1. coffee 2. tea 3. muffin 4. salad 5. meat pie 6. han burger 7. orange juice 8. smoothie 9. banana bread 10. chips 11. donut 12. croissant

Tarahar nataa

- Teacher notes
- Do not be too concerned about accurate answers in this task. The purpose is to elicit language and io has to the students.
- You may choose to use the video (VocaL u'ury) in this task, or wait until Task 2.

Task 2: Vocabulary

Answers			
hamburger	chips	meat pie	salad
muffin	banana bread	donut	croissant
coffee	tea	smoothie	orange juice
Teacher not	es		

Teacher notes

- The video (Vocal lary) may be shown either before cr after students atten int the task.
- Café can be written with or without the source accent. The accent helps to show that the e is not siler t.
- Hambi rger con be shortened to burger.
- Chips com also be called French fries, "specially if the potatoes are cut thinner.
- Donut can also be spelled doughnut, which is the original spelling.
- Coffee: In most cafés, the cus omer would need to specify the type of coffee they war.t (e.g. short black, long black, cappuccino, latte). They can also specify the type of mik they want (e.g. regular milk, soy milk, almond milk). You can teach these options to students if they are interested.
- Difference between juice and smoothie: Juice is a drink made from squeezed fruit. A smoothie is a drink made from blended fruit, so smoothies are usually thicker. Also, smoothies often have other things aqueu, such as dairy products.

Extra ideas

- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the words).
- Cut up the words and pictures. Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Examples: sandwich, cake, hot chocolate.
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: I like hamburgers.
- Explore the different varieties of the drinks. For example: coffee (short black, long black, cappuccino, latte), tea (black tea, green tea, iced tea), smoothie (banana, strawberry, mango), different types of juice (orange, apple, pineapple).

Task 3: Listening and writing

Answers			
1. \$12.00	2. \$5.00	3. \$8.00	4. \$10.00
5. \$3.00	6. \$4.50	7. \$2.50	8. \$3.50
9. \$3.00; \$4.00	10. \$3.00	11. \$5.00	12. \$5.50

Teacher notes

- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.
- Chips uses are instead of is because it is plural.

Extra ideas

• Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each other questions. Example: How much is the har burger?

Task 4: Sp. aking

Answers

- How much is the salad?
- The salad is \$10.00.

Now much is the donut

The donut is \$2.50. How much is the banana bread?

The banana bread is \$4.50.

How much is the tea?

The tea is \$3.00

How much is the crange juice?

The orange juic 2 is \$5.50.

Teacher Nous

Do the task as both a writing and a speaking task.

Tasl: 5: Listening

Answers 1, \$12.00 \$5.00; \$4.00 2. large coffee 3. \$21.00 4. card Teucher notes

• There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. U. e the video without captions to focus on *Vistening skills.*

Task 6: Reading an I specking

Teacher notes

- A full transcript of the Task 5 dialogue is presented. Students can role-play the scenario and read it aloud.
- The d alogue uses the contraction I'll = I will. This may need to be introduced to students.

Ertra ideas

- Focus c. pronunciation: difficult sounds, linking, stress, interation.
- Focus on useful words and phrases. Examples: How can I help you? Anything else? No problem.
- Cu⁺ up the dialogue. Students put it in order.

Tasks 7 and 8: Speaking

Teacher notes

 Students use the prompts to create a dialogue similar to the one in Tasks 5 and 6.

Extra ideas

- Encourage students to use strategies to clarify information. Example: Can you repeat that, please?
- If they want to, students can specify the type of tea/smoothie they want to order.
- Students write out the new dialogue.

Task 9: Speaking

Teacher notes

• Students use the template to create another dialogue. This time, students can choose what to order.

AT THE CAFÉ

	Answei key und guide
Task 10: Reading	Task 14: Reading
Answers	Answers
1. \$10.00 2. \$5.50 3. \$3.80 4. fish and chips	1. All and a second and a second as
5. pancakes 6. pineapple juice 7. Green Valley	
8. 5550 6412 9. 8:00 AM 10. 4:00 PM	
Extra ideas	
• Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each other questions	
about the text. Example: How much is the sandwich?	
• Students use the text to practise ordering food. One person is	
the customer and the other person is the cashier.	
Task 11: Vocabulary and writing	
Answers	
1. The sandwich is \$10.00.	2. \$18.0° 3. \$7.00 4. \$3.0) 5. \$61.'0 6. cash 7. \$80.00
2. The fish and chips are \$20.00.	8. \$18.30
3. The sausage roll is \$6.00.	
4. The pasta is \$18.00.	ז sk 15: Money
5. The slice of cake is \$5.50.	PARTA
6. The waffles are \$8.50.	Answers four dollars \$-,00
7. The pancakes are \$9.90.	four dollars \$- 00 four dollars fity \$4.0
8. The ice-cream is \$7.00.	three dollars \$3.0
9. The coffee is \$3.00.	three dollars fifty \$3.50
10. The tea is \$3.00. 11. The hot chocolate is \$3.80.	five dollars \$5.00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	five ciollars fits \$5.50
12. The pineapple juice is \$5.00. Teacher notes	eigh do ^{ll} ars \$8.00
 Remind students to use is when the nour, phrase is singular 	eight dollars f.fty \$8.50
and are when it is plural. Refer to the first two example	PARI 3
sentences.	Answers
 There is an optional video to according any the task: Café menu. 	se ven dollars \$7.00
Extra ideas	two dollars fifty \$2.50
• Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and	
point to the pictures.	eighteen dollars \$13.00
 Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each ciner. How 	cwenty dollars \$20.00
much is/are the?	twelve dollars \$12.00
	ten dollars \$10.00
Task 12: Using a map	nine dollars hindty \$9.90
Answers	Teache [®] notes
1. a. no b. yes c. yes d. no e. yes f. no	The videos may be shown either before or after students
2. a. no b. ves c. yes d. no e. no i. yes	attempt the task.
Teacher notes	Extra idea.
• Before doing the task, students look at the map and become	 Do a dictation task for extra practice. Read out some prices.
familiar with it. Ask students to identify the street names and	Scurlents listen and write them down.
places.	
Extra ideas	fask 16: Crossword
• Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each other quer tions	Anstvers

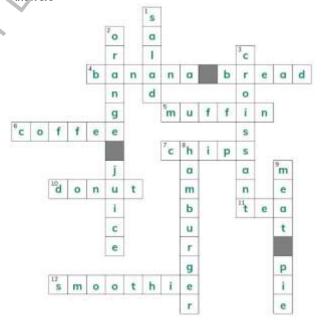
- Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each other que tions about location. Example: Where is the café?
- Turn it into a speaking task. Jtudents practise asking for ana giving directions. Or e student chooses a starting point and then asks: How do I go to the _____?
- Choose a starting point. Give directions to an unknown destination. Students use their finger to follow your directions.

Task 13: Reading and writing

Answers

1. having lunch 2. at the café 3. at 1:00 PM Teacher notes

- The questions use present continuous to talk about the future.
- The text writes the time as 1pm and the question writes it as 1:00 PM. There are many acceptable ways to write the time.
- Extra ideas
- Turn it into a speaking task. Students practise inviting their classmate somewhere.
- Students practise declining an invitation or changing the day/time. Example: Sorry, I'm busy at (time). How about (time)?



HOUSE HUNTING

Summary of the chapter

- Vocabulary: features of a home
- Listening to and reading descriptions of a home
- Reading rental advertisements
- Enquiring about a rental property
- Reading a floor plan of a house
- Vocabulary: furniture and appliances
- Date and time
- Prices (dollars into the hundreds)

Task 1: Introduction

PART A

Answers

1. It's a house.

2. It's a unit.

3. (either answer)

- Teacher notes
- There is an optional video (Introduction) for this task.
- A unit may also be called an apartment or a flat.

2. living room

5. car space

8. swimming pool

Extra ideas

• Explore more words for categorising a property. For exemplefree-standing house (no shared walls), semi-detached house (one shared wall), terrace (part of a row of attached houses), townhouse (a house on common property land, similar to c unit), mansion (a very large house), granny flat (a small house at the back of another house), duplex (a house that has been converted into 2 homes), studio (a small unit with a conbined living room and bedroom).

3 balcony

ò. kitchen

backyard

PART B

- Answers
- 1. bedroom
- 4. bathroom
- 7. dining room

Teacher notes

- Do not be too concerned ab..... accurate answers in this task. The purpose is to elicit language and ideas from the sturgents.
- You may choose to use the vic'eo (Vocabulary) in this tosk, or wait until Task 2.

Task 2: Vocabulary

Answers		
living room	dining room	kitchen
bedroom	bothroom	balcony
backya d	swimming pool	car space

- Teach er notes
- The video (Vocabulary) may be shown either before or after students a tempt the task.
- Car space is any private parking space that belongs to the resident. It could be a lock up garage, an underground for space or an outdoor car space.

Extra ideas

- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in ran order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the words).
- Cut up the word: and picture . Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllaples identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Examples: laundry, garage, study, basement, ctoreroom, attic, hallway.
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: I have a living room. I don't have a dining room.
- Discuss what furniture or appliances belong in each part of the home.

Task 3: Listening and reading

PART A

Answers

1. yes 2. yes 3. yes 4. 2 5. 2 6. no 7. yes 8. no 9. yes

Teacher notes

• There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Extra ideas

 Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each other questions. Example: Does he have a living room?
 PART B

Answers

1. yes 2. yes 3. yes 4. 3 5. 2 6. no 7. yes 8. yes 9. no Extra ideas

- Students read the text aloud.
- Students write some sentences about their own home, using the text as a model.

Task 4: Neading

PART A

- > nswers
- 1. It is a house. 2. It has 3 bedrooms. 3. It has 2 bathrooms. 4. It has 2 car spaces. 5. The cent is \$640 per week.

PART B

Answers 1. It is a unit. 2. It has 2 bearooms. 3. It has 1 bathroom.

4. It has 1 car space. 5. The rent is \$430 per week.

Teacher notes

- The rental accertisements are presented in a different font to the one used throughout the book. The lower-case a looks different
- The rent can be read in different ways. Example: \$640/week ccn be read as \$640 per week or \$640 <u>a</u> week.
- Extra ideas
- Turn it into a speaking task Students ask each other questions about the texts. Example: s it a house or a unit?
- Memory game: Students have one minute to read and memorise the information in the advertisement. Ask students some questions about the advertisement, and they have to answer without looking at it. This game can also be done with the other advertisement's throughout the unit.
- Students look 😋 real ¬state advertisements in their local area.

Task 5: Spunking

Answers How nany bathrooms does it have? It has 3 bathrooms. How mony cor spaces does it have? It has 2 car spaces. How much is the rent?

The rent is \$790 per week.

Feacher notes

- There is an optional video for this task: Asking questions (Part
 A). Students can watch it before or after they attempt the task.
 Teacher notes
- Do the task as both a writing and a speaking task.

Task 6: Speaking

Answers How many bedrooms does it have? It has 2 bedrooms. How many bathrooms does it have? It has 1 bathroom. How many car spaces does it have? It has 1 car space. How much is the rent? The rent is \$510 per week. Teacher notes

- There is an optional video for this task: Asking questions (Part B). Students can watch it before or after they attempt the task. **Teacher notes**
- reacher notes
- Do the task as both a writing and a speaking task.

HOUSE HUNTING

Task 7: Listening

Answers

1. a unit 2. 2 bedrooms 3. 2 bathrooms

4. 1 car space 5. \$570 per week 6. 1:00 PM tomorrow 7. 37 Park Street, Newtown

Teacher notes

 There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Task 8: Reading and speaking

Teacher notes

- A full transcript of the Task 7 dialogue is presented. Students can role-play the scenario and read it aloud.
- Look at the unit can also be inspect the unit.

Extra ideas

- Focus on pronunciation: difficult sounds, linking, stress, intonation.
- Focus on useful words and phrases. Examples: How can I he's you? That's great. See you then.
- Cut up the dialogue. Students put it in order.

Task 9: Speaking

Teacher notes

• Students use the prompts to create a dialogue similar to the one in Tasks 7 and 8.

Extra ideas

- Encourage students to use strategies to clarity information, for example: Can you repeat that, please?
- Students write out the new dialogue.

Task 10: Speaking Teacher notes

 Students use the template to create another dialogue. Thir time, students can choose what to ask.

Task 11: Reading and writing

Answers

- 1. has 2. has 2 has 4. doesn't have 5. has
- 6. doesn't have 1. . vo 8. one 9. one

Extra ideas

- Turn it into speaking task. Students ask and answer qurstions about the floor plan. For example. Dues it have a living room.
- Ask students to identify some of the items in the floor plan: door, window, bed, toilet, sink path, stove, dining table, chairs, sofa, car, tree.
- Ask students to practise using propositions such as next to For example: The dining rocurie next to the kitchen.
- Show students some floor plans from property websites. Ask students to describe them.
- Students draw a floor plan of their own home.

Task 12: Vocabularv

PART A & PART B

Answers

1. bed 2. bathroom 3. air-conditioner 4. sofa 5. desk 6. TV 7. wardrobe 8. fridge 9. microwave 10. washing machine Teacher notes

- Air-conditioner can be shortened to air-con.
- Sofa can also be called couch.

Extra ideas

- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Students practise reading Part B aloud.
- Discuss which furniture and appliances belong in each part of the home.

Task 13: Reading and writing Answers The room has a bed.

- The room has a bathroom. The room doesn't have an air-conditioner. The room doesn't have a sofa.
- The room has a desk.
- The room doesn't have a TV.

The room has a wardrobe.

The room has a fridge.

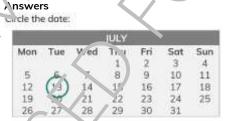
The room has a microwave.

The com doesn't have a washing nachine.

F.xtra ideus

Turn it into a speaking took. Suden's ask and answer ruestions about the room. Example: How much is the rent?

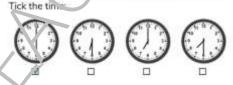
Task 14: Date and time





Circle the date:

Mon	Tue	Weu	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	14	. 9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	12	18	19
20	21	22	23	(24)	25	26
27	28	29	30	-		



Circle the date:

NOVEMBER						
Mon 1	Tue 2	(3)	Thu 4	Fri 5	Sat 6	Sun 7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22 29	23 30	24	25	26	27	28

Tick the time:



Extra ideas

• Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask and answer questions about the advertisements. Example: What date is the next inspection?

Task 15: Money PART A	
Answers six hundred and forty dollars	\$640
four hundred and thirty dollars	\$430
seven hundred and ninety dollars	
five hundred and ten dollars	\$510
five hundred and seventy dollars	\$570
eight hundred and twenty dollars	
PART B	
Answers	
six hundred and fifty dollars	\$650
one hundred and eighty dollars	\$180
two hundred and ninety dollars	\$290
five hundred and twenty dollars	\$520
nine hundred dollars	\$900
three hundred and sixty dollars	\$360
Teacher notes	
 The videos may be shown either 	er before or after studen s
attempt the task.	
Extra ideas	
 Do a dictation task for extra prac 	
Students listen and write them do	iwn.
Task 16: Crossword	
Answers	
2,	
in a	
car space	h t i
d	e h n
	nr
0	0 n
^s balcon	1 y o g
m	
swimmi	ng pool
	0
* 1 1 1 1 1	g r o o m
	g r o o m

AT THE MARKET

Summary of the chapter

- Vocabulary: food from the market
- Buying food from the market
- Reading a market catalogue
- Reading a map and giving directions
- Listening to a shopping announcement
- Reading a receipt
- Prices and units of measurement (e.g. \$2.00/kg)

Task 1: Introduction

PART A

Answers

- 1. She is at the market.
- 2. She is buying food.
- 3. fruit; vegetables; meat; seafood

Teacher notes

- There is an optional video (Introduction) for this task. Extra ideas
- Ask students to describe the pictures: What can you see in the pictures?

PART B

Answers

5. app 'es 1. tomatoes 2. grapes 3. onions 4. sausages 6. steak 7. bananas 8. chicken 9. mangoes 10. salmon fillets 11. cabbages 12. carrots

Teacher notes

- Do not be too concerned about accurate answers in this task. The purpose is to elicit language and ideas from the students.
- You may choose to use the video (Voca, ulary) in this task, or wait until Task 2.

Task 2: Vocabulary

Answers			
apples	bananas	grupes	mangoes
carrots	onions	Lomatoos	cabbages
chicken	sausages	stea!	salmon fillets
Teacher not			

- The video (Vocabulcry) may be shown either before or clien students attempt the task.
- Most of the vocubular, that been given in plural form becaute the plural form is rost likely to be used when sucoping. You can show studen is the singular and plural forms of each word. The plural form is usually created by adding -s. Mangoes and tomatives are formed by adding -es.
- Chicken and steak are given in singular form because types of meat are often referred to in singular form. However, when counting pieces of meat, the plural form would be used. In most, cases, it doesn't matter wheth r you use singular or plural, as long as you use the correct 'orn, of the be verb: The stea', is \$22 a kilo (correct) or The steaks are \$22 a kilo (also correct).
- When buying sausages the c. stomer would usually need to specify the type of sa isage. You could discuss the different types of sausages. Exa nples: beef, pork, chicken, lamb.
- When we say steak, we are usually referring to beef steak. However, other types of meat can also be cut into steaks.
- A fillet is a piece of meat at fish without bones.

Extra ideas

- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the words).
- Cut up the words and pictures. Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Ask students: What else can you buy at the market?
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: I like apples.
- Explore the different varieties of some of the foods. There are many varieties of apples, grapes, onions, cabbages and sausages.

Task 3: Listening and writing

Answers			
1. \$5.50	2. \$3.50	3. \$5.00	4. \$3.00
5. \$2.50	6. \$2.00	7. \$4.50	8. \$4.00
9. \$12.00	10. \$11.00	11. \$22.00	12. \$28.00

Teacher notes

- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.
- Ensure students understand the difference between a kilo and each.
- These phrases have the same meaning: a kilo and per kilo. When speaking, we often say a kilo, but n writing we often use per κ^{i} lo (for example, in supermarket <u>catalogues</u>).
- Extra ideas
- Turn it into a speaking tark. Students ask each other questions. Example: How much are the coples?

Tusk 4: Speaking

^n. wers How much are the bananas? The bananas are \$3.50 a kilo. How much are the cabbe ges? The cabbages are \$4.00 e ich. How much are the causar es? The sausaries are \$11.20 a kilo. How much any the tornatoes? The to natoes an \$..50 a kilo.

Teachur notes

Do the task as both a writing and a speaking task.

Task 5: Listening

- Ans vers
- 1. \$5.00 a kilo 2. half a kilo 3. \$2.50 a kilo 4. 2 kilos
- 5. \$12.00 each 6. 1 chielton 7 19.50 8. cash

Ter cher notes

• There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. I'se the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Task 6: Reading and speaking

Teacher notes

- A full transcript ci the Task 5 dialogue is presented. Students can role-piu; the scenario and read it aloud.
- The draining uses the contraction I'll = I will. This may need to be introduced to students.
- Extra i leas
- Focus on pronunciation: difficult sounds, linking, stress, intor ation.
- Focus on useful words and phrases. Examples: How can I help you? Anything else? Here you are.

Cut up the dialogue. Students put it in order.

Tasks 7 and 8: Speaking

Teacher notes

Students use the prompts to create a dialogue similar to the one in Tasks 5 and 6.

Extra ideas

- Encourage students to use strategies to clarify information. Example: Can you repeat that, please?
- Students write out the new dialogue.

Task 9: Speaking

Teacher notes

• Students use the template to create another dialogue. This time, students can choose what to buy.

Extra ideas

• Students can add variation to the dialogue. Example: That's too expensive. I don't want it.

AT THE MARKET

Task 10: Reading

Answers

- 1. \$3.20/kg 2. \$27.00/kg 3. \$5.50/kg 4. beef mince 5. kiwi fruit 6. eggs 7. lemons; celery 8. Bayside
- 9.7:30 AM 10.5:00 PM

Teacher notes

- Most of the vocabulary has been given in plural form because the plural form is most likely to be used when shopping. You can show students the singular and plural forms of each word. The plural form is usually created by adding -s. Cherry becomes cherries because it ends in a consonant + y. Potato becomes potatoes. Some, but not all, words that end in o change to -oes (mangoes does, but kilos doesn't).
- Celery is uncountable, so it doesn't have a plural form. You can say two bunches of celery, which is countable.
- Broccoli is uncountable, so it doesn't have a plural form. You can say two heads of broccoli, which is countable.
- Beef mince is uncountable.
- Dozen means 12.
- Extra ideas
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures.
- Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each care, questions about the text. Example: How much are the granges?
- Students use the text to practise buying food One person is the customer and the other person is the cashier.

Task 11: Vocabulary and writing

Answers

- 1. The oranges are \$5.50 a kilo.
- 2. The kiwi fruits are 75 cents each.
- 3. The cherries are \$15.00 a kilo.
- 4. The lemons are 60 cents each.
- 5. The potatoes are \$3.20 a 'vilo.
- 6. The mushrooms are \$9.90 a vilo.
- 7. The celery is \$1.20 a bunch.
- 8. The broccoli is \$1.80 o Filo.
- 9. The eggs are \$4.70 a dozen.
- 10. The chicken leg: are \$1,1.60 a kilo.
- 11. The beef mince is 13.00 a kilo.
- 12. The prawns are \$27.00 a kilo.

Teacher nours

- Remind stude. Its to use is when the nour is singular and are when it is plural.
- There is an optional video to accompany the task: Fresh Express Market.

Extra ideas

• Turn it into a speaking to sk. Students ask each other: How much is/are the

Task 12: Using a mar

Answers					
1. A. no	B. yes	C. yes	D. no	E. yes	F. no
2. A. no	B. yes	C. no	D. yes	E. yes	F. no
Tanahanna	+ ·			-	

- Teacher note
- Before doing the task, students look at the map and become familiar with it. A.k students to identify the street names and places.

Extra ideas

- Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask each other questions about location. Example: Where is the market?
- Turn it into a speaking task. Students practise asking for and giving directions. One student chooses a starting point and then asks: How do I go to the ___ _ ?
- Choose a starting point. Give directions to an unknown destination. Students use their finger to follow your directions.

Task 13: Listening PART A

Answers

oranges \$4.50 a kilo kiwi fruits 55¢ each

cherries \$12.00 a kilo

PART B

Answers

mushrooms \$7.50 a kilo potatoes \$2.80 a kilo celery 80¢ a bunch

Teacher notes

There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on iscening skills.

Task 14: Fleading

Answers 1.400g 2.\$4.80 3.6 4.\$3.30 5,600g 6.\$16.20 7. \$24.30 8. cash 9. \$30.00 10 \$5.70 Teacher notes

1000 grams = 1 kilo Task 15: Money PART A Answers two dollc rs a kilo \$2.00/kg two dollars firty a kilo \$2.50/kg three collars each \$3.00 each three dollars fitty a kilo \$3.50/kg four aollars each \$4.00 each \$4.50/kg four dollars rifty a kilo five dol'ars a kilo \$5./J0/k] five dollars fifty a kilo \$5.50// g PANT B Answers nine dollars ninety a kilo \$9.90/kg rifteen dollars a ku \$15.00/kg three dollars twonty a kilo \$3.20/kg sixty cents each 60¢ each four dollars eighty a kno \$4.80/kg twenty seven collars a kilo \$27.00/kg seven y-five cents each 75¢ each elever dollars s xty a kilo \$11.60/kg

Teacher potes

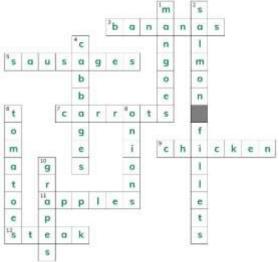
The videos may be shown either before or after students attempt the task.

Exti 1 ideas

Do a dictation task for extra practice. Read out some prices. Styldents listen and write them down.

Task 16: Crossword





APPOINTMENTS

Summary of the chapter

- Vocabulary: types of appointments
- Listening to someone's schedule for the week
- Reading a medical centre brochure
- Making an appointment over the phone
- Reading appointment cards
- Vocabulary: social activities
- Reading a calendar with appointments
- Arranging a social outing by text message
- Dates and months

Task 1: Introduction

Answers

- 1. He's writing on his calendar
- 2. Yes, he's busy.
- 3. (either answer)

Teacher notes

- There is an optional video (Introduction) for this task.
- The questions and answers contain contractions for the word is: what's, he's, I'm. You may need to explain this to student's.
 Extra ideas
- Ask students about the picture: How do you know he's busy?
 PART B

Answers

(These are key words. Actual responses may vary.)

- 1. fixing a car 2. haircut 3. dentist
- 4. flu shot / vaccination 5. eye test 6. doctor
- 7. x-ray 8. fixing a phone 9. swimming

Notes

- Do not be too concerned about accurate answers in this task. The purpose is to elicit language and ide is from the students.
- You may choose to use the video (Vocat ulary) in this task, or wait until Task 2.

Task 2: Vocabulary

Answers		
see the doctor	sce the delitist	get an x-i ry
have an eye test	get a flu shot	fix my car
fix my phone	ha 'e a swimming l	esson get haircut
Teacher notes		

- The video (Vocabulary) may be shown either before or after students altempt the task.
- Get an x-ray, get a flu shot, and get a hair out can also use the verb have instead of get.
- For the phrases fix my car and fix my phone, remind students to change the pronoun to your ner or his if required.
- A flu shot is an informal term for an influenza vaccination.
- Students sight read the words be ore attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the words).
- Cut up the words and _Pictures. Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllabias, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Ask students: What else can you fix? What other type of lesson can you have?
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: I need to see the doctor.

Task 3: Listening

Answers		
Monday	see the dentist	9:30
Tuesday	get a haircut	4:00
Wednesday	have a swimming lesson	6:30
Thursday	get an x-ray	11:15
Friday	have an eye test	1:45
Saturday	see the doctor	10:15
Sunday	fix my car	2:00

Teacher notes

- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.
- This chapter uses be going to + verb to talk about future events that have been arranged (e.g. I am going to see the dentist). You could also use present continuous (e.g. I am seeing the dentist) or present simple (I see the dentist) for future arrangements. The modal verb will is also often used for future events (recent decisions, promises, etc.), but usually not for things that have already been arrangea. However, using will instend of be going to is unlikely to cruse any confusion.

Ext a ideas

• Turn it into a speaking task. Struence talk about Tim's busy weak. Example: On Monday, he is going to see the dentist at 2.30 Ann.

Task 4: Speaking

Answers When are you going to get a han cut? On Tuesday at 4:00 rew. When are you going to have a swimming lesson? On Wednesday at 6:30 PM When are you going to get an x-ray? On Thursday at 1:1:15 AM. When are you going to have an eye test?

On Fric ay at 1.45 r 14.

When are you going to see the doctor?

- On Saurday at 10:15 AM.
- When are you going to fix you car?

On Sunday at 2:00PM.

Teacher Notes

- Do the task as both a writing and a speaking task.
- Extra ideas
- Students practise sing prepositions for day and time.
 Example: <u>on</u> Monday <u>at</u> 2:30 AM.

Task 5: Reading

Answers

- 1. 35 Hig'ı Street, Greenhill 2. 7010 9203
- 3. www.c reenhillm :dical.com.au 4. \$180 5. free

6. \$20 7. C:00 AM 8. 6:00 PM 9. Yes, it's open.

10. vu, it's closed.

Extra ider.s

Turn ic into a speaking task. Students ask and answer questions about the brochure. Example: What is the address?
Discuss some of the vocabulary in the text. Examples: private text. heck-up, teeth-cleaning, seniors.

Task 6: Listening

Answers

1. He wants to see the doctor. 2. on Thursday 3. at 3:00 PM 4. Tim Cole 5. 0491 570 159

Teacher notes

- Make an appointment is the same as book an appointment.
- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Task 7: Reading and speaking

Teacher notesA full transcript of the Task 6 dialogue is presented. Students

- can role-play the scenario and read it aloud. **Extra ideas**
- Focus on pronunciation: difficult sounds, linking, stress, intonation.
- Focus on useful words and phrases. Examples: How can I help you? How about _____? Can you repeat that, please?
- Cut up the dialogue. Students put it in order.

Task 8: Speaking

Teacher notes

- Students use the prompts to create a dialogue similar to the one in Tasks 6 and 7.
- Students can try doing the dialogue over the phone.

Extra ideas

- Encourage students to use strategies to clarify information. Example: Can you repeat that, please?
- Students write out the new dialogue.

Task 9: Speaking

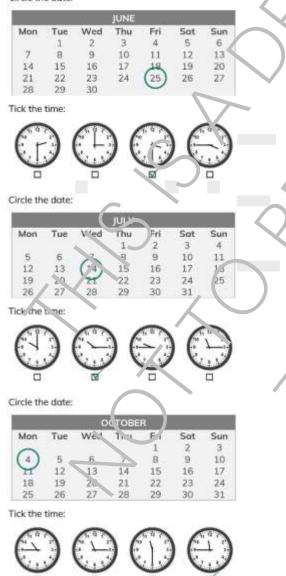
Teacher notes

- Students use the template to create another dialogue. Students can choose the scenario.
- Students can try doing the dialogue over the phone.

Task 10: Date and time

Answers

Circle the date



Extra ideas

- Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask and answer questions about the appointment cards. Example: What day is the appointment?
- Create your own blank appointment cards. Tell students the day, date and time of each appointment and they write it down.

Task 11: Vocabulary

Answers

go to the beach watch a movie go to the café

go shopping have a barbecue go to the gym play soccer Teacher notes

- Watch a movie can also be go to the movies or go to the cinema.
- Barbecue can be shortened to BBQ.
- Soccer is also called football. The word football is more commonly used around the world amongst fans of the sport. In some countries where there are other sports called football (such as Australia and the US 1, succer is often used to avoia confusion.
 Extra ide is
- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the worus).
- Work on pronunciation, gractise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Ask students: What other activities do you like a do?
- Use the works to write sentences. Example: I like to go to the beach

Task 12: Keiding

Answers	
1. see the doctor	2. go to the gym
Day: Monday	Dc r: W dnesday
Date: 22/11	Date 10/11
Time: 11:30 AM	Time: 5:30 PM
3. go to the beac!	4. watch a movie
Day: Saturday	Day: Tuesday
Date: 6/11	Date: 16/11
Time: 10:30 AM	Time: 8:00 PM
5. go to the café	6. go shopping
Day: Friday	Day: Monday
Dat :: 19/11	Date: 8/11
Time. 1:30 PN	Time: 1:00 PM
7. hr ve a barbecue	8. play soccer
Dry: Sunday	Day: Thursday
Da e: 28/11	Date: 25/11
Time: 12:00 PM	Time: 6:30 PM

i acher notes

- Students can write the date as day/month (e.g. 22/11) or day/month/year (e.g. 22/11/21). Tell students to change the format if you are in a country that uses a different date format.
 Extra ideas
- Turn it into a speaking task. Students ask and answer questions about the calendar. Example: When is she going to see the doctor?
- Role-play some phone messages to change appointment days and times. Students listen and update the calendar. Example: Hi Lisa. I'm calling about your doctor appointment on November 22. We need to change it to Friday, November 26 at 4:30 PM. Sorry about that.

Task 13: Reading and writing

Answers

1. go to the beach 2. November 23 3. 11:00 AM

4. see the doctor

Teacher notes

• The text writes the time as 11am and the question writes it as 11:00 AM. There are many acceptable ways to write the time.

APPOINTMENTS

Task 14: Writing

Answer (sample) Sorry, I'm going to see the doctor on Saturday. How about Sunday. Can we meet at 11:30am?

Teacher notes

 You can tell students some other ways to change or decline an invitation. Examples: I'm busy. I don't have time. I have an appointment.

Task 15: Dates

PART A

Answers	
24/3	March 24
13/1	January 13
16/5	May 16
7/7	July 7
16/9	September 16
13/11	November 13
PART B	
Answers	;
February	7 7/2
April 3	3/4
June 27	27/6
August 2	29 29/8
October	14 14/10

18/12

December 18 Teacher notes

- The videos may be shown either before or after students attempt the task.
- There are different acceptable works to write out the date. Examples: March 24, March 24th, 24 March, 24th of March.
 This book uses the day/month convention of writing the date.
- This book uses the day/month convertion of writing the c'ate in numerals. Usually, the year is added as we'' (day/month/year) in formal writing and official documentation. This is the Australian.''JK/"_uropean convention. North America writes the date as nonth/day/ ear and much of Asia writes the date as year/month/day. Remind students to be careful about writing the date whon communicating across cultures. When in doubt, write the month in words to avoid any misunde standing.
- You coninstruct sudents to include the year when whiting out the dates. When filling in forms or whith a formal documents, the year should always be included. But it, social situations (such as text messages) it is OK to omit the year, as long there is no chance of confusion.

Extra ideas

- Do a dictation task for extra practic. Read out some c'ates Students listen and write their down, or circle them on a calendar.
- Students ask each other for their birthday, or conduct a birthday survey of the entire class.
- Give students a list of factous people. They use the internet to find out their untnaay. Alternatively, read out the birthdays and students write them down.
- Give students a list of public holidays. They use the internet to find out the dates of each holiday. Alternatively, read out the dates and students write them down.

Task 16: Crossword

x r a

d o c t

n

t

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m

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a

g

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t

e

Answers

flu

p h

i m

w

one

HEALTH

Summary of the chapter Task 3: Speaking Vocabulary: symptoms Answers What's wrong? Describing symptoms Talking to the medical receptionist I have a headache. • Filling in a new patient registration form What's wrong? A consultation with the doctor I have a sore throat. Asking for sick leave What's wrong? Buying medicine I have a stomach ache. Reading medicine instructions What's wrong? Vocabulary: parts of the body I have a rash (on my arm). Age, height and weight What's wrong? I have a cut (on my finger). Task 1: Introduction Teacher Nation PART A Do the task as both a writing and a speaking lask. Answers Extra i leas 1. She's sick. • Mime the actions and students gur ss the symptoms. 2. She's calling the doctor. 3. She's seeing the doctor. Task 1: Listening, writing and speaking 4. She's taking medicine. ^nswe's Ni. I have an appointment at 3 o lock. Teacher notes There is an optional video (Introduction) for this task. My name is Tim Cole. • The questions and answers contain contractions for the word Yes, it's my first time have. Y.s, no problem. is: what's, she's. You may need to explain this to students. Extra ideas Thank you. Ask students about the picture: How do you know she's sick? **Teacher Notes** PART B There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on Answers He has a . . . listening : kills. 1. cough 2. headache 3. fever The modicul recept onist often asks, 'Is it your first time here?' 5. stomach ache because new patients need to fill in a form. 4. runny nose 6. rash 7. cut 8. sore back 9. sore throut Extra ideas Students practise role-playing the dialogue. Teacher notes • Do not be too concerned about accurate answers in this task. The purpose is to elicit language and ideas from the students. Task 5: Writing You may choose to use the video (Vorabulary) in this task, or Ar, swers wait until Task 2. Greenhill Medical Contre-Task 2: Vocabulary New Patient Registration Form Answers PERSONAL DETAILS headache sore throat runny nose DI M O Mrs DM C Dr C Other Title: cough fever stomach ache sore back rush cut Cole Given name: Teacher note 983 • The video (Vocabulary) may be shown either before or after Male: E Female D Other Date of b. m students attempt the task. Greenhill Street Address • The words are presented as nouns/noun phrases and can be used with the verb have. Examples Do you have a 21 NSW have a 0491 574 632 Cough is also a verb. Example: I am coughing. • Cut is also a verb: Example: I cat my finger. N. FOICARE CARD • Ache is also a verb that can be used for any body part. Medicare card number: 27284 90875 1 Example: My leg aches. • Sore is an adjective that can be used for any body part. Expiry date: 03/2027 Reference number (next to name): Example: My leg is sore. / Ihave a sore leg. Sore back is the same as back. che. EMERGENCY CONTACT DETAILS The gh in cough is pronounced /f/. Cole Given name: Susan Family name: • The ch in stomach and a the is pronounced /k/. A fever is generally considered as a body temperature of 38°C Phone number: 0491 570 159 Wife or higher. Extra ideas Extra ideas Students sight read the words before attempting the task. Students practise filling in real forms. You can find real-life • Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and patient registration forms online.

Task 6: Listening

Answers

- 1. He has a headache. He has a sore throat. He has a cough.
- 2. He should drink water. He should have a rest. 3. yes
- 4. paracetamol

point to the pictures (or the words).

• Cut up the words and pictures. Students match them.

number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.

• Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the

• Use the words to write sentences. Example: I have a headache.

• Explore other related vocabulary. Examples: pain, dizziness.

HEALTH

Teacher notes

- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.
- Paracetamol is an over-the-counter medicine for pain relief. There are many brands of paracetamol, including Panadol.
- Note: This is a simplified example of a doctor's consultation. A real consultation would usually have more questions and may also include some COVID-19 protocols.

Task 7: Reading and speaking

Teacher notes

• A full transcript of the Task 6 dialogue is presented. Students can role-play the scenario and read it aloud.

Extra ideas

- Focus on pronunciation: difficult sounds, linking, stress, intonation.
- Focus on useful words and phrases. Examples: Please have a seat. How are you today? No problem. Have a nice day.
- Cut up the dialogue. Students put it in order.

Task 8: Speaking

Teacher notes

 Students use the prompts to create a dialogue similar to the one in Tasks 6 and 7.

Extra ideas

- Encourage students to use strategies to clarify information.
- Students write out the new dialogue.

Task 9: Speaking

Teacher notes

• Students use the template to create another dialogue Students can choose the symptoms and remedies.

Task 10: Reading and writing

Answers

1. Tim is sick. 2. no 3. n. xt week

Teacher notes

- The texts says. ' car t come to school. Come or go would both be correct. Come is commonly used when the direction of travel is towards either the speaker/writer or listener/reader. Extra ideas
- Turn it into a speaking task. Students role-play making a phone call to request a leave of absence.

Task 11: Listening and reading

PART A

Answers svrup

Tablets

\$5.00:24

Teacher notes

• There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Extra ideas

• Turn it into a speaking task. Students role-play buying medicine at the chemist.

PART B

Answers

20044 AIR PM 1114 PM dia via-1. 00 00 00 60

2. no

3. ves

Extra ideas

- Ask additional questions about the medicine instructions. Examples: What is the medicine for? Can children take the medicine? How many tablets can children take? Can you take the medicine for 7 days? Where do you keep the medicine? When do you throw away the medicine?
- Students practise reading real-life medicine instructions.

Teacher notes

- The viace (Parts of the body) may be shown either before or after students attempt the task.
- The plural of foot is feet.

Task 12: Vocabulary

Answers

1 head

- Extra deas
- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud , random order. Students listen and point to the pict res (or the vords, or their own body).
- Work on pronuncial on: difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables.
- Elicit other related vocabulary from students. Examples: hair, face, chin, nack, shrulder, elbow, wrist, finger, thumb, chest, wais knee, toe.

Tr.sk 13: */hat's wrong?

Answ/2rs

- 1. ' have a sore back.
- 3. I have a rash on my arm.

9. I have a headache.

11. I have a sore mouth.

- 5. I have a runny nose. 7. have a sore foot.
 - 8. I have a sore neck.
 - 10. I have an earache.

4. I have a sore eye.

2. I have a cut on my hand.

6. I have a cut on my leq.

12. I have a stomach ache.

Extra ideas

• Turn it into a speaking task. One student asks, 'What's wrong?' and the other student answers. (Try it with the pictures only. Cut out the pictures and hand them out to students.)

Task 14: Age, height and weight

Answers

75: 168: 84

34; 170; 63 4; 102; 16

Teacher Notes

- When saying your age, you can say years old, years, or just the number. These are all correct: I'm 34 years old. / I'm 34 years. / I'm 34.
- When saying your height, you can add the word tall. Example: I'm 170 centimetres tall.
- Weight can also be expressed with the verb weigh. Example: I weigh 70 kilos.

Extra ideas

Students practise reading the dialogues aloud.

Answer key and guide



Tuel 15. And haight and success	
Task 15: Age, height and weight	
Answers forthe five years old	4Evre
orty-five years old	45yrs
a hundred and sixty centimetres sixty-seven kilos	160cm
	67kg
wenty-five years old	25yrs
ifty-nine kilos a hundred and seventy-six centimetres	59kg 176cm
thirty-three years old	33yrs
eighty-five kilos	85kg
PART B	USKg
Answers	
a hundred and thirty-six centimetres	136cm
seventy-one kilos	71kg
sixty years old	60yrs
a hundred and fifty-five centimetres	155cm
ninety-four kilos	94kg
forty-two years old	42yrs
a hundred and fifty-eight centimetres	158cm
fifty-three kilos	53kc
Teacher notes	
 The videos may be shown either bef 	ore or aller students
attempt the task.	
 100 can be either a hundred or one hundred 	dred.
Extra ideas	
Do a dictation task for extra practice.	Fead out some ages
heights and weights. Students listen and	
	-
Task 16: Crossword	
Answers	
¹ h	² r
	3
	c u t
^f sore back	n
3 VI C D U C K	
td	
0 a	(y)
mc	
a c h	n
c soreth	r o a t
h u	S
a he	e v e r
9 1 0	VEI
a h	a
c	s
h	h
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	

TRANSPORT

Summary of the chapter

- Vocabulary: types of transport
- Talking about how you get to school
- Safe cycling tips
- Reading a bus timetable
- Reading a train timetable app
- Reading train rules
- Vocabulary: places around the city
- Listening to someone's holiday plans
- Asking about local transport
- Time duration: minutes and hours

Task 1: Introduction PART A

Answers

- 1. She's at the bus stop.
- 2. She's waiting for the bus.
- 3. She's at the station.

4. She's waiting for the train.

Teacher notes

- There is an optional video (Introduction) for this task
- The questions and answers contain contractions for the woru is: she's. You may need to explain this to stude. ts.

Extra ideas

 Ask students to identify things in the pictures. Examples: bus, sign, road, trees, platform, tracks.

3. train

PART B

- Answers
- 1. motorbike
- 4. bus
- 7. car
- ó. tram / light rail 5. bicycle 8. taxi 9. Walk

2. ferry

Teacher notes

- Do not be too concerned about accurate answers in this task. The purpose is to elicit language and ideas from the students.
- You may choose to use the video (Vocabulary) in this tasi, or wait until Task 2.

Task 2: Vocabula

Answers		
catch a bus	catch a train	ca :ch a tran
catch a ferry	catch a taxi	dri ′e a car
ride a mourbike	ride a bicycle	walk
Togebor note		

Teacher notes

- The video (Vocabulary) may be shown either before or after students attempt the task.
- Catch is a verb commonly use . with public transport. You can also use get. Example: get a pus.
- Urban train systems may have different names, depending on the city. Examples: metro, sub vay (for underground trains). Train is a general wor I that can refer to either an urban train or an intercity train
- Tram may also be called light rail. Technically there is no difference, but light rail is the term often used for more modern trams that have more carriages and run at a faster speed.
- In everyday conversation, people often say drive instead of drive a car, as the meaning is implied.
- Use the phrase get a lift if you are the passenger in the car.
- Motorbike is the shortened form of motorcycle.
- Ride a bicycle can also be ride a bike, or just the verb cycle. Extra ideas
- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the words).
- Cut up the words and pictures. Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocabulary. Examples: van, truck, scooter, trolleybus, monorail.
- Use the words to write sentences. Example: I catch a bus to school

Task 3: Listening

- Answers
- Greenhill
- catch a bus
- 25 minutes
- Bayside
- ride a bicycle 15 minutes

Teacher notes

- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening kills.
- E) tra ideas
- Ln a class survey about how reople conne to school. Table the resuit.

Tosk 4: Reading and writing

- AL: wers
- Wear a helmet.
- Follow the rules.
- Keep 1 metre from cars.
- Don't wear head phones. Signal before you turn.

Be careful at night.

Teacher notes

- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills
- Cycling is a verb that means ride c bicycle. The verb cycle is ften used when talking abour riding a hicycle as an activity or sputtin addition to a mode of transport.
- These sentences are just general safety tips, not necessarily laws. If students are interested, they can check the cycling Ir ws in their area.

F.xtra ideas

- Ask students to previct some safe cycling tips before you start the task.
- Ask students to oractise reading the rules aloud.

Task 5: Reading

Answers 1. 1.2.15 AM 2. 10:35 AM 3. 20 minutes 4. 3.30 P'a 5. 3:45 PM 6.15 minutes Extra ideas

 Great, additional scenarios and questions for students to answor. Example: I am at Greenhill Hospital. I'm going to Rayside Beach. It's 1:00 PM now. When is the next bus? When does the bus get to Bayside Beach? How long does it take? Students look at real-life bus timetables.

Task 6: Reading

Answers				
1. no	2. yes	3. yes	4. no	5. no
6. yes	7. no	8. yes	9. yes	10. no
Teacher	notes	-	-	

Depart means leave.

Arrive means get to.

Extra ideas

- Create additional questions for students to answer. Example: I catch the train at 9:40 AM. What time do I get to Auburn?
- Explore the other information in the timetable. Examples: platform number, whether the train is on time or late.
- Students look at real train timetables, online timetables or phone apps.

Task 7: Reading and writing

Answers			
1. must not	2. must not	3. must	4. must
5. must not	6. must not	7. must	8. must

TRANSPORT

Teacher notes

- Students can watch the video either before or after attempting the task.
- There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.
- The train rules are presented in a different font to the one used throughout the book. The lower-case a and g look different.

Extra ideas

- Students look at real train rules for the local train system. You can find these online or at the station.
- Explore other modal verbs and their meanings. Examples: can, can't, should, shouldn't, need to, don't need to.

Task 8: Vocabulary

Answers		
the city	the beach	the airport
the museum	the shopping centre	the cinema
the hotel	the zoo	the university

Teacher notes

- The video (Places around the city) can be shown either before or after students attempt the task.
- The city can also be called the CBD (central business cistrict).
- The shopping centre can also be called the mail
- The cinema can also be called the movies.

Extra ideas

- Students sight read the words before attempting the task.
- Say the words aloud in random order. Students listen and point to the pictures (or the words).
- Cut up the words and pictures. Students match them.
- Work on pronunciation: practise difficult sounds, identify the number of syllables, identify the stressed syllable.
- Explore other related vocat vlary. Examples: the hospital, the market, the art gallery.
- Students use the vords to write sentences. Example: In going to the city this week.

Task 9: Listening

nswers			
Monder			
Tuesday		and a second sec	
Wednesday	aught.	Aliana a	
Thursday			
Friday		87	adition o
Seturday			
Sunday	195	-1-	

 There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Extra ideas

• Turn it into a speaking task. Students describe Max's holiday.

Task 10: Speaking

Answers

How do I go to the museum?

You can catch a tram.

How long does it take?

It takes about 15 minutes.

How do I go to the cinema? You can walk.

How long does it take?

It takes about 10 minutes.

Teacher Notes

Do the task as both a writing and a speaking task.

Task 11: _istening

ALSWP:S

He can catch a train. 2. It takes about 20 minutes.

3. He can catch the X?/ bus 4. It takes about 30 minutes. Teacher notes

• There are two versions of the video: one with captions and one without captions. Use the video without captions to focus on listening skills.

Task 12: Feading and speaking

Teacher notes

• A full transcript of the Task 11 dialogue is presented. Students con role-play the scenario and read it aloud.

Extin inteas

- Focus on pronunciation: Lifficult sounds, linking, stress, intonation.
- Focus on useful words and phrases. Examples: Excuse me. Thanks. You're welcom
- Cut up the dialogue. Stude, 'ts put it in order.

Task 13: Speaking

Teacher notes

 Students use the property to create a dialogue similar to the one in Tosks 1¹ and 12.

Extra ideas

- Encourage students to use strategies to clarify information. Example: Can you repeat that, please?
- Stuaints write out the new dialogue.

ask : Speaking

Tearner notes

• St. dents use the template to create another dialogue. Students can choose a destination from the diagram.

Ex*.ra ideas

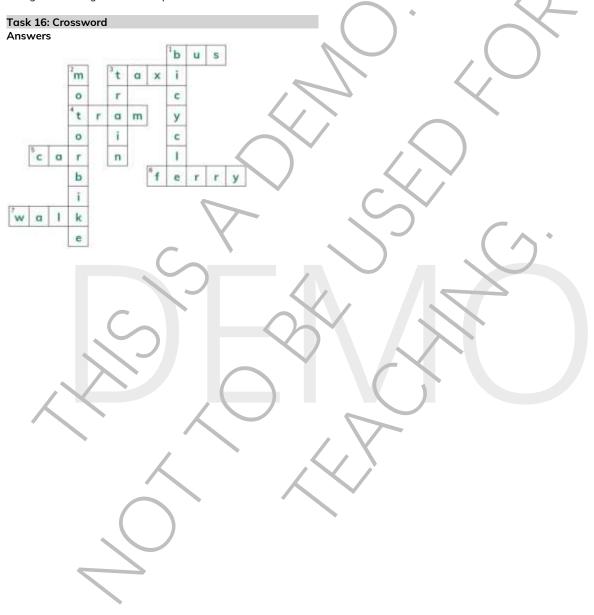
Students ask each other how to go to real places around town.

	Task 15: Time duration PART A		
	Answers		
	forty-five minutes	45 mins	
	five minutes	5 mins	
	thirty minutes	30 mins	
	one hour	1 hr	
	fifteen minutes	15 mins	
	one hour and fifteen minutes	1 hr 15 mins	
	twenty-five minutes	25 mins	
	two hours and thirty minutes	2 hrs 30 mins	
	PART B		
	Answers		
	one hour and twenty minutes	1 hr 20 mins	
	ten minutes	10 mins	
	fifty minutes	50 mins	
	three hours	3 hrs	
	forty minutes	40 mins	
	one hour and forty minutes	1 hr 40 mins	
	thirty-five minutes	35 mins	
	one hour and thirty minutes	1 hr 30 mins	

TRANSPORT

Teacher notes

- The videos may be shown either before or after students attempt the task.
- Thirty minutes can also be expressed as half an hour.
- Extra ideas
- Do a dictation task for extra practice. Read out some time durations. Students listen and write them down.
- Students use online timetables or phone apps to find out how long it takes to go to different places.



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